

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-K

- ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the fiscal year ended **November 30, 2024**
- OR
- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: **001-39494**



CONCENTRIX CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

27-1605762
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

39899 Balentine Drive, Suite 235, Newark, California
(Address of principal executive offices)

94560
(Zip Code)

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code): **(800) 747-0583**

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

<u>Title of each class</u>	<u>Trading Symbol(s)</u>	<u>Name of each exchange on which registered</u>
Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share	CNXC	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the Registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report.

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements.

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b).

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

The aggregate market value of the registrant's common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant was \$3,362,722,615, computed by reference to the closing sale price of the common stock on the Nasdaq Stock Market LLC on May 31, 2024, the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter.

As of January 17, 2025, there were 64,398,533 shares of common stock issued and outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Items 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 of Part III of this Annual Report on Form 10-K incorporate by reference portions of the Registrant's definitive proxy statement relating to its 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders (the "2025 Proxy Statement") where indicated. The 2025 Proxy Statement will be filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year to which this report relates.

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Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Unless otherwise indicated or except where the context otherwise requires, the terms “Concentrix,” “the Company,” “we,” “us” and “our” and other similar terms in this Annual Report on Form 10-K refer to Concentrix Corporation and its subsidiaries.

This Annual Report on Form 10-K includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”). Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding our expected future financial condition and growth, cash flows, results of operations, effective tax rate, leverage, liquidity, business strategy, competitive position, demand and market acceptance for our services and products portfolio, seasonality of our business, international operations, the potential benefits associated with use of the Company’s technology and services, acquisition opportunities and the anticipated impact of acquisitions, capital allocation and dividends, growth opportunities, spending, capital expenditures and investments, debt repayment, competition and market forecasts, industry trends, our human capital resources and sustainability initiatives, and statements that include words such as believe, expect, may, will, provide, could, should, and other similar expressions. These forward-looking statements are inherently uncertain and involve substantial risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such statements. Risks and uncertainties include, among other things: risks related to general economic conditions, including consumer demand, interest rates, inflation, supply chains, and the effects of the conflicts in Ukraine and Gaza; cyberattacks on our or our clients’ networks and information technology systems; uncertainty around, and disruption from, new and emerging technologies, including the adoption and utilization of artificial intelligence (“AI”) and generative AI; the failure of our staff and contractors to adhere to our and our clients’ controls and processes; the inability to protect personal and proprietary information; the effects of communicable diseases or other public health crises, natural disasters, and adverse weather conditions; geopolitical, economic and climate- or weather-related risks in regions with a significant concentration of our operations; the ability to successfully execute our strategy; competitive conditions in our industry and consolidation of our competitors; variability in demand by our clients or the early termination of our client contracts; the level of business activity of our clients and the market acceptance and performance of their products and services; the demand for end-to-end solutions and technology; damage to our reputation through the actions or inactions of third parties; changes in law, regulations or regulatory guidance; the operability of our communication services and information technology systems and networks; risks related to our ability to realize estimated cost savings, synergies, or other anticipated benefits of our combination with Webhelp within the expected timeframe; the loss of key personnel or the inability to attract and retain staff with the skills and expertise needed for our business; increases in the cost of labor; the inability to successfully identify, complete, and integrate strategic acquisitions or investments; higher than expected tax liabilities; currency exchange rate fluctuations; investigative or legal actions; and other risks that are described under “Risk Factors” in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. We do not intend to update forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof, unless otherwise required by law.

Concentrix, Webhelp, and all Concentrix company, product, and services word and design marks and slogans are trademarks or registered trademarks of Concentrix Corporation and its subsidiaries. Other names and marks are the property of their respective owners. All rights reserved.

Part I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

Our Company

We are a global technology and services leader that powers exceptional brand experiences and digital operations for more than 2,000 clients across the globe. We design, build, and run fully integrated, end-to-end solutions — including customer experience (“CX”) process optimization, technology innovation and design engineering, front- and back-office automation, analytics, and business transformation services — for clients in five primary industry verticals. Our solutions help our clients drive deep understanding, full lifecycle engagement, and differentiated customer experiences for their brands.

We strive to deliver exceptional services globally, supported by our deep industry knowledge, technology and security practices, talented people, and digital and analytics expertise. Our differentiated portfolio of solutions supports Fortune Global 500 and new economy companies across the globe in their efforts to deliver an optimized, consistent brand experience across all channels of communication, including voice, chat, email, generative AI (“GenAI”)-powered self-service, social media, asynchronous messaging, and other custom applications.

We offer our clients integrated solutions to support the entirety of their customer lifecycles, transform their businesses, and solve business challenges:

- CX and user experience (“UX”) strategy and design;
- digital operations, including B2B sales, performance marketing, customer loyalty, trust and safety, collections, and financial compliance;
- data analytics, enterprise intelligence, and actionable insights; and
- innovative new approaches to enhancing the customer experience through the latest technological advancements in our industry.

Through our end-to-end capabilities, we believe we deliver better economic outcomes for our clients with solutions designed to meet their unique needs as they navigate a landscape characterized by discerning consumers and new market entrants.

We have strong relationships with global brands and are a partner of choice for industry leaders, including more than 155 Fortune Global 500 clients as of November 30, 2024. We believe in deepening and broadening our support of clients over the long term to build enduring relationships, and we prioritize the pursuit of clients in verticals characterized by high growth, high transaction volume, high levels of compliance and security, and steep barriers to entry. Our average client tenure for our top 30 clients is more than 16 years. Our strategic verticals include technology and consumer electronics, retail, travel and e-commerce, banking, financial services and insurance, healthcare, communications and media, and other. Our clients include:

- 9 of the top 10 tech and consumer electronics companies
- 7 of the top 10 fintech companies
- 2 of the top 5 retail and e-commerce companies
- 8 of the top 10 European banks
- 6 of the top 10 U.S. banks
- 5 of the top 5 U.S. health insurance companies
- 3 of the top 5 global healthcare companies
- 8 of the top 10 global automotive companies

Through our technology-infused solutions, our clients benefit from having a single partner that can deliver integrated solutions at scale, enabling them to address the entirety of the customer journey, from acquisition to support to renewal. Our end-to-end capabilities and broad service offerings help our clients acquire, retain, and improve the lifetime value of their customer relationships while optimizing their back-office processes.

We combine global consistency with local expertise, enhancing the end user experience for our clients' customers through services rendered by a team of approximately 450,000 employees and staff, which we refer to as game-changers, across approximately 485 locations in 75 countries and six continents in the languages that are relevant to our clients and their customers.

Strategic Growth

We have a long history of growth through strategic acquisitions, including:

- Our September 2023 acquisition of the Webhelp business ("Webhelp"), a leading provider of CX solutions, including sales, marketing, and payment services, with significant operations and client relationships in Europe, Latin America, and Africa;
- Our July 2022 acquisition of ServiceSource International, Inc. ("ServiceSource"), a global outsourced go-to-market services provider that delivered business-to-business ("B2B") digital sales and customer success solutions;
- Our December 2021 acquisition of PK, a leading CX design engineering company that created pioneering experiences to accelerate digital outcomes for their clients' customers, partners and staff; and
- Our October 2018 acquisition of Convergys Corporation, a customer experience outsourcing company that added scale, diversified our revenue base, and expanded our service delivery capabilities.

Our strategic acquisitions have strengthened our position as a global technology and services leader by expanding our scale in the digital IT services market and creating one of the most robust, well-balanced global footprints in the industry. Our disciplined approach to growth has strengthened our value proposition for our clients by broadening our offering of artificial intelligence ("AI") solutions, digital capabilities, and high-value services.

We trace our roots to 2004 when SYNEX Corporation, now known as TD SYNEX Corporation ("TD SYNEX"), acquired BSA Sales, Inc., a company with 20 employees focused on helping clients through outsourced sales and marketing services. In 2006, TD SYNEX combined New York-based Concentrix with BSA Sales under the Concentrix name, with the goal of bringing technology and innovation into businesses to help clients reimagine and design the next generation of experiences. Concentrix Corporation was incorporated in Delaware in December 2009. In December 2020, Concentrix was separated from TD SYNEX through a tax-free distribution of all of the issued and outstanding shares of our common stock to TD SYNEX stockholders (such separation and distribution, the "spin-off"). As a result of the spin-off, we became an independent public company and our common stock commenced trading on the Nasdaq Stock Market ("Nasdaq") under the symbol "CNXC" on December 1, 2020.

Our Solutions and Technology

Through our strategy, talent, and technology, we are fully equipped to design, build, and run solutions that help our clients enhance their customers' experience and improve business performance. Our solutions encompass our core service offering of Customer Lifecycle Management, as well as complementary areas, including Strategy and Design, Data and Analytics, and Enterprise Technology. Through our integrated solutions offering, we assist our clients in acquiring, supporting and renewing customers, leveraging customer feedback and insights to constantly improve business performance, and identifying and implementing customer-facing and back-office process improvements. We help our clients by creating tools that their customers and employees love to use, enabling better customer interactions through real-time sentiment analysis, and integrating multiple customer interactions and touchpoints into one-stop smart mobile applications.

In September 2024, we announced the release of iX Hello™, the first commercially available product in our Intelligent Experience ("IX") suite of products. iX Hello is an enterprise-grade GenAI-powered self-service application that is designed to accelerate productivity across multiple business functions by enabling users to create customizable virtual assistants that can integrate with leading large language models as well as internal data sources.

iX Hello is capable of researching the latest online information, translating text in over 90 languages, analyzing files, images, and data, transcribing voice and meeting notes, and creating training materials, documentation, and reports, among other applications.

Customer Lifecycle Management. We deliver integrated solutions and services that address the entirety of the customer lifecycle, support business transformations, and solve business challenges. We offer our clients the means to acquire, support, and renew customers across all channels while minimizing attrition and increasing customer lifetime value. Our Customer Lifecycle Management solutions include services such as customer care, sales support, digital marketing, technical support, digital self-service, content moderation, creative design and content production, and back-office services. Customer Lifecycle Management represents our core service offering and a significant majority of the services we provide.

In addition to our Customer Lifecycle Management services, we also provide complementary services that are provided to clients as integrated solutions with our core service offering, including:

- **Strategy and Design.** We strive to help our clients reimagine what great is by using human-centered design and tech-enabled innovation to design next-generation solutions that exceed our clients' expectations. Our Strategy and Design solutions include business transformation consulting, digital experience design, and digital innovation. Through these services, we promote a more rapid integration of digital and enabling technologies, providing transformational business services to our clients.
- **Data and Analytics.** We use technology and innovative domain-specific solutions to assist our clients in maximizing the value of their data by evaluating and using enterprise data to drive business decisions and integrating the insights gained from the analysis of enterprise data into business processes. Our Data and Analytics services include data and analytics transformation, data engineering, advanced analytics, enterprise intelligence, operational insights, and voice of the customer ("VOC") solutions.
- **Enterprise Technology.** Utilizing our deep knowledge of our clients' businesses, industries, and enterprise technology, we partner with our clients to evaluate, adopt, and enhance their use of technology. Our game-changers: advise clients on their technology strategy and roadmap; develop personalized customer journey experiences; design, build, and run enterprise-wide applications, such as self-service AI bots; accelerate development cycles with quality assurance and testing services; and reinforce cybersecurity through managed security services.

Our Market Opportunity

Our clients must transform and continually evolve their systems in response to increased competition and to meet the demands of consumers and employees. To meet these growing demands, our clients are looking to large solutions and technology providers, such as Concentrix, to automate their systems and provide professional support to address complexities beyond the scope of automation. We are a leader in next-generation CX technology and a trusted partner to leading global brands, driven by a focus on innovation, which we believe will increase our total addressable market as we grow across new and existing markets.

We offer a unique combination of technology and services and deliver our solutions globally at scale. Our suite of integrated solutions include: digital transformation services that design and engineer CX solutions to enable efficient customer self-service and build customer loyalty; customer engagement solutions and services that address the entirety of the customer lifecycle; AI technology that can intelligently act on customer intent to improve customer experience with non-human engagement; self-service GenAI assistants that can be customized to fit a myriad of use cases from data analysis to language translations to internal chatbots; VOC solutions to gather and analyze customer feedback to foster loyalty to, and growth with, clients; analytics and consulting solutions that synthesize data and provide professional insight to improve clients' customer experience strategies; specialized support to specific industry verticals, including collections, know-your-customer, and financial crime and compliance; and back-office services that support clients in non-customer facing areas.

Industry Trends

- **Technological Innovation.** Emerging technology is driving change within our industry and shaping the demands of our clients. Advancements in areas such as digital services, GenAI, and machine learning

(“ML”) are further changing our markets and our clients’ markets while opening new avenues for growth and opportunities for us to better serve our clients. These technologies provide clients the opportunity to interact more effectively with their customers and employees and improve experiences by automating processes, optimizing customer journeys to reach faster solutions, enabling personalized engagement across multiple platforms, and focusing human engagement on the most complex interactions.

- **Importance of Customer Experience.** We believe customer experience is a strategic imperative for enterprises today. Data, analytics, and digital solutions have reshaped the ways enterprises interact with their customers and internal stakeholders. As a result, enterprises are modernizing how they manage the customer experience across all channels of communication. The market has evolved from customer relationship management solutions that act as a cost cutting measure toward end-to-end management solutions that create value throughout the entire customer lifecycle at an appropriate cost.
- **Empowered Consumers and Users.** Modern consumers are discerning and have come to expect a high level of care and responsiveness from their service providers. Old paradigms have shifted as increasingly competitive markets, easily accessible crowd-sourced information, and self-service GenAI solutions have empowered consumers to unprecedented levels. As consumers demand more and have an increasing number of alternatives, companies must differentiate on how they manage their customer relationships. This shift is driving the market toward consumer-centric solutions that reduce customer churn and promote brand loyalty.
- **Mission Critical Nature of Cybersecurity.** Technological innovation coupled with the proliferation of smart devices and mobile connectivity is generating sensitive data at scale. At the same time, the avenues for access have become numerous, and an increasing number of malicious actors are becoming more sophisticated and active. Data security is paramount in an environment where external intrusion, improper access, or carelessness can compromise customers and businesses. Businesses require scalable, industry-leading data protection and security to avoid reputational and operational risks in an environment characterized by the threats and benefits of free-flowing information.
- **Evolving Role of People.** The skill set required of customer-facing employees is shifting as enterprises continue to place increased importance on CX and automation of lower complexity contacts continues. Contacts in the voice and chat channels are increasingly complex and driving a trend of longer customer engagements, requiring individuals to have a more robust skill set. However, the transition of lower complexity support to online and self-support options, driven by heavy automation and the increased use of new technologies, reduces volumes in the voice channel. Despite growth in digital channels, we expect the human element will continue to be important in our industry, as focus shifts from routine service to “last-mile” support requiring human-touch to deliver a stronger customer experience. In our view, attracting and retaining skilled talent that can adapt to the evolving focus of customer engagements requires a diverse and inclusive workplace that supports staff wellness.
- **Enterprise Preferences Driving Vendor Consolidation.** Enterprises have become increasingly global. As their scope of business increases, enterprises require partners that can serve their needs by rapidly deploying solutions and new technology consistently across multiple geographies and channels. Enterprises therefore prefer vendors with scale and end-to-end capabilities and a deep knowledge of their business and industry that can be a one-stop shop and are consolidating existing relationships to vendors with scale to achieve their business objectives and pursue cost savings.
- **Market Fragmentation Driving Industry Consolidation.** We operate in a fragmented marketplace characterized by numerous vendors offering a variety of services across different levels of the value chain. Our competitive landscape of solutions providers includes core CX solutions, adjacent markets like consulting and design, business process services, and data and analytics, and digital IT services. Market share across this competitive landscape is highly dispersed with thousands of vendors participating in different portions of the market and no single provider or small number of providers holding a significant share of the total addressable market. As client preferences continue to evolve in line with enterprise preferences, we anticipate that the market will undergo further consolidation.

- **Legacy Solutions Have Many Limitations.** As executives look to successfully navigate digital transformation and manage their customers' experience across a wider variety of channels, unsophisticated providers and solutions often fail to meet customers' needs. Currently there is a limited set of providers with end-to-end, global offerings of scale in the marketplace. The fragmentation of the market and, for many industries, high regulatory hurdles create additional complexity as most providers are small, niche, or local players. These issues are compounded by a lack of sufficient investment in cybersecurity, creating exposure to regulatory, reputational, and operational risks. These pain points, coupled with the prevalence of providers offering legacy solutions that fail to address the demands of the modern consumer, create an opportunity for large-scale, global end-to-end solutions providers.

Our Competitive Strengths

We believe the following strengths differentiate us from our competitors and provide us with a competitive advantage:

- **Market Leader with a Differentiated Brand and Value Proposition:** We strive to have a compelling brand and reputation as a leading provider of solutions and technology that shape the customer experience. We have a differentiated combination of global scale, local reach, technological expertise, end-to-end solution capabilities and full lifecycle services, and we are also an industry leader in cybersecurity best practices. We are widely recognized as a leading provider of CX solutions and technology, garnering industry attention via 176 industry awards in fiscal year 2024. Third-party researchers have also taken note of our leading global practice with Everest Group Research distinguishing us as a leader for the 9th consecutive year in 2024, recognizing our GenAI platforms for improving CX and operational efficiency.
- **Strong Relationships with a Growing and Diversified Client Base:** We partner with more than 2,000 clients worldwide. Leading global companies, including more than 155 Fortune Global 500 brands, rely upon our solutions and technology. We serve a wide variety of clients, extending across numerous verticals. Our end-to-end capabilities and global scale have enabled us to build long-lasting relationships with our largest clients spanning more than 16 years on average. Our commitment to our clients is our primary focus and has generated numerous accolades to date, including 53 client awards in fiscal year 2024.
- **Extensive Global Presence:** We operate globally in 75 countries across six continents with the ability to conduct business in those locations in the languages that are relevant to our clients and their customers. We believe we are well-positioned to serve the largest global brands in nearly every market in which they operate. Our global footprint includes a strong presence in emerging markets such as India, Brazil, Egypt, Türkiye, China, South Africa, Vietnam, Indonesia and Thailand, which provides an opportunity to grow with our clients in these regions. Our ability to create value for our clients across a global delivery platform has enabled us to be a partner of choice.
- **Continued Investment in Technology:** We believe that our focus on innovation and our investment in technology enables us to maximize value for our clients and differentiates us from our competitors. We have provided technology-infused CX solutions for nearly two decades. We have been at the forefront of developing CX solutions and technology that improve the customer experience and will continue to strive for this in the future. We have been a leader in our industry in advancements such as conversational virtual assistants, multichannel and augmented CRM, predictive analytics, emotion analytics, cognitive learning, AI, and GenAI and enjoy a first mover advantage. In September 2024, we introduced our iX suite of technology with the release of iX Hello, a GenAI-powered platform for creating virtual assistants. By proactively introducing technological innovation to our clients, we deepen our relations and are often rewarded with opportunities to expand our engagements and secure additional sources of revenue.

Despite our focus on investing in technology, due to our size, scale, and the regular implementation of our technology-infused solutions, historically, our costs of developing, maintaining, and integrating new technologies were not material on a stand-alone basis. In fiscal year 2024, we increased our investment in technology to approximately 1% of revenue, including expenses related to the development of our new iX suite of technology, as well as pilot programs for clients related to the use of GenAI. We expect this level of investment will decrease over time.

- **Corporate Culture Committed to Our Clients' Success:** Our unified team allows us to deliver consistent and exceptional results. As of November 30, 2024, our team consisted of approximately 450,000 game-changers globally. We enjoy high staff engagement because of a strong company culture that champions our people and is committed to creating game-changing brand experiences for our clients and their customers. We promote integrity and collaboration, strive for diversity and inclusion in the workplace, and emphasize the wellness and mental health of our game-changers. We believe this supportive environment reinforces the commitment of our team, empowers our game-changers to make an impact on our global community, and drives better customer experiences and improved outcomes for our clients.
- **Demonstrated History of Strategic Acquisitions:** We have acquired and integrated more than 20 companies since our inception. We have a demonstrated ability to complete scale acquisitions, as well as revive underutilized assets and maximize their value, which we believe allows us to explore a broader scope of opportunities than our peers. In fiscal year 2023, we completed our combination with Webhelp, which significantly expanded our geographic footprint in Europe, Latin America, and Africa, and expanded the breadth and global reach of our higher-value services and digital capabilities. In fiscal year 2022, we acquired PK, which expanded our scale in the digital IT services market and supported our growth strategy of investing in digital transformation to deliver exceptional customer experiences, and ServiceSource, which complemented our B2B digital sales and customer success solutions.
- **Experienced Management Team:** Our passionate and committed management team with a deep understanding of our clients' needs and significant experience in our industry, with our senior leadership team having an average of more than 30 years of experience. Through our acquisitions we have benefited from the addition of management talent, who have contributed valuable new perspectives and insights. Under our tenured management team, we have grown our revenue from \$1.1 billion in fiscal year 2014 to \$9.6 billion in fiscal year 2024, while delivering strong profitability.

Our Growth Strategy

The key elements to our growth strategy are:

- **Expand and Deepen Relationships with Existing Clients:** We have a well-established track record of cross-selling and offering additional solutions and premium services to sustain and grow our relationships with our existing clients. We believe our global offerings and scale, efficiency, and technology generates incremental value for our clients with each process we manage, naturally driving our customers to spend more with us. Our focus on technological innovation, our deep understanding of our clients' businesses, and our responsiveness to our clients' needs position us for continued growth with our clients beyond traditional CX support.
- **Relentlessly Innovate and Develop Technology Services and Solutions:** We have developed innovative solutions for our clients, and we are focused on investing in technology. Investment in technology and digital transformation can enable more effective engagement with customers and improve the customer and user experience through increased automation, optimize customer journeys to reach faster solutions, enable personalized engagement across multiple platforms, and focus human engagement on the most complex interactions. For these reasons, we believe investments in disruptive technologies, applications, and services, including GenAI, will continue to be instrumental in driving better value for our clients and, over time, result in increased profitability.
- **Further Expand into Adjacent Markets:** Our marketplace continues to expand, and we see significant opportunity for growth across adjacent markets. We believe we are a unique global provider of technology and services that can power our clients' brand experiences and digital operations at scale. We expect to continue to provide our clients with a fully integrated offering that includes strategy and design, data and analytics, and enterprise technology. We have strengthened our presence in adjacent markets through recent acquisitions, including PK in fiscal year 2022 and Webhelp in fiscal year 2023, and through significant investments across emerging technologies, including the launch of our iX suite of AI and GenAI products in 2024. As our industry evolves, we will continue to invest in new technologies and faster growing markets to further sustain long-term growth.

- **Selectively Pursue Strategic Acquisitions:** We have made targeted acquisitions to increase our technology expertise, enter new verticals and geographies, and increase our scale, including our acquisitions of the IBM Customer Care Business, Convergys Corporation, PK, ServiceSource, and Webhelp. Our market remains highly fragmented and we believe that our acquisition strategy enhances and augments our growth avenues. We intend to continue to evaluate and pursue complementary, value enhancing acquisitions.
- **Invest in Emerging Markets:** We have invested in delivery operations in emerging, high-growth markets such as India, Brazil, Egypt Türkiye, China, South Africa, Vietnam, Indonesia, and Thailand. We expect to continue to strategically invest in similar markets to be well-positioned to grow with our clients in the regions and countries where they are growing and cost-effectively serve global brands in multiple time zones.

Our Clients

In fiscal year 2024, we served more than 2,000 clients across various verticals and geographies. Our strategic verticals include: technology and consumer electronics; retail, travel and e-commerce; banking; financial services and insurance; healthcare; communications and media; and other. We focus on developing long-term, strategic relationships with clients in verticals with certain characteristics, such as high growth, high transaction volume, high levels of compliance and security, and steep barriers to entry.

Sales and Marketing

We market our services through a sales force organized by industry vertical and geography. Our efforts may begin in response to our lead generation program, a perceived opportunity, a reference by an existing client, a request for proposal or otherwise. The length of our sales cycle varies depending on the type of services work as well as whether there is an existing relationship with the client.

We have designated client partners or global relationship managers for each of our strategic relationships. The relationship manager is supported by process improvement, quality, transition, finance, human resources, information technology, and industry or subject matter expert teams to ensure we are offering our best possible solution to clients.

We strive to foster relationships between our senior leadership team and our clients' senior management. These "C-level" relationships ensure that both parties are focused on establishing priorities, aligning objectives, and driving client value from the top down. High-level executive relationships have been particularly constructive as a means of increasing business from our existing clients. It also provides us with a forum for addressing client concerns. We constantly measure our client satisfaction levels to ensure that we maintain high service levels for each client.

Our Operations

We have global delivery capabilities that allow us to scale our operations with people, technology, and other resources from around the world, including language fluency, proximity to clients, and time-zone advantages. A critical component of this capability is our approximately 485 locations in 75 countries across six continents. Our service delivery centers improve the efficiency of our engagement teams through the reuse of processes, solution designs, and infrastructure by leveraging the experience of delivery center professionals. Services are provided from these global locations to customers worldwide in multiple languages. These services are supported by proprietary and third-party technologies to enable efficient and secure contacts through various channels including voice, chat, web, email, social media and other digital platforms, including automated bots, RPA, AI and GenAI.

Our delivery and data centers are subject to annual certifications and attestation audits that include Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS) version 4.0.1, ISO 27001:2022, ISO 22301:2019, and SOC 2 Type II. Our risk-based independent assurance requirements, as well as client requirements, help define the scope of these certification and attestation audits. Twenty-eight of our delivery centers around the world are certified to the COPC (Customer Operation Performance Center) Outsource Service Provider standard. For our healthcare clients, we have achieved HITRUST Common Security Framework (CSF) 11.2.0 certification. We also maintain a Level 3 CMMI version 1.3 certification for services and development for our major technology development centers globally. For IT service management (ITIL standard), we have more than 100 delivery centers that are ISO/IEC 20000-1:2018 certified.

We operate a globally distributed data processing environment that can seamlessly connect and integrate our service delivery centers with our data centers and points of presence with multiple resilient circuits. Our technologically advanced and secured data centers provide availability 24 hours a day, 365 days a year, with redundant equipment, power and communication feeds and emergency power back-up, and are designed to withstand most natural disasters. We maintain a 24x7 security monitoring and alert function to guard against and respond to the threat of malicious actors.

We also have the capability to provide services for our clients through our utilization of remote staff. We support secure remote work environments through digital tools and technology that authenticate the remote advisor, restrict unauthorized personnel and devices, and alert of attempts to circumvent control. More than 20% of our global team currently works remotely.

The capacity of our data center and service delivery center operations, our nimble approach to remote staff, and the scalability of our customer management solutions enable us to meet the dynamic and challenging needs of large-scale and rapidly growing companies. By leveraging our scale and efficiencies across our common system platforms, we can provide rapid client-specific enhancements and modifications at competitive costs, which positions us as a value-added provider of technology and services.

International Operations

In fiscal year 2024, approximately 88% of our revenue was generated by our non-U.S. operations. A key element in our business strategy has been to locate our service delivery centers in markets that are strategic to our client requirements and cost beneficial. We have operations in 75 countries across six continents, with a significant presence in the Philippines and India.

Sales and cost concentrations in international jurisdictions subject us to various risks, including the impact of changes in the value of foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar, which in turn can impact reported revenue and cost of revenue.

See Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for additional financial information related to our international and domestic operations.

Seasonality

Our revenue and margins fluctuate with the underlying trends in our clients' businesses. As a result, our revenue and margins are typically the highest in our fourth fiscal quarter. However, our results in a particular year may vary based on client transaction volume and macroeconomic factors.

Information Technology

We invest in information technology systems, infrastructure, automation and security to enhance workforce management and enhance productivity. Our delivery centers employ a broad range of technology, including advanced network and computing platforms, digital switching, intelligent call routing and tracking, proprietary workforce management systems, case management tools, computer telephony integration, interactive voice response and advanced speech recognition, with multiple layers of embedded security. Our innovative use of technology, including automation, GenAI, and AI, enables us to improve our voice, chat, web and e-mail handling and personnel scheduling, thereby increasing our efficiency and enhancing the quality of the services we deliver to our clients and their customers. We are able to dynamically scale to respond to changes in our clients' business volumes. Additionally, we use technology to analyze information and trends from our clients' customer interactions to support quality of service and improve the customer journey and experience. See Item 1C. Cybersecurity for a discussion of our cybersecurity program.

Competition

Our major competitors include core CX solutions competitors, including Foundever Group, TaskUs Inc., Teleperformance S.A., TELUS International, and TTEC Holdings, Inc., other CX solutions competitors that primarily provide complementary services such as consulting and design, IT services, business process services, and data and analytics, including Accenture plc, Capgemini SE, Cognizant Technology Solutions Corporation, ExlService Holdings, Inc., Genpact Limited, HCL Technologies Limited, Infosys Limited, Tata Consultancy

Services, and WNS (Holdings) Limited, and digital IT services competitors, including Endava UK Ltd., EPAM Systems, Inc., Globant S.A., and Thoughtworks Holding, Inc.

In the future, we may face greater competition due to the consolidation of solutions providers. Consolidation activity may result in competitors with greater scale, a broader footprint, or more attractive pricing than ours. In addition, a client or potential client may choose not to outsource its business, by setting up captive outsourcing operations or performing formerly outsourced services for themselves, or may switch CX solutions providers.

Human Capital Resources

We are committed to fostering a diverse and inclusive workplace that attracts and retains exceptional talent. Through ongoing staff development, comprehensive compensation and benefits, and a focus on health, safety and staff wellbeing, we strive to help our team in all aspects of their lives so they can do their best work.

As of November 30, 2024, we had approximately 450,000 full-time game-changers, of which approximately 90,000 were based in the Americas, approximately 235,000 were based in Asia-Pacific, and approximately 125,000 were based in EMEA. Except for a small portion of our team in certain countries, generally required by local regulations or brought in through acquisitions, our staff are not represented by labor unions, nor are they covered by collective bargaining agreements.

Diversity, Equity, Inclusion and Belonging

A diverse team, including across backgrounds, genders and gender identities, ethnicities, sexual orientations, and lived experiences, is critical to our success and contributes to a work environment that promotes innovation in our pursuit of game-changing experiences for our clients. We strive to create an inclusive workplace where people can bring their authentic selves to work. Our game-changers are encouraged to leverage their personal strengths and experiences to continually innovate and contribute to the development of new ideas and process improvements that drive better customer experiences and improved outcomes for our clients. Our commitment to these principles is set out in our Human Rights Policy, our Diversity, Equity, Inclusion and Belonging Policy, and our Code of Ethical Business Conduct, which require all of our game-changers to adhere to our dedication to an inclusive work environment that fosters respect for all of our team members.

Our commitment to diversity and inclusion starts with our highly skilled and diverse board of directors and senior leadership team. Half of the members of our board of directors and more than 40% of our senior leadership team are women, and 20% of our board members are ethnic minorities. Our team also supports nine staff resource groups, including LGBTQ+, persons with disabilities, women, women in tech, military veterans, and black professionals, to promote a diverse and inclusive workplace. Our Chief Executive Officer, Chris Caldwell, has been named one of the best CEOs for Women and one of the best CEOs for Diversity multiple times by Comparably, a workplace culture and compensation website, and in 2024, Comparably recognized Concentrix management as one of the top leadership teams.

Pay Equity and Total Rewards

People should be paid for what they do and how they do it, regardless of their gender, race, or other characteristics. To deliver on that commitment, we benchmark and set pay ranges based on market data and consider factors such as a game-changer's role and experience, the location of their job, and their performance. We also review our compensation practices, both in terms of our overall workforce and individual game-changers, to ensure our pay is fair and equitable. We have reviewed the compensation of our game-changers to ensure consistent pay practices by conducting a gender pay equity analysis comparing staff in the same role within a country or location.

We require a uniquely talented workforce and are committed to providing total rewards that are market-competitive and performance based, driving innovation and operational excellence. Our compensation programs, practices, and policies reflect our commitment to reward short- and long-term performance that aligns with and drives long-term stockholder value. Total direct compensation is generally positioned within a competitive range of the market median, with differentiation based on tenure, skills, proficiency, and performance to attract and retain key talent.

Game-Changer Engagement

We pride ourselves on championing our people. Our company culture emphasizes the satisfaction and well-being of our game-changers and a diverse, engaged team. We regularly solicit the opinion and views of our game-changers through a staff satisfaction survey, the results of which inform key initiatives to support engagement and foster retention. The global participation rate for our most recent staff satisfaction survey in 2024 was approximately 84.0%, and our overall positive engagement rating (game-changers that gave a satisfaction score of 4 or 5) was approximately 79.4%. In 2024, we were honored with the number one spot on the Inspiring Workplaces Group's Global Top 100 Inspiring Workplaces, which recognizes the most forward-thinking and people-first organizations in the world.

Training and Development

Human capital development underpins our efforts to execute our strategy and continue to deliver exceptional services globally. We invest in staff career growth and provide game-changers with a wide range of development opportunities, including face-to-face, virtual, social and self-directed learning, mentoring, coaching, and external development. Front-line staff receive continual feedback and reinforcement from supervisors who provide coaching, often in real time, so that staff can more readily apply their training to assist our clients and their customers. In addition, our game-changers have access to more than 43,000 online courses and 1,080 learning paths through Concentrix University, our virtual learning platform, to develop skills specific to their current roles and promote ongoing career growth.

Health, Safety and Wellness

The physical health, financial stability, life balance, and mental health of our team is vital to our success. We sponsor a wellness program designed to enhance physical, financial, and mental well-being for all of our game-changers. Throughout the year, we encourage healthy behaviors through regular communications, educational sessions, voluntary progress tracking, wellness challenges, and other incentives. We also provide access to Modern Health, a mental health and wellness benefit that offers one-on-one coaching, therapy, live and on-demand group sessions, meditations and programs, and other resources to our game-changers and their dependents. We take an integrated approach to helping our staff manage their work and personal responsibilities, with a strong focus on mental health.

Sustainability

We have a responsibility to improve the lives of our people and the health of our planet. Since we became a public company, we have maintained an Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") program with direction and oversight from our board of directors. Following our combination with Webhelp, our updated ESG program seeks to use our global reach and the strength of our team of approximately 450,000 game-changers to create significant and sustainable improvements in five impact areas:

- **Our Planet:** We are contributing toward a more sustainable planet by reducing our impact and by protecting and restoring the planet as we progress toward our goal of becoming net zero by 2050;
- **Our Game-changers:** We elevate our game-changers' experience by developing an inclusive and supportive workplace that prioritizes people's wellbeing, personal growth, diversity, equity, inclusion and belonging;
- **Building Trust:** We build and foster trust by acting with integrity in everything we do. Always.
- **Innovation and Tech:** We promote innovation and tech for good and drive positive change through creative solutions that address societal and environmental challenges; and
- **Our Communities:** We empower and give back to our communities by strengthening and building resilient communities everywhere we operate, and by supporting the causes our game-changers are most passionate about.

We publish an annual Sustainability Report that outlines our long-term ESG goals and how these commitments align with the Sustainable Development Goals established by the United Nations, and updates stakeholders on our progress toward these goals.

Available Information

Our website is www.concentrix.com. We make available free of charge, on or through our website, our Annual Report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports, if any, or other filings filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, as soon as reasonably practicable after electronically filing or furnishing these reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”). Our Sustainability Report is also available on our website. Information contained on our website is not a part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The SEC maintains a website at www.sec.gov that contains our Annual Report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports, if any, or other filings filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, and our proxy and information statements.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

This section discusses the most significant factors that could affect our business, results of operations and financial condition. You should carefully consider the following risks and the other information contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K in evaluating our company and our common stock. If any of the risks discussed below occur, our business, financial condition, results of operations, or liquidity could be materially adversely affected and, as a result, the trading price of our common stock could decline. The risks described below are not the only ones we face. Additional risks not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also harm our business, results of operations, or financial condition.

We have grouped these risk factors into three categories:

- risks related to our business and the industry in which we operate;*
- risks related to our capital structure; and*
- risks related to ownership of our common stock.*

Risks Related to Our Business and Industry

Historically, our revenue and operating results have fluctuated and we anticipate that in the future they will continue to fluctuate, which could adversely affect the enterprise value of our Company and the trading value of our common stock.

Our operating results have fluctuated and will fluctuate in the future as a result of many factors, including:

- global macroeconomic conditions, including: economic slowdowns or recessions, consumer demand, interest rate and currency rate fluctuations, inflation and supply chain disruptions; public health crises, political or social unrest, and military conflicts, including the conflicts in Ukraine and Gaza, and their impact on the global economy; international trade negotiations, such as between the U.S. and China and between China and India; U.S. federal government budget disruptions; and market volatility, including as a result of political leadership in certain countries;
- the level of business activity of our clients, which in turn is affected by the level of economic activity in the industries and markets that they serve and the market acceptance and performance of their products and services;
- the demand for the end-to-end solutions, technology, and services we provide, as well as other competitive conditions in our industry; and
- the impact of the business acquisitions and dispositions we make, as well as consolidation of our competitors or clients.

Although we attempt to control our expense levels, our expenses are based, in part, on anticipated revenue. We may be unable to reduce spending in a timely manner to compensate for an unexpected decrease in revenue. Our future operating results may be below our expectations or those of our public market analysts or investors, which would likely cause the trading price of our common stock to decline.

Cyberattacks or the improper disclosure or control of personal or confidential information could result in liability and harm our reputation, which could adversely affect our business.

Our business is heavily dependent upon information technology networks and systems. Internal or external attacks on our networks and systems or those of our clients or vendors, including through phishing, password attacks, and ransomware, other malware, or the increased use of emerging AI technologies, could significantly disrupt our operations and impede our ability to provide critical solutions and services to our clients and their customers, subjecting us to liability under our contracts and damaging our reputation. Cybercriminals, including those supported by nation states, political activists, and organized crime, are well organized and increasingly sophisticated, and we expect they will continue to seek out and attempt to exploit vulnerabilities in our and our clients' networks and systems.

We represent our clients in certain critical operations of their business processes such as sales, marketing, and customer support and manage large volumes of customer information and confidential data. As a result, our business involves the use, storage, and transmission of information about not only our staff, but also our clients and the customers of our clients. While we take measures to protect the security of, and prevent unauthorized access to, our networks and systems and personal and proprietary information, the security controls for our networks and systems, as well as other security practices we follow, may not prevent improper access to, or disclosure of, personally identifiable or proprietary information. If we fail to adhere to or successfully implement effective internal controls and other processes, technology, and training to protect our networks and systems and the information that we store, our clients experience disruptions in their systems or operations, or the confidentiality of data is compromised by a malicious actor, our client relationships may suffer, and we may face negative publicity, significant remediation costs, and possible legal or regulatory action.

Any failure in protecting networks, systems or information could result in legal liability, monetary penalties, or impairment to our reputation in the marketplace, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

When our staff or contractors fail to adhere to the controls and processes we and our clients have established, we may be subject to financial liability or our client relationships or reputation may suffer.

We depend on our staff and contractors to deliver our services to our clients and adhere to the controls and processes we and our clients have established. Although we believe our controls are effective and we require all staff to be trained in their responsibilities under our Code of Ethical Business Conduct, with a team of approximately 450,000, we cannot prevent all misconduct. When any of our staff or contractors negligently disregards or intentionally breaches our or our client's established controls or processes, whether acting alone or in collusion with other internal or external parties, we could be subject to monetary damages, fines, or criminal prosecution. Unauthorized disclosure of sensitive or confidential information of our clients or our clients' customers or financial loss by our clients or our clients' customers as a result of our staff's negligence, fraud, misappropriation, or unauthorized access to or through our information systems or those we develop for clients could result in negative publicity, loss of clients, legal liability, and damage to our reputation, business, results of operations, and financial condition.

Uncertainty around, and disruption from, new and emerging technologies, including the increased adoption and utilization of GenAI, may result in risks and challenges that could impact our business.

We have and will continue to utilize new and emerging technologies, including AI and GenAI, in our solutions and services. As with many innovations, AI and GenAI present risks and challenges that could significantly disrupt our business model. As these technologies evolve, some lower complexity services currently performed by our game-changers may be replaced by tools deployed by clients. If we do not execute on our technology strategy effectively, including with respect to AI and GenAI, this could result in loss of revenue and reduced margins.

Our success depends, in part, on our ability to continue to acquire, develop, and implement solutions that meet the evolving needs of our clients. The rapid evolution of AI and GenAI technologies requires us to expend resources to develop, test, and implement solutions that utilize AI and GenAI effectively, which has and may continue to lead us to incur significant expense to maintain a competitive advantage within the industry. We will also be required to attract, motivate, and retain top professionals with the skills necessary to execute our strategy relating to AI, GenAI and other emerging technologies. If we do not employ new technologies, including AI and GenAI, as quickly or efficiently as our competitors, if our competitors develop more cost-effective or client-preferred technologies, it could have a material adverse effect on our ability to win and retain business from clients, which would adversely affect our business.

As we expand our services, products, and solutions into new areas, we may be exposed to operational, legal, regulatory, ethical, technological and other risks specific to such new areas, which may negatively affect our reputation and demand for our services and solutions. The regulatory landscape surrounding AI and GenAI technologies is evolving, and the ways in which these technologies will be regulated by governmental authorities, self-regulatory institutions, or other regulatory authorities remains uncertain and may be inconsistent from jurisdiction to jurisdiction. Several jurisdictions in which we operate are considering or have proposed or enacted legislation and policies regulating AI and non-personal data, such as the European Union's AI Act and the U.S.'s

Executive Order on AI. Such regulations may result in significant operational costs to modify, maintain, or align our business practices, or constrain our ability to develop, deploy, or maintain these technologies.

Our industry is subject to intense competition and dynamic changes in business model, which in turn could cause our operations to suffer.

The CX solutions industry and other adjacent markets we operate in are highly competitive, highly fragmented, and subject to rapid change. We believe that the principal competitive factors in the markets in which we operate are breadth and depth of process and domain expertise, service quality, ability to tailor specific solutions to the needs of clients and their customers, the ability to attract, train, and retain qualified staff, cybersecurity infrastructure, compliance rigor, global delivery capabilities, pricing, and marketing and sales capabilities. We compete for business with a variety of companies, including in-house operations of existing and potential clients. If our clients place more focus in this area or utilize new or emerging technologies to internalize these operations, the size of the available market for third-party service providers like us could reduce significantly. Similarly, if competitors offer their services at lower prices to gain market share or provide services that gain greater market acceptance than the services we offer or develop, the demand for our services may decrease. Specialized providers or new entrants can enter markets by developing new products, systems, or services that could impact our business. The opportunity for new entrants in our industry may expand as digital engagement and offerings increase in importance. New competitors, new strategies by existing competitors or clients, and consolidation among clients or competitors could result in significant market share gain by our competitors, which could have an adverse effect on our revenue.

Some emerging technologies, including AI, GenAI, RPA, ML, VOC, IVR, and IoT, may cause an adverse shift in the way certain of our existing business operations are conducted, including by replacing or supplementing human contacts with automated or self-service options, or by decreasing the size of the available market. We may be unsuccessful at anticipating or responding to new developments on a timely and cost-effective basis, and our use of technology may differ from accepted practices in the marketplace. Certain of our solutions may require lengthy and complex implementations that can be subject to changing client preferences and continuing changes in technology, which can increase costs or adversely affect our business.

Economic downturns, geopolitical tensions, communicable diseases or any other public health crises, and natural disasters could adversely affect our business, results of operations, and financial condition.

We could be negatively impacted by factors that are outside of our control, including economic downturns, geopolitical tensions, the widespread outbreak of communicable diseases or other public health crises, and natural disasters. General global economic downturns and macroeconomic trends, including heightened inflation, capital market volatility, interest rate and currency rate fluctuations, and an economic slowdown or recession, may result in unfavorable conditions that could negatively affect our clients' businesses, and, as a result, impact demand for our products and services and our potential for growth. An economic slowdown or recession may also negatively impact the wellbeing of our game-changers and increase the risk of staff misconduct or fraud. Geopolitical tensions and acts of violence or war or other international conflicts may also negatively impact the global financial markets and could lead to or exacerbate an economic slowdown or recession. Even if we do not have operations in countries where such conflicts are taking place, the effect on supply chains, the demand for our clients' products and services or other broader impacts of the conflict could result in a decline in our revenue, supply shortages or delays, particularly of technological equipment, and increased costs.

Outbreaks of communicable diseases, including variants of COVID-19, may negatively affect our operational and financial performance, including our ability to execute our business strategies and initiatives in the expected time frame. The extent of such future impact is unknown and would depend on many factors, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted.

We also have substantial operations in countries, most notably the Philippines, India, Brazil, Egypt, Türkiye, and Colombia that have experienced severe natural events, such as typhoons, mudslides, droughts, wildfires, earthquakes, and floods, in the recent past. Any natural disaster or extreme weather event in a region where we have operations could severely disrupt the lives of our game-changers and lead to service interruptions, increase our operating costs, or reduce the quality level of services that we are able to provide. Weather patterns are becoming more volatile, and extreme weather events may become more frequent or widespread as a result of the effects of

climate change. Our business continuity, crisis management, and disaster recovery plans and our business interruption insurance may not provide sufficient recovery to compensate for losses that we may incur.

An extended disruption to the global economy or business operations caused by global macroeconomic trends, geopolitical tensions or war, communicable diseases or other public health crises, natural disasters, or a regional disruption in an area in which we have significant operations, could materially affect our business, our results of operations, our access to sources of liquidity, the carrying value of our goodwill and intangible assets, and our financial condition.

Our delivery center activities are located around the world, which may expose us to business risks and disrupt our operations.

Our operations are based on a global delivery model with client services provided from delivery centers in 75 countries, with a significant concentration of our workforce located in the Philippines, India, Brazil, Egypt, Türkiye, Colombia, Malaysia, Morocco, China, and the United Kingdom. A significant geopolitical event in any of the countries in which we operate could disrupt our operations and expose us to risk. Operating globally subjects us to risks in the countries in which we do business, which may include political and economic instability, armed conflicts, domestic or foreign terrorism, foreign currency volatility, the time and expense required to comply with different laws and regulations, challenges with hiring and retaining adequate staff, inflation, longer payment cycles or difficulties in collecting accounts receivable, and seasonal reductions in business activity.

Socio-economic situations that are specific to the Philippines, India, Brazil, Egypt, Türkiye, Colombia, Malaysia, Morocco, China, and the United Kingdom can severely disrupt our operations and impact our ability to fulfill our contractual obligations to our clients. If these countries experience natural disasters, extreme weather events or political unrest, our staff's ability to work may be disrupted, our IT and communication infrastructure may be at risk and the client processes that we manage may be adversely affected. We may also continue to expand our operations internationally to respond to competitive pressure and client and market requirements, which could increase these risks. If we are unable to manage the risks associated with our international operations and expanding such operations, our business could be adversely affected, and our revenue and earnings could decrease.

The inability to successfully execute on our strategy and deliver value for our clients could harm our client relationships and reputation, which in turn could adversely affect our revenue and our results of operations.

Our strategy focuses on being a leading global technology and services provider that powers our clients' brand experiences and digital operations. Our success depends, in part, on our ability to continue to acquire, develop, and implement products, services, and solutions that anticipate and respond to rapid and continuing changes in technology and offerings to serve the evolving needs of our clients and their customers. We continue to invest in technology and in our digital capabilities to pursue this strategy. If we are unable to successfully deliver to our clients the differentiated combination of solutions, products, and services that we believe we offer, or our solutions do not achieve the desired outcomes, our client relationships and reputation may suffer, which could result in a loss of business with existing clients and hinder our ability to engage new clients. We may also incur significant expenses in an effort to keep pace with clients' preferences for technology or to gain a competitive advantage through technological expertise or new technologies. If we cannot offer new technologies as quickly or efficiently as our competitors, our competitors develop more cost-effective or client-preferred technologies, or market acceptance and adoption of our technologies is less than anticipated, it could have a material adverse effect on our ability to obtain and complete client engagements, which could adversely affect our business.

We are subject to uncertainties and rapid variability in demand by our clients, and our client contracts include provisions such as termination for convenience, which could cause fluctuations in our revenue and adversely affect our operating results.

Our revenue depends, in large part, on the volumes, geographic locations, and types of services demanded. The demand for our services can be affected by events outside of our control, including consolidation among our clients, changing marketplace trends, financial challenges faced by our clients, and fluctuations in the use of our clients' products and services. Our solutions can also be provided in different geographies and through different service channels. While we have the capability to provide multi-channel services in countries across the globe, changes in the types of services utilized and the geographic locations where the services are provided can impact our revenue and profitability. There can be no assurance that the current demand for our services will continue or grow, that

organizations will not elect to perform such services in-house, or that clients will not elect to move services to lower-cost or lower-margin geographies or customer contact channels.

Our client contracts typically include provisions that, if triggered, could impact our profitability. For example, many of our contracts may be terminated with limited notice for any reason and, to the extent our clients terminate these contracts, we could experience unexpected fluctuations in our revenue and operating results from period to period. Additionally, some contracts have performance-related bonus or penalty provisions, whereby we receive a bonus if we satisfy certain performance levels or pay a penalty for failing to do so. Such performance-related conditions are based on metrics that measure customer satisfaction and the quality, quantity, and efficiency of our handling of the client's customer interactions across multiple channels. Generally, performance-related bonus or penalty provisions account for less than 1% of our annual revenue in the aggregate. However, whether we receive a bonus or are required to pay a penalty varies with our performance and may cause fluctuations in our financial results. In addition, our clients may not guarantee a minimum volume; however, we hire staff based on anticipated volumes.

If we fail to anticipate volumes correctly, our operations and financial results may suffer. A reduction of volumes, loss of clients, payment of penalties, failure to receive performance-related bonuses, or inability to terminate any unprofitable contracts could have an adverse impact on our results of operations and financial condition.

We depend on a limited number of clients for a significant portion of our revenue, and the loss of business from one or more of these clients could adversely affect our results of operations.

Our five largest clients collectively represented approximately 18% of our revenue in fiscal year 2024. This client concentration increases the risk of quarterly fluctuations in our operating results, depending on the seasonal pattern of our top clients' businesses. In addition, our top clients could make greater demands on us with regard to pricing and contractual terms in general.

At any given time, we typically have multiple master service agreements or statements of work with our largest clients. Clients may have the right to terminate such agreements for convenience or may have risk tolerances that limit how much business they retain with a single service provider. While we do not expect all master service agreements and statements of work to terminate at the same time, the loss of significant agreements with one of our largest clients could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition if the lost revenue is not replaced with profitable revenue from that client or other clients.

We often carry significant accounts receivable balances from a limited number of clients that generate a large portion of our revenue. For example, approximately 21% of our accounts receivable balance as of November 30, 2024 was attributable to five clients. A client may become unable or unwilling to timely pay its balance due to a general economic slowdown, economic weakness in its industry, or the financial insolvency of its business. While we closely monitor our accounts receivable balances, a client's financial inability or unwillingness, for any reason, to pay a large accounts receivable balance or many clients' inability or unwillingness to pay accounts receivable balances that are large in the aggregate would adversely impact our income and cash flow.

Our operations, reputation, and results of operations may be damaged through the actions, inactions, or vulnerabilities of third parties.

We depend on a variety of third parties to enable us to deliver services to our clients, including communications services providers, information technology systems and network providers, electric and other utility providers, transportation providers, and recruiting firms. Although we believe we have a rigorous procurement process to evaluate our vendors and service providers, we depend on these third parties to maintain the confidentiality, availability, and integrity of the products and services they provide. These third parties can damage our reputation or cause financial loss through cybersecurity or data privacy breaches, inadequate information technology infrastructure, insufficient or defective updates to software, non-conformance to servicing standards, or financial distress that disrupts business operations.

Moreover, with a significant reliance on remote staff, we depend on the communications and other service providers necessary for our staff to perform their work from our facilities and their homes. Power or communications failures could interrupt the operations of our facilities or the ability of our staff to work remotely.

Natural disasters, severe weather events, or labor disputes that disrupt transportation services could limit the ability of our staff to reach our facilities or increase the cost of transportation services that we procure for our staff in certain countries. Any prolonged disruption in the operations of our facilities or the ability of our remote staff to deliver services to our clients and their customers, whether due to technical difficulties, power failures, threats to homes or health, or any other reason, could cause service interruptions or reduce the quality level of services that we provide and harm our operating results.

Our business is subject to many regulatory requirements, and changes in current regulations or their interpretation and enforcement, or the adoption of new regulations, could significantly increase our cost of doing business.

Our business is subject to many laws and regulatory requirements in the United States and the other countries and jurisdictions in which we operate, covering matters that include but are not limited to: data privacy; labor matters, including immigration and equal employment opportunity (“EEO”) compliance; the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and other anti-corruption and anti-money laundering laws; taxation; securities and insider trading; healthcare, including HIPAA compliance; banking; outsourcing; consumer protection, including the method and timing of placing outbound telephone calls and the recording or monitoring of telephone calls; collections activities; insurance claims administration; gaming licensing; money transmission; internal and disclosure control obligations; governmental affairs; and trade restrictions, sanctions and tariffs.

Many of these regulations, including those related to data privacy, climate-related disclosures, labor matters, and anti-corruption, change frequently and may conflict among the various jurisdictions and countries in which we provide services. The pace of regulatory change in these areas has accelerated in recent years. The GDPR and Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (“CSRD”) in Europe, the SEC’s recently adopted climate disclosure and cybersecurity disclosure rules, the Data Privacy Act in the Philippines, the Digital Personal Data Protection Act in India, the California Consumer Privacy Act, the California Climate Corporate Data Accountability Act and Climate-Related Financial Risk Act, and other similar laws have resulted, and will continue to result, in increased compliance costs, and the failure to comply with these laws can result in significant monetary penalties. For example, fines of up to 4% of an entity’s annual global revenue can be imposed for violations of the GDPR. We expect that the regulatory burden associated with compliance with privacy laws will continue to expand as more jurisdictions adopt privacy laws with different requirements, and as laws governing the use of GenAI are adopted by more jurisdictions.

Laws and regulatory requirements may also be subject to interpretation, and the transition of a significant portion of our staff to a remote work environment has increased the uncertainty related to the application and interpretation of certain laws and regulations that have historically been applied to onsite work environments. If our interpretation of any laws or regulatory requirements conflicts with positions taken by regulatory agencies or other government bodies in the future, we may be subject to legal liability or be unable to conduct business in the same manner. Violations of any laws and regulations to which we are subject, including failing to adhere to or successfully implement processes in response to changing regulatory requirements or work practices, could result in liability for damages, fines, criminal prosecution, unfavorable publicity and damage to our reputation, and restrictions on our ability to operate, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, and financial condition.

In addition, changes in the policies or laws of the United States or other countries or jurisdictions resulting in, among other things, higher taxation, limitations on the ability of companies to utilize offshore outsourcing, currency conversion limitations, restrictions on fund transfers, or the expropriation of private enterprises, could reduce the anticipated benefits of our global operations. Any actions by countries in which we conduct business to reverse policies that encourage international trade or investment could also adversely affect our business.

We depend on a variety of communications services and information technology systems and networks, and any failure or increase in the cost of these systems and networks could adversely impact our business and operating results.

The services we provide to our clients depend on the persistent availability and uncompromised security of our communications, technology, and information technology systems. Our business uses a wide variety of technologies to allow us to manage large volumes of data and perform services with staff located around the globe. We deploy

leading edge digital transformation capabilities such as GenAI self-service applications, AI-based automation bots, omnichannel services, and internally-developed and third-party software solutions to enhance customer and staff experience across various technology environments and platforms. We operate an extensive internal voice and data network that links our global sites together in a multi-hub model that enables the rerouting of voice and data across the network, and we rely on multiple public communication channels and telephone, internet, and data services provided by various third parties for connectivity to our clients. Maintenance of, and investment in, this technology is critical to keeping our team productive and the success of our service delivery model.

Any failure in technology, or in our ability to manage or optimize our resources, may impair service quality and have a negative impact on our operations. Failures or significant downtime of our IT or telecommunications systems could prevent us from handling client volume, and frequent or prolonged interruption in our ability to provide services could result in contractual performance penalties, damage to our reputation, and the loss of business from existing and potential clients. Any increase in average waiting time or handling time or a lack of promptness or technical expertise from our staff will negatively impact customer satisfaction and our business. Telephone, internet, and data service providers may elect not to renew their contracts with us or increase the cost of such services. If our communications or information technology systems are disrupted or the cost of maintaining those systems increases significantly, our results of operations could be adversely affected.

If we are unable to retain key personnel, hire, develop, and retain staff with the skills and expertise we need, or manage the costs and utilization rate of our staff, our profitability may be negatively impacted and our operations may be disrupted.

We are dependent in large part on our ability to retain the services of our key senior executives and other technical and industry experts and personnel. With the exception of our Chief Executive Officer and in countries where employment agreements are customary, we generally do not have employment agreements with our executives or staff. We also do not carry “key person” insurance coverage for any of our key executives. We compete for qualified senior management and technical personnel. The loss of, or inability to hire, key executives or qualified staff could inhibit our ability to operate and grow our business successfully.

The success of our operations and the quality of our services are also highly dependent on our ability to attract and retain skilled personnel in all of our global delivery centers. We face competition in hiring, retaining, developing, and motivating talented and skilled leaders and staff with domain experience, and we have, at times, struggled to hire sufficient technical talent to meet the demand for our services. GenAI and other technological advancements may further impact our ability to attract and retain sufficient personnel with the required new capabilities and skill sets. Our industry is also characterized by high staff attrition rates. Any increase in our staff turnover rate could increase recruiting and training costs, decrease operating effectiveness and productivity, and potentially impact our relationship with our key clients and other employees. Potential labor organizing and works council negotiations in certain of the countries in which we do business could also contribute to rising costs or otherwise disrupt our business.

We generally sign multi-year client contracts with pricing models that are based on prevailing labor costs in the jurisdictions where we perform services. Quickly rising wages during periods of high inflation or changes in laws or governmental regulations related to wages, mandatory time off, severance, healthcare, other staff benefits or other working conditions could increase our costs and limit our ability to adjust in a timely manner. Our profitability is also affected by the utilization rate of our personnel resources. If we are unable to achieve optimum utilization of our personnel resources, we may experience erosion in our profit margin. However, if our utilization is too high, the quality of services provided to our clients may deteriorate and we may also experience higher attrition rates. Rising costs, our inability to manage rising costs, or our inability to adequately motivate our team or utilize our personnel resources efficiently could negatively impact our profitability or disrupt our operations.

We have pursued and intend to continue to pursue strategic acquisitions or investments and may encounter risks associated with these activities, which could harm our business and operating results.

We have historically pursued, and in the future expect to pursue, acquisitions of, or investments in, businesses, technologies, and assets in new or existing markets, either within or outside the CX solutions industry, that complement or expand our existing business. For example, in September 2023, we completed our combination with Webhelp, a leading provider of CX solutions, for aggregate consideration of approximately \$3.8 billion, consisting

of cash, stock, and a note payable to sellers. We incurred significant transaction costs related to our combination with Webhelp and will continue to incur significant integration-related fees and costs related to our ongoing integration, including facilities and systems consolidation costs and staff-related costs.

Our acquisition strategy, including our combination with Webhelp, involves a number of risks, including:

- risk that we encounter difficulty in successfully integrating acquired operations, IT and other systems, clients, services, businesses, and staff with our operations on a timely and cost-effective basis;
- risk that the acquired businesses will fail to maintain the quality of services or results of operations that we have historically provided or that we expect from the acquired businesses;
- the announcement or consummation of a transaction may have an adverse impact on relationships with third parties, including existing and potential clients, or may negatively affect our brand identity;
- loss of key staff of the acquired operations or inability to attract, retain, and motivate staff necessary for our expanded operations;
- acquired businesses located in regions where we have not historically conducted business may subject us to new operational risks, laws, regulations, staff expectations, customs, and practices;
- risk that we encounter challenges in scaling critical resources and facilities for the business needs of the expanded enterprise;
- diversion of our capital and management attention away from operational matters and other business issues;
- increase in our expenses and working capital requirements;
- in the case of acquisitions that we may make outside of the United States, difficulty in operating internationally and over significant geographical distances;
- other financial risks, including unknown liabilities or inconsistent accounting practices of the businesses we acquire or the impairment of goodwill or intangible assets we record in connection with acquisitions; and
- our due diligence fails to identify significant issues with the acquired company's service quality, financial disclosures, legal liabilities, accounting practices, internal control deficiencies, or other material issues.

We may incur additional costs and certain redundant expenses in connection with our acquisitions and investments, which may have an adverse impact on our operating margins. Future acquisitions may result in dilutive issuances of equity securities, the incurrence of additional debt, large asset write-offs, a decrease in future profitability, or future losses. For example, we have recorded substantial goodwill and amortizable intangible assets as a result of our past acquisitions, and in the future we could be required to record a significant charge to earnings in our financial statements during the period in which any impairment of our goodwill or intangible assets was determined, negatively impacting our results of operations. The incurrence of debt in connection with any future acquisitions could restrict our ability to obtain working capital or other financing necessary to operate our business. Our recent and future acquisitions or investments, including our combination with Webhelp, may not be successful, and if we fail to realize the anticipated benefits of these acquisitions or investments, our business and operating results could be harmed.

We may fail to realize the anticipated benefits of our combination with Webhelp within the anticipated time frame, or at all, which could adversely affect the value of our common stock.

On September 25, 2023, we completed our acquisition of all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of Marnix Lux SA, a public limited liability company (*société anonyme*) incorporated under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg ("Webhelp Parent") and the parent company of Webhelp, from the holders thereof (the "Webhelp Combination"). The continued success of the Webhelp Combination will depend, in part, on our ability to realize the anticipated benefits from combining the businesses of Concentrix and Webhelp. Our ability to realize these anticipated benefits is subject to certain risks including:

- whether the combined business performs as expected, including with respect to growth, profitability, cash flow, and synergies;
- our ability to successfully complete the integration of the two organizations;
- our ability to identify and realize estimated cost savings and synergies from the combination;
- the need to dedicate a greater amount of cash flow from operations to make payments on our indebtedness incurred to finance the acquisition; and
- the assumption of known and unknown liabilities of Webhelp.

If we are not able to successfully combine the businesses of Concentrix and Webhelp within the anticipated time frame, the benefits of the Webhelp Combination may not be realized fully or may take longer to realize than expected, the combined business may not perform as expected, including with respect to growth, profitability, cash flow, and synergies, client relationships may be disrupted, our cash flows may not be sufficient to repay our outstanding indebtedness as it becomes due or within the anticipated time frame, and the value of our common stock may be adversely affected.

We may have higher than anticipated tax liabilities, which could result in a material adverse effect on our business.

Due to the global nature of our operations, we are subject to the complex and varying tax laws and rules of many jurisdictions and have material tax-related contingent liabilities that are difficult to predict or quantify. In preparing our financial statements, we calculate our effective income tax rate based on current tax laws and regulations and our estimated taxable income within each jurisdiction. Our effective tax rate could be adversely affected by several factors, many of which are outside of our control, including:

- changes in income before taxes in the countries in which we operate that have differing statutory tax rates;
- changes in tax rates or tax laws and regulations, or the implementation or interpretation of such laws and regulations;
- the effect of tax rates on accounting for acquisitions and dispositions;
- issues arising from tax audits or examinations and any related interest or penalties; and
- uncertainty in obtaining tax holiday extensions or the expiration or loss of tax holidays in various jurisdictions.

In the United States, proposed tax law changes could subject us to higher than anticipated tax liabilities, including by increasing the statutory corporate tax rate, imposing a minimum tax on global income, reducing the deduction for global intangible low-taxed income (“GILTI”), eliminating the qualified business asset investment exemption, limiting the deductibility of interest expense, repealing the deduction for foreign-derived intangible income or imposing a surcharge on corporations that employ staff in non-U.S. countries to deliver services to the United States. Any one or more of these changes, if adopted, could have a material adverse effect on our effective tax rate and our results of operations. Outside of the United States, tax law changes could subject us to a global minimum tax on profits, which could result in double taxation and increased tax audit risk due to uncertainty in application.

We report our results of operations based on our determination of the amount of taxes owed in various jurisdictions in which we operate. The determination of our worldwide provision for income taxes and other tax liabilities requires estimation, judgment and calculations where the ultimate tax determination may not be certain.

We are also subject to tax audits, including with respect to transfer pricing, in the United States and other jurisdictions, and our tax positions may be challenged by tax authorities. There can be no assurance that our current tax provisions will be settled for the amounts accrued, that additional tax exposures will not be identified in the future or that additional tax reserves will not be necessary for any such exposures. Any increase in the amount of taxation incurred as a result of challenges to our tax filing positions could result in a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, and financial condition.

Changes in foreign currency exchange rates could adversely affect our business and operating results.

We operate in 75 countries, and volatility in the value of the currencies used in these countries increases the uncertainty in our revenue and profitability forecasts. While a significant amount of our contracts are priced in U.S. dollars, we recognize a substantial amount of revenue under contracts that are denominated in euros, British pounds, Japanese yen, and Brazilian real, among other currencies. A significant increase in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to these currencies may have a material adverse impact on the value of our revenue when translated to U.S. dollars.

Our services are delivered from several delivery centers located around the world, with significant operations in the Philippines and India, as well as throughout EMEA and the Americas. Although our contracts with U.S.-based clients are typically priced in U.S. dollars, a substantial portion of our costs to deliver services under these contracts are denominated in the local currency of the country where services are performed. We also have certain client contracts that are priced in non-U.S. dollar currencies for which a substantial portion of the costs to deliver the services are in other currencies. As a result, our revenue may be earned in currencies that are different from the currencies in which we incur corresponding expenses. Fluctuations in the value of currencies, such as the Philippine peso, the Indian rupee, the euro, and the Canadian dollar, against the U.S. dollar or other currencies in which we bill our clients, and inflation in the local economies in which these delivery centers are located, could increase the operating and labor costs in these delivery centers, which can result in reduced profitability. A significant decrease in the value of the contractual currency, relative to the currencies where services are provided, could have a material adverse impact on our operating results that are not fully offset by gains realized under the hedging contracts we have in place in certain currencies to limit our potential foreign currency exposure.

Our results of operations could be adversely affected by litigation and other commitments and contingencies.

We face risks arising from various unasserted and asserted claims, including, but not limited to, commercial, labor and employment, consumer protection, tax, and patent infringement claims. Certain claims may be structured as class action lawsuits or otherwise allege substantial damages. We may be unable to obtain insurance coverage for certain claims at a reasonable cost, if at all. Unfavorable outcomes in pending or future litigation or the settlement of asserted claims could negatively affect us. Regardless of the outcome, litigation could result in substantial expense and could divert the efforts of our management.

We have developed proprietary information technology systems, mobile applications, and cloud-based technology and acquired technologies that play an important role in our business. If any claim alleging infringement of intellectual property rights is successful against us and if indemnification is not available or sufficient, we may be required to pay substantial damages to third parties and indemnify our clients for losses arising out of the infringement. In order to continue delivering services to our clients, we may also need to seek and obtain a license of a third party's intellectual property rights. We may be unable to obtain such a license on commercially reasonable terms, if at all, which could disrupt our business and adversely affect our results of operations.

In addition, in the ordinary course of business, we may make certain commitments, including representations, warranties, and indemnities relating to current and past operations and divested businesses, and issue guarantees of third-party obligations. The amounts of such commitments can only be estimated, and the actual amounts for which we are responsible may differ materially from our estimates. If we incur liability as a result of any current or future litigation, commitments or contingencies, and such liability exceeds any amounts accrued, our business, results of operations, and financial condition could be adversely affected.

Certain stockholders are able to exercise influence over the composition of our board of directors, matters subject to stockholder approval, and our operations, and actual or potential conflicts of interest may develop.

As of January 17, 2025, affiliates of Groupe Bruxelles Lambert (“GBL”) owned approximately 13.6% of our common stock. In connection with the Webhelp Combination, on March 29, 2023, we entered into an Investor Rights Agreement with certain stockholders of Webhelp Parent, which, among other things, provides that GBL has the right to nominate a certain number of directors, up to a maximum of two, depending on the percentage of the outstanding shares of Concentrix common stock held by GBL, our director, Oliver Duha, and certain of their respective affiliates.

As a result of the Concentrix common stock that is held by affiliates of GBL and Olivier Duha and the Investor Rights Agreement described above, GBL may be able to influence (subject to organizational documents and Delaware law) the composition of our board of directors and thus, potentially, the outcome of corporate actions requiring stockholder approval, such as mergers, business combinations and dispositions of assets, among other corporate transactions. The interests of GBL may not always coincide with the interest of our other stockholders, and GBL may seek to cause us to take actions that might involve risks to our business or adversely affect us or our other stockholders. This concentration of investment and voting power, in addition to the investment and voting power of certain other large stockholders, could discourage others from initiating a potential merger, takeover or other change of control transaction that may otherwise be beneficial to Concentrix and its stockholders, which could adversely affect the market price of Concentrix common stock.

Risks Related to our Capital Structure

Our level of indebtedness could have adverse consequences for our business or our financial condition.

In connection with the Webhelp Combination, the Company issued and sold \$2.15 billion aggregate principal amount of senior notes and entered into an amendment and restatement of our senior credit facility that provided for the extension of a senior unsecured revolving credit facility not to exceed an aggregate principal amount of approximately \$1.04 billion and a senior unsecured term loan facility in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed approximately \$2.14 billion. As of November 30, 2024, we had approximately \$4.77 billion of indebtedness prior to debt issuance costs, and we may further increase our indebtedness in the future. Our level of indebtedness could have adverse consequences for us and our stockholders, including:

- requiring us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to make principal and interest payments on our indebtedness, thereby reducing the availability of such cash flow to fund working capital, capital expenditures, and other general corporate requirements, and to grow our business;
- limiting our ability to make strategic acquisitions or take advantage of other business opportunities as they arise, or pay cash dividends;
- increasing future debt costs and limiting the future availability of debt financing;
- increasing our vulnerability to general adverse economic and industry conditions; and
- limiting our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and industry.

To the extent that we incur additional indebtedness, the risks described above could increase. In addition, our actual cash requirements in the future may be greater than expected. Our cash flows from operations may not be sufficient to service our outstanding debt or to repay our outstanding debt as it becomes due or within the time frame that we expect. A negative change in our credit ratings could make it more expensive to service our outstanding debt or to raise additional capital in the future. We may also be unable to borrow money, sell assets, or otherwise raise funds on acceptable terms, if at all, to service or refinance our debt.

Rising interest rates increase the cost of our outstanding borrowings and could adversely affect our net income.

Our outstanding borrowings under our senior unsecured credit facility and our accounts receivable securitization facility are variable-rate obligations that expose us to interest rate risk. When interest rates increase, our debt service obligations and our interest expense increase even if our outstanding borrowings remain the same. Our net income and cash flows, including cash available for servicing indebtedness, will correspondingly decrease.

The terms of our debt arrangements impose restrictions on our ability to operate and could have an adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

The terms of the agreements under which our indebtedness was incurred may limit or restrict, among other things, our ability to incur additional indebtedness, consummate certain asset sales or acquisitions, and merge, consolidate or sell, assign, transfer, lease, convey or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of our assets.

We are also required to maintain specified financial ratios and satisfy certain financial condition tests under certain of our debt arrangements. Our inability to meet these ratios and tests could result in the acceleration of the repayment of the related debt, termination of the applicable debt arrangement, an increase in our effective cost of

funds or the cross-default of other indebtedness. As a result, our ability to operate may be restricted and our ability to respond to business and market conditions may be limited, which could have an adverse effect on our business and operating results.

Risks Related to Ownership of Our Common Stock

The share price and trading volume of our common stock may fluctuate significantly.

Since our common stock started trading on Nasdaq under the symbol “CNXC” on December 1, 2020 through our fiscal year ending November 30, 2024, our stock price has ranged from a high of \$208.48 to a low of \$36.28 per share. The market price of our common stock has, and may continue to, fluctuate significantly due to a number of factors, some of which may be beyond our control, including:

- our financial results;
- developments generally affecting the CX solutions industry;
- the performance of our business and of similar companies;
- our capital structure, including the amount of our indebtedness;
- the announcement of acquisitions or dispositions;
- additions or departures of key personnel;
- changes in market valuations of similar companies;
- general economic, industry, and market conditions;
- the depth and liquidity of the market for our common stock;
- fluctuations in currency exchange rates;
- our dividend policy;
- investor perception of our business and our company;
- the passage of legislation or other regulatory developments that adversely affect us or our industry; and
- the impact of the factors referred to elsewhere in “Risk Factors.”

In addition, the stock market regularly experiences significant price and volume fluctuations. This volatility has had a significant impact on the market price of securities issued by many companies, including companies in our industry. The changes may occur without regard to the operating performance of the affected companies. Hence, the price of our common stock could fluctuate based upon factors that have little or nothing to do with our company, and these fluctuations could materially reduce our share price.

Securities class-action litigation may get instituted against companies following periods of volatility in their stock price. Such litigation can result in substantial costs in defense and management’s attention and resources, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations and prospects.

We cannot guarantee the continued payment of dividends on our common stock, or the timing or amount of any such dividends.

The continued payment of dividends in the future, and the timing and amount thereof, to our stockholders is within the discretion of our board of directors. Our board of directors’ decisions regarding the payment of dividends will depend on many factors, such as our financial condition, earnings, capital requirements, debt service obligations, industry practice, legal requirements, regulatory constraints, and other factors that our board of directors deems relevant. Our ability to pay dividends will depend on our ongoing ability to generate cash from operations and on our access to the capital markets. We cannot guarantee that we will continue to pay a dividend in the future.

Certain provisions of our certificate of incorporation and bylaws and of Delaware law make it difficult for stockholders to change the composition of our board of directors and may discourage hostile takeover attempts that some of our stockholders may consider to be beneficial.

Certain provisions of our certificate of incorporation and bylaws and of Delaware law may have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control if our board of directors determines that such change in control is not in the best interests of us and our stockholders. These provisions may include, among other things, the following:

- the ability of our board of directors to issue shares of preferred stock and to determine the price and other terms, including preferences and voting rights, of those shares without stockholder approval;
- stockholder action can only be taken at a special or regular meeting and not by written consent;
- the inability of our stockholders to call a special meeting;
- advance notice procedures for nominating candidates to our board of directors or presenting matters at stockholder meetings;
- allowing only our board of directors to fill vacancies on our board of directors; and
- restrictions on an “interested stockholder” to engage in certain business combinations with us for a three-year period following the date the interested stockholder became such.

While these provisions have the effect of encouraging persons seeking to acquire control of our company to negotiate with our board of directors, they could enable the board of directors to hinder or frustrate a transaction that some, or a majority, of the stockholders might believe to be in their best interests and, in that case, may prevent or discourage attempts to remove and replace incumbent directors. We are also subject to Delaware laws that could have similar effects. One of these laws prohibits us from engaging in a business combination with a significant stockholder unless specific conditions are met.

Our bylaws designate the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware and U.S. federal district courts as the exclusive forums for certain types of actions and proceedings that may be initiated by our stockholders, which limits our stockholders’ ability to choose the judicial forum for disputes with us or our directors, officers, or other employees.

Our bylaws provide that, with certain limited exceptions, any action or proceeding:

- brought in a derivative manner in the name or right of the company or on our behalf;
- asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any of our directors, officers, employees or agents to us or our stockholders;
- asserting a claim against us arising pursuant to any provision of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware or any provision of our certificate of incorporation or bylaws; or
- asserting a claim governed by the internal affairs doctrine;

will be exclusively brought in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware (or, if no state court located within the State of Delaware has jurisdiction, the U.S. federal district court for the District of Delaware).

Furthermore, any complaint asserting a cause of action under the Securities Act against us or any of our directors, officers, employees, or agents will be exclusively brought in U.S. federal district court. Any person or entity purchasing or otherwise acquiring any interest in shares of Concentrix common stock is deemed to have notice of and consented to the exclusive forum provisions.

To the fullest extent permitted by law, the Delaware exclusive forum provision will apply to state and federal law claims other than those claims under the Securities Act for which our bylaws designate U.S. federal district court as the exclusive forum. However, stockholders will not be deemed to have waived our compliance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder. The enforceability of similar choice of forum provisions in other companies’ certificates of incorporation or similar governing documents has been challenged in legal proceedings, and it is possible that a court could find the choice of forum provisions contained in our bylaws to be inapplicable or unenforceable, including with respect to claims arising under the U.S. federal securities laws.

This exclusive forum provision may limit the ability of a stockholder to commence litigation in a forum that the stockholder prefers, or may require a stockholder to incur additional costs in order to commence litigation in Delaware or U.S. federal district court, each of which may discourage such lawsuits against us or our directors or officers. Alternatively, if a court were to find this exclusive forum provision inapplicable to, or unenforceable in respect of, one or more of the specified types of actions or proceedings described above, we may incur additional costs associated with resolving such matters in other jurisdictions, which could negatively affect our business, results of operations, and financial condition.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

ITEM 1C. CYBERSECURITY

As a global technology and services leader, our business is heavily dependent upon information technology networks and systems. Protecting our systems, data, and information, as well as the information and data of our game-changers, clients, and partners, is a key priority.

We have established and maintain a corporate-wide information security management system and an integrated risk management framework with practices that are derived from industry standards, including ISO 31000, ISO 27001, HITRUST, PCI DSS, and the National Institute of Standards and Technology (“NIST”) Cybersecurity Framework, and data privacy regulations, including the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (“HIPAA”) and the General Data Protection Regulation (“GDPR”). The data security controls from these standards and regulations are evaluated as a component of our risk management framework, based on the needs of our business and our clients, the nature of our industry, and applicable regulations.

Risk Management and Strategy

We have implemented and maintain an Information Security Management System (“ISMS”) that covers information security, data protection, cybersecurity, application security, and other areas as necessary. As a part of our ISMS, we evaluate our security risk strategy on an ongoing basis to facilitate our response to the changing cybersecurity threat landscape and build a culture of security within Concentrix, we allocate and evaluate available resources, including technology, infrastructure, and personnel, to support information security initiatives, we regularly identify security risks and prepare and continuously update mitigation and response plans, including with respect to risks related to the use of our third party service providers, we report, investigate, and respond to suspected or confirmed information security risks, and we maintain a business continuity management process to counter potential interruptions to business activities and a data privacy program to protect personal and sensitive information. We regularly evaluate the ISMS for compliance with applicable regulatory, legislative, and contractual requirements, as well as recent trends and developments in security.

Our management team gathers information to support our efforts to prevent, detect, mitigate, and remediate cybersecurity risks and incidents from various sources, including reports from internal security personnel, threat intelligence, and other information obtained from governmental, public, or private sources, including external consultants engaged by us, and alerts and reports produced by the information security tools we utilize. Our Cyber Defense Operations Center (the “CDOC”) is a security operations center that operates 24 hours a day, seven days a week and is our first line of defense against cybersecurity threats. The CDOC continually monitors our information technology security infrastructure for anomalous behavior and other indications of potential threats to protect our data and systems.

We regularly conduct internal and external audits, reviews, assessments, and evaluations to evaluate our compliance posture and the effectiveness of our physical, technical, and organizational measures for protecting us and our systems. Elements of our cybersecurity program are also periodically audited as part of external certification audits. Third-party managed security providers and cybersecurity experts provide us with 24x7 monitoring, threat hunting, risk assessments, penetration testing, and attack surface management to support our Cyber Security Framework. Key findings from cybersecurity audits and third-party risk assessments are summarized and communicated to our senior leadership and the Audit Committee, and remediation actions are implemented to enhance our overall cybersecurity program. We contractually require our vendors to comply with cybersecurity and

data privacy requirements, and we perform risk assessments of vendors, including their ability to protect data from unauthorized access.

To facilitate the success of our risk management framework, multidisciplinary teams throughout the Company, including members of the legal department, operations, and senior management, are deployed to support risk mitigation and our response to threats and potential cybersecurity incidents. We also regularly conduct training and education to upgrade our game-changers' knowledge of security risks and vulnerabilities. In fiscal year 2024, our game-changers completed mandatory security awareness training, resulting in a company-wide pass percentage of 95%. In August 2024, we held a Cyber and Fraud Awareness Month, which promoted best practices and vigilance in protecting information and data to prevent cyber-attacks, and educated game-changers on how to report phishing or suspicious messages through a dedicated reporting channel.

We are currently not aware of any cybersecurity incidents or threats that have materially impacted us or our business, financial condition, and results of operations. However, we and our clients routinely face risks of cybersecurity incidents, and there can be no assurance that our security efforts and measures, and those of our third-party providers, will prevent or mitigate a cybersecurity threat or incident that could adversely affect our business. For a discussion of these risks and others that we face, see "Risk Factors" in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Governance

Our board of directors, directly and indirectly through its committees, has oversight responsibility for our risk management process, including risks related to cybersecurity. Our board of directors has delegated to the Audit Committee oversight responsibility for the Company's risk assessment and management activities, including with respect to information technology, cybersecurity, and privacy.

As part of our integrated enterprise risk management program, management reports periodically to the Audit Committee on its assessment of our risks and risk management practices, including with respect to ongoing or new cyber and information security risks. Management also reports quarterly to the Audit Committee and annually to the full board of directors on the status of our cybersecurity program, which includes key cybersecurity controls, audits, and compliance, and on any significant projects or areas of focus for the cybersecurity team.

Our cybersecurity risk management framework is implemented by our global security team, which is led by our EVP, Information Technology and Global Security, our SVP, Information Systems and Global Security, and our GVP, Governance, Risk, and Compliance. As the leaders of our global security efforts, these roles and their teams support the establishment and maintenance of our corporate-wide information security program to protect our information assets and to oversee our cybersecurity and insider risk and compliance teams. Our SVP, Information Systems and Global Security, and our GVP, Governance, Risk, and Compliance report to our EVP, Information Technology and Global Security, and our EVP, Information Technology and Global Security reports to our Chief Executive Officer.

Our EVP, Information Technology and Global Security has over 40 years of global information technology leadership experience, including hands-on management and technology innovation experience. He provides strategic direction for the design, implementation strategy, and Governance of Concentrix Global Infrastructure, Information Security and Application development. Our SVP, Information Systems and Global Security has an undergraduate degree in Information Technology and over 24 years of global experience in cybersecurity strategy and risk management in various leadership roles at large companies and within government, with extensive experience in the development of and enforcement of security policies, protection of sensitive data, responding to cyber and fraud incidents, and integrating security across operations. Our SVP, IT Infrastructure has over 29 years of experience in managing a large, geographically dispersed team that designs, plans, implements, and maintains a complex IT infrastructure and operations. He has also played a critical role in the development of security technologies at Concentrix. Our GVP, Governance, Risk, and Compliance has over 22 years of global experience in information security with specialization in risk management, security tools and technologies, compliance, and privacy. His experience in information security spans advisory and consulting, policy, processes and standards, engineering, and operational support for clients and the internal organization.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

We lease our principal executive offices in Newark, California. As of November 30, 2024, we occupied approximately 485 facilities, located in 75 countries across six continents, comprising service and delivery centers and administrative facilities covering approximately 24.3 million square feet, of which approximately 1.4 million square feet was owned and the remainder was leased.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we are involved in legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business. We do not believe that these proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the results of our operations, our financial position or the cash flows of our business.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

Part II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Our common stock is listed on Nasdaq under the symbol "CNXC". As of January 17, 2025, there were 64,398,533 shares of common stock outstanding held by approximately 2,795 stockholders of record.

Dividends

During fiscal years 2024 and 2023, the Company paid the following dividends per share approved by the Company's board of directors:

Announcement Date	Record Date	Per Share Dividend Amount	Payment Date
January 19, 2023	January 30, 2023	\$0.275	February 10, 2023
March 29, 2023	April 28, 2023	\$0.275	May 9, 2023
June 28, 2023	July 28, 2023	\$0.275	August 8, 2023
September 27, 2023	October 27, 2023	\$0.3025	November 7, 2023
January 24, 2024	February 5, 2024	\$0.3025	February 15, 2024
March 26, 2024	April 26, 2024	\$0.3025	May 7, 2024
June 26, 2024	July 26, 2024	\$0.3025	August 6, 2024
September 25, 2024	October 25, 2024	\$0.33275	November 5, 2024

Our board of directors expects that cash dividends will be paid on a quarterly basis in the future. However, any decision to pay future cash dividends will be subject to our board of directors' approval, and will depend on many factors, such as our financial condition, earnings, capital requirements, debt service obligations, restrictive covenants in our debt agreements, industry practice, legal requirements, regulatory constraints, and other factors that our board of directors deems relevant. Our ability to pay dividends will depend on our ongoing ability to generate cash from operations and on our access to the capital markets. We cannot guarantee that we will continue to pay dividends in the future.

Share Repurchases

In September 2021, our board of directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$500 million of our common stock from time to time as market and business conditions warrant, including through open market purchases or Rule 10b5-1 trading plans. The repurchase program has no termination date and may be suspended or discontinued at any time. As of November 30, 2024, we had repurchased 3,890,691 shares under the share repurchase program for approximately \$346.0 million in the aggregate. At November 30, 2024, we had approximately \$154.0 million remaining for share repurchases under the existing authorization from our board of directors.

In January 2025, our board of directors extended our share repurchase program by authorizing an increase of the amount remaining for share repurchases under the existing share repurchase authorization to \$600 million.

The following table summarizes the Company's purchases of common stock during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended November 30, 2024:

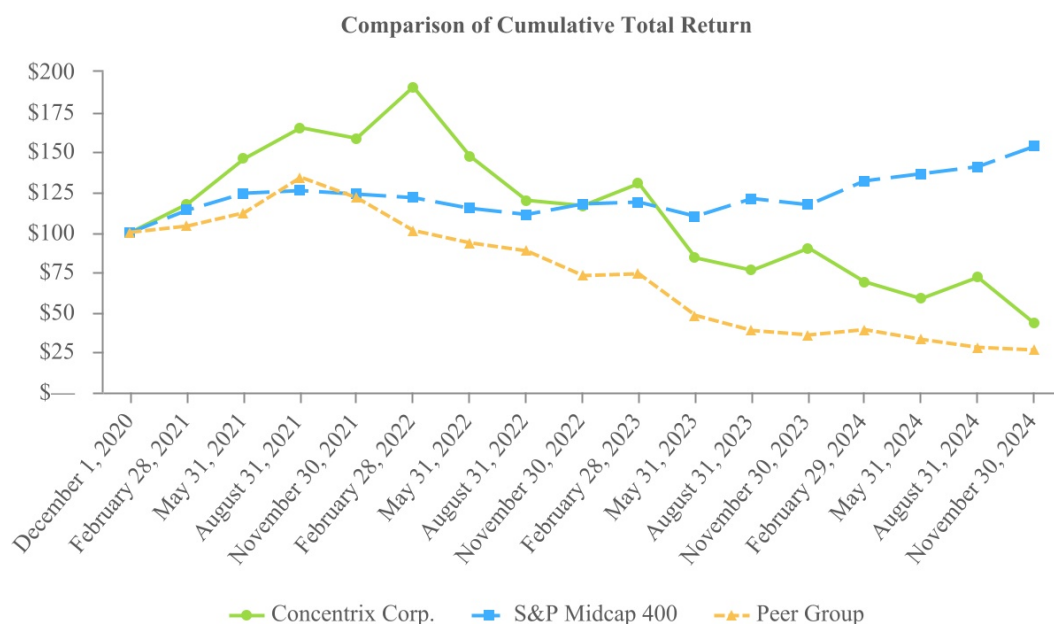
Period	Total number of shares purchased ^{(1), (2)}	Average price paid per share	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced program ⁽²⁾	Maximum dollar amount that may yet be purchased under the program (in thousands)
September 1, 2024 - September 30, 2024	162,852	\$ 65.65	161,613	\$ 177,888
October 1, 2024 - October 31, 2024	496,700	\$ 47.75	264,273	\$ 165,127
November 1, 2024 - November 30, 2024	268,251	\$ 41.42	267,950	\$ 154,030
Total	927,803	\$ 49.06	693,836	

⁽¹⁾ Includes shares withheld upon the vesting of certain equity awards to satisfy tax withholding obligations.

⁽²⁾ Includes shares repurchased as part of the Company's share repurchase program initiated in September of 2021.

Stock Price Performance Graph

The stock price performance graph below compares our cumulative total stockholder return for the period from December 1, 2020 through November 30, 2024 with the cumulative total return of the S&P Midcap 400 Index for the same period and a Peer Group comprised of our core CX solutions competitors that are publicly traded companies: Majorel Group Luxembourg S.A. (from initial public offering in September 2021 through acquisition by Teleperformance on November 23, 2023), TaskUs Inc. (from initial public offering in June 2021), TDCX Inc. (from initial public offering in October 2021 through becoming a private company in June 2024), Teleperformance S.A., TELUS International (from initial public offering in February 2021), and TTEC Holdings, Inc., in each case assuming a \$100 initial investment.



	December 1, 2020	November 30, 2021	November 30, 2022	November 30, 2023	November 30, 2024
Concentrix Corporation	\$ 100.00	\$ 158.10	\$ 116.55	\$ 89.51	\$ 42.81
S&P Midcap 400	\$ 100.00	\$ 123.43	\$ 117.47	\$ 116.82	\$ 153.39
Peer Group	\$ 100.00	\$ 121.30	\$ 72.41	\$ 35.76	\$ 26.18

ITEM 6. [RESERVED]

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations should be read in conjunction with our historical consolidated financial statements and the notes to those consolidated financial statements. It contains forward-looking statements, which are subject to risk, uncertainties, and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected or implied in the forward-looking statements. Please see "Risk Factors" and "Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for a discussion of the uncertainties, risks and assumptions associated with these statements.

The following discussion compares our results for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2024 to the fiscal year ended November 30, 2023. The discussion comparing our results for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2023 to the fiscal year ended November 30, 2022 is included within Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on January 29, 2024, and is incorporated by reference herein.

Certain comparisons of the year-over-year changes in revenue and cost of revenue in the discussion of our results of operations for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2024 and 2023 include a supplemental comparison as if the Webhelp Combination had occurred at the beginning of fiscal year 2023. These supplemental comparisons can be identified by the language "if the Webhelp Combination had occurred at the beginning of fiscal year 2023". The amounts used in these supplemental comparisons were determined by adding (a) the Webhelp results of operations for the relevant period in fiscal year 2023 prior to the Webhelp Combination and making reclassification and adjustments of International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IFRS") to generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") for the periods, consistent with the adjustments made in our unaudited proforma condensed combined financial statements filed as Exhibit 99.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 22, 2024 and (b) the Company's consolidated results of operations for the relevant period in fiscal year 2023. We believe the presentation of this supplemental information is useful because the Webhelp Combination had a significant impact on revenue and cost of revenue for the post-acquisition period and the supplemental comparison enables readers to better understand changes in the combined business. These supplemental comparisons are provided for informational purposes only and may not necessarily reflect the results of operations that would have occurred had the Webhelp Combination actually occurred as of the beginning of the period referenced.

Unless otherwise indicated or except where the context otherwise requires, references to "we," "our," "us," "the Company," or "Concentrix," in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations refer to Concentrix Corporation and its subsidiaries.

Overview and Basis of Presentation

Concentrix is a global technology and services leader that powers our clients' brand experiences and digital operations. We design, build, and run fully integrated, end-to-end solutions, including customer experience ("CX") process optimization, technology innovation and design engineering, front- and back-office automation, analytics and business transformation services to clients in five primary industry verticals. Our differentiated portfolio of solutions supports Fortune Global 500 as well as new economy clients across the globe in their efforts to deliver an optimized, consistent brand experience across all channels of communication, including voice, chat, email, generative AI-powered self service, social media, asynchronous messaging, and custom applications. We strive to deliver exceptional services globally supported by our deep industry knowledge, technology and security practices, talented people, and digital and analytics expertise.

We generate revenue from performing services that are generally tied to our clients' products and services. Any shift in business or the size of the market for our clients' products or services, or any failure of technology or failure of acceptance of our clients' products or services in the market may impact our business. The staff turnover rate in our business is high, as is the risk of losing experienced team members. High staff turnover rates may increase costs

and decrease operating efficiencies and productivity. For more information on the risks associated with our business, please see “Risk Factors” in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Webhelp Combination

On September 25, 2023, we completed our acquisition (the “Webhelp Combination”) of all of the issued and outstanding capital stock (the “Shares”) of Marnix Lux SA, a public limited liability company (*société anonyme*) incorporated under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg (“Webhelp Parent”) and the parent company of the Webhelp business (“Webhelp”), from the holders thereof (the “Sellers”). Webhelp was a leading provider of CX solutions, including sales, marketing, and payment services, with significant operations and client relationships in Europe, Latin America, and Africa. The acquisition was completed pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Share Purchase and Contribution Agreement, dated as of June 12, 2023, as amended by First Amendment to Share Purchase and Contribution Agreement, dated as of July 14, 2023 by and among Concentrix, OSYRIS S.à r.l., a private limited liability company (*société à responsabilité limitée*) incorporated under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Concentrix Corporation, Webhelp Parent, the Sellers, and certain representatives of the Sellers.

The purchase consideration for the acquisition of the Shares is valued at approximately \$3,774.8 million, net of cash and restricted cash acquired.

Revenue and Cost of Revenue

We generate revenue through the provision of technology and services to our clients pursuant to client contracts. Our client contracts typically consist of a master services agreement, supported in most cases by multiple statements of work, which contain the terms and conditions of each contracted solution. Our client contracts can range from less than one year to over five years in term and are subject to early termination by our clients for any reason, typically with 30 to 90 days’ notice.

Our technology and services are generally characterized by flat unit prices. Approximately 97% of our revenue is recognized as services are performed, based on staffing hours or the number of client customer transactions handled using contractual rates. Remaining revenue from the sale of these solutions are typically recognized as the services are provided over the duration of the contract using contractual rates.

Our cost of revenue consists primarily of personnel costs related to the delivery of our technology and services. The costs of our revenue can be impacted by the mix of client contracts, where we deliver the technology and services, additional lead time for programs to be fully scalable and transition and initial set-up costs. Our cost of revenue as a percentage of revenue has also fluctuated in the past, based primarily on our ability to achieve economies of scale, the management of our operating expenses, and the timing and costs incurred related to our acquisitions and investments.

In fiscal years 2024 and 2023, approximately 88% and 82%, respectively, of our consolidated revenue was generated from our non-U.S. operations, and approximately 50% and 64%, respectively, of our consolidated revenue was priced in U.S. dollars. We expect that a significant amount of our revenue will continue to be generated from our non-U.S. operations while being priced in U.S. dollars. As a result, we have certain client contracts that are priced in non-U.S. dollar currencies for which a substantial portion of the costs to deliver the services are in other currencies. Accordingly, our revenue may be earned in currencies that are different from the currencies in which we incur corresponding expenses. Fluctuations in the value of currencies, such as the Philippine peso, the Indian rupee, the euro, and the Canadian dollar, against the U.S. dollar or other currencies in which we bill our clients, and inflation in the local economies in which these delivery centers are located, can impact the operating and labor costs in these delivery centers, which can result in reduced profitability. As a result, our revenue growth, costs, and profitability have been impacted, and we expect will continue to be impacted, by fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and inflation.

Margins

Our gross margins fluctuate and can be impacted by the mix of client contracts, services provided, shifts in the geography from which our technology and services are delivered, client volume trends, the amount of lead time that is required for programs to become fully scaled, and transition and set-up costs. Our operating margin fluctuates

based on changes in gross margins as well as overall volume levels, as we are generally able to gain scale efficiencies in our selling, general and administrative costs as our volumes increase.

Economic and Industry Trends

The industry in which we operate is competitive, including on the basis of pricing terms, delivery capabilities and quality of services. Further, there can be competitive pressure for labor in various markets, which could result in increased labor costs. Accordingly, we could be subject to pricing and labor cost pressures and may experience a decrease in revenue and operating income. Our business operates globally in over 70 countries across six continents. We have significant concentrations in the Philippines, India, Brazil, the United States, Egypt, Türkiye, Colombia, Malaysia, Morocco, China, the United Kingdom, and elsewhere throughout EMEA, Latin America, and Asia-Pacific. Accordingly, we would be impacted by economic strength or weakness in these geographies and by the strengthening or weakening of local currencies relative to the U.S. dollar.

Seasonality

Our revenue and margins fluctuate with the underlying trends in our clients' businesses and trends in the level of consumer activity. As a result, our revenue and margins are typically higher in the fourth fiscal quarter of the year than in any other fiscal quarter.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The discussion and analysis of our consolidated financial condition and results of operations are based on our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in conformity with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of any contingent assets and liabilities at the financial statement date and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. On an ongoing basis, we review and evaluate our estimates and assumptions. Our estimates are based on our historical experience and a variety of other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making our judgment about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily available from other sources. Actual results could differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

We believe the following critical accounting policies involve the more significant judgments, estimates and/or assumptions used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements.

Revenue Recognition

We recognize revenue from our client contracts over time as the promised technology and services are delivered to clients for an amount that reflects the consideration to which we are entitled in exchange for the technology and services. We recognize revenue over time as the client simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by us as we perform the services. We account for a contract with a client when it has written approval, the contract is committed, the rights of the parties, including payment terms, are identified, the contract has commercial substance, and the consideration is probable of collection. Revenue is presented net of taxes collected from clients and remitted to government authorities. We generally invoice a client after the performance of services, or in accordance with the specific contractual provisions. Payments are due as per contract terms and do not contain a significant financing component. In most cases, our contracts consist of a single performance obligation comprised of a series of distinct services that are substantially the same and that have the same pattern of transfer (i.e., distinct days of service).

Service contracts are most significantly based on a fixed unit-price per transaction or other objective measure of output. Revenue on unit-price transactions is recognized over time using an objective measure of output such as staffing hours or the number of transactions processed by service advisors. Certain contracts may be based on a fixed price. Revenue on fixed price contracts is recognized over time using an input measure or on a straight line basis over the term of the contract as the services are provided based on the nature of the contract.

Certain client contracts include additional payments from the client based upon the achievement of certain agreed-upon service levels and performance metrics. Certain contracts also provide for a reduction in consideration paid to the Company in the event that certain agreed-upon service levels or performance metrics are not achieved.

Revenue based on such arrangements is accounted for as variable consideration when the likely amount of revenue to be recognized can be estimated to the extent that it is unlikely that a significant reversal will occur.

Business Combinations

We continually seek to augment organic growth with strategic acquisitions of businesses and assets that complement and expand our existing capabilities. Recent acquisitions have sought to enhance our capabilities and domain expertise in our strategic industry verticals, expand our geographic footprint, and further expand into higher value service offerings.

We allocate the fair value of purchase consideration to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed generally based on their fair values at the acquisition date. The excess of the fair value of purchase consideration over the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill. The determination of the fair value of assets and liabilities may involve engaging independent third parties to perform an appraisal. When determining the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed, we make significant estimates and assumptions, especially with respect to intangible assets. Critical estimates in valuing intangible assets include, but are not limited to, expected future cash flows, which includes consideration of future growth rates and margins, attrition rates and discount rates. Fair value estimates are based on the assumptions we believe a market participant would use in pricing the asset or liability. Amounts recorded in a business combination may change during the measurement period, which is a period not to exceed one year from the date of acquisition, as additional information about conditions existing at the acquisition date becomes available.

Goodwill

As of November 30, 2024, we had goodwill of \$4,987.0 million recorded on our consolidated balance sheet. The Company tests goodwill for impairment annually at the reporting unit level in the fiscal fourth quarter or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it may be impaired. For purposes of the goodwill impairment test, the Company can elect to perform a quantitative or qualitative analysis. If the qualitative analysis is elected, goodwill is tested for impairment at the reporting unit level by performing a qualitative assessment to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying value. The factors that are considered in the qualitative analysis include: macroeconomic conditions; industry and market considerations; cost factors such as increases in labor, or other costs that would have a negative effect on earnings and cash flows; and other relevant entity-specific events and information.

If we elect to perform or are required to perform a quantitative analysis, then the reporting unit's carrying value is compared to its fair value. Goodwill is considered impaired if the carrying value of the reporting unit exceeds its fair value and the excess is recognized as an impairment loss. As of September 1, 2024, the date of our annual impairment testing, we reconciled the fair value of our reporting unit to our market capitalization. The result of the analysis demonstrated that our reporting unit's fair value was in excess of its carrying value.

Due to a decrease in our stock price subsequent to our annual impairment testing date that resulted in our market capitalization being less than the carrying value of our reporting unit prior to a control premium, we evaluated this as a potential indicator of impairment and performed an additional quantitative analysis later in the fourth quarter of 2024 (on November 1, 2024) to support the fair value of our reporting unit. The fair value of our reporting unit was estimated using an equal weighting of the income and market valuation approaches. The income approach applied a fair value methodology to our reporting unit based on discounted cash flows. This analysis requires significant judgments and assumptions, including estimation of our future cash flows, which is dependent on internally developed forecasts, including future levels of revenue growth, adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization ("EBITDA"), estimation of the long-term rate of growth for our business and determination of a discount rate. The discount rate assumption is based on the overall after-tax rate of return required by a market participant whose weighted-average cost of capital includes both equity and debt, including a risk premium. The discount rate may be impacted by adverse changes in the macroeconomic environment, volatility in the equity and debt markets or other factors. We also applied a market approach. Under the market approach, we utilized a guideline company method, which involves calculating valuation multiples based on financial data from comparable publicly traded companies and considerations of recent transactions in the technology industry. Multiples derived from these companies and transactions provide an indication of how much a knowledgeable investor in the marketplace would be willing to pay for a company. These multiples are then applied to the financial data for our

reporting unit to arrive at an indication of fair value. The market multiple was applied to adjusted EBITDA. Based on our 2024 impairment assessment as described, the fair value of our reporting unit was determined to exceed the carrying value, resulting in no impairment to goodwill. The estimated fair value was in excess of the carrying value by approximately 10%.

Based upon a sensitivity analysis the Company performed:

- A 180-basis point reduction in projected EBITDA margin in 2025 and beyond, assuming all other assumptions remained constant, would result in no impairment of goodwill.
- A 180-basis point increase in the discount rate utilized, assuming all other assumptions remained constant, would result in no impairment of goodwill.
- A 500-basis point change in the long-term rate of growth utilized, assuming all other assumptions remained constant, would result in no impairment of goodwill.

We also assessed the reasonableness of the fair value of our reporting unit by comparison to our market capitalization. As of November 1, 2024, we reconciled the fair value of our reporting unit to our market capitalization. This reconciliation resulted in an equity control premium of approximately 56%, using average market prices over a reasonable period of time in the fourth quarter leading up to such date. This control premium is supported by recent market transactions and transactions within the technology industry.

We recorded no impairment charges related to goodwill during the fiscal years ended November 30, 2024 and 2023. Adverse changes in the future could reduce the underlying cash flows used to estimate the reporting unit fair value and could result in a further decrease in fair value that could trigger a future impairment charge of the goodwill balance.

Other Intangible Assets

As of November 30, 2024, we had other intangible assets, net of amortization, of \$2,286.9 million. This amount consists primarily of \$2,195.1 million in client relationship intangible assets. As amortizable intangible assets, we evaluate the intangible assets for recoverability whenever events or circumstances indicate a possible inability to recover their carrying value (an indicator of impairment). If an impairment indicator is present, we perform a test of recoverability by comparing estimates of undiscounted future cash flows to the carrying values of the related assets. We recorded no impairment charges related to other intangible assets during the fiscal years ended November 30, 2024 and 2023.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

For a summary of recent accounting pronouncements and the anticipated effects on our consolidated financial statements, see Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies to the consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Results of Operations – Fiscal Years Ended November 30, 2024 and 2023

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,	
	2024	2023
(in thousands)		
Revenue	\$ 9,618,900	\$ 7,114,706
Cost of revenue	6,170,013	4,536,771
Gross profit	3,448,887	2,577,935
Selling, general and administrative expenses	2,852,500	1,916,608
Operating income	596,387	661,327
Interest expense and finance charges, net	321,828	201,004
Other expense (income), net	(24,715)	52,095
Income before income taxes	299,274	408,228
Provision for income taxes	48,057	94,386
Net income before non-controlling interest	\$ 251,217	\$ 313,842

Revenue

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		Percent Change
	2024	2023	2024 to 2023
(in thousands)			
Industry vertical:			
Technology and consumer electronics	\$ 2,674,040	\$ 2,205,834	21.2 %
Retail, travel and e-commerce	2,361,866	1,448,666	63.0 %
Communications and media	1,527,922	1,117,694	36.7 %
Banking, financial services and insurance	1,455,641	1,091,853	33.3 %
Healthcare	727,389	696,266	4.5 %
Other	872,042	554,393	57.3 %
Total	\$ 9,618,900	\$ 7,114,706	35.2 %

We generate revenue by delivering our technology and services to our clients categorized in the above primary industry verticals. Our solutions focus on customer engagement, process optimization, and back-office automation.

Our revenue increased 35.2% in fiscal year 2024, primarily as a result of the Webhelp Combination. These increases were partially offset by an unfavorable translation effect of foreign currencies of \$66.3 million, or 0.9%. The unfavorable foreign currency translation effect on revenue was primarily due to the weakening of the Argentine peso and Japanese yen against the U.S. dollar. If the Webhelp Combination had occurred at the beginning of fiscal year 2023, our revenue would have increased by 1.4% in fiscal year 2024.

Revenue in our technology and consumer electronics vertical increased over the prior year due to contributions as a result of the Webhelp Combination and increases in volumes from several social media and internet-related service clients. Revenue in our retail, travel and e-commerce vertical increased over the prior year, and most significantly in comparison to all verticals, due to the Webhelp Combination generating larger increases in revenue along with increased volumes from several of our largest retail and e-commerce and travel and tourism clients. Revenue in our communications and media vertical increased over the prior year primarily due to contributions as a result of the Webhelp Combination partially offset by decreases in volumes from several clients. Revenue from clients in the banking, financial services and insurance vertical increased over the prior year primarily due to contributions as a result of the Webhelp Combination. Revenue in our healthcare vertical increased over the prior year primarily due to contributions as a result of the Webhelp Combination partially offset by decreases in volumes

from several healthcare clients. Revenue in our other vertical increased over the prior year primarily due to contributions from the Webhelp Combination.

Cost of Revenue, Gross Profit and Gross Margin Percentage

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		Percent Change
	2024	2023	2024 to 2023
	(\$ in thousands)		
Cost of revenue	\$ 6,170,013	\$ 4,536,771	36.0 %
Gross profit	\$ 3,448,887	\$ 2,577,935	33.8 %
Gross margin %	35.9 %	36.2 %	

Cost of revenue consists primarily of personnel costs. Gross margins can be impacted by resource location, client mix and pricing, additional lead time for programs to be fully scalable, and transition and initial set-up costs.

Our cost of revenue increased by 36.0% in fiscal year 2024, compared to fiscal year 2023, primarily due to the increase in our revenue and personnel costs related to staff supporting acquired operations. These increases were partially offset by a \$137.3 million, or 3.0%, reduction in the cost of revenue due to foreign currency translation. The foreign currency impacts on our cost of revenue were caused primarily by the weakening of the Argentine peso, Egyptian pound, and Philippine peso against the U.S. dollar. If the Webhelp Combination had occurred at the beginning of fiscal year 2023, our cost of revenue would have increased by 1.9% in fiscal year 2024.

Our gross profit increased by 33.8% in fiscal year 2024, compared to fiscal year 2023, primarily due to the increase in revenue and contributions from acquired operations and a net favorable foreign currency impact of \$71.0 million. Our gross margin percentage decreased from 36.2% in fiscal year 2023 to 35.9% in fiscal year 2024 and was affected by the mix of geographies where our services were delivered.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		Percent Change
	2024	2023	2024 to 2023
	(\$ in thousands)		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 2,852,500	\$ 1,916,608	48.8 %
Percentage of revenue	29.7 %	26.9 %	

Our selling, general and administrative expenses consist primarily of support personnel costs such as salaries, commissions, bonuses, employee benefits and share-based compensation costs. Selling, general and administrative expenses also include the cost of our global delivery facilities, utility expenses, hardware and software costs related to our technology infrastructure, legal and professional fees, depreciation on our technology and facility equipment, amortization of intangible assets resulting from acquisitions, marketing expenses, and acquisition-related and integration expenses.

Our selling, general and administrative expenses increased by 48.8% in fiscal year 2024, compared to fiscal year 2023, primarily due to incremental expenses associated with acquired operations, increases in expenses to support our revenue growth, an increase in amortization expense of \$244.1 million primarily associated with the intangible assets recognized in the Webhelp Combination, an increase in acquisition-related and integration expenses of \$85.4 million primarily related to the Webhelp Combination, and an increase in share-based compensation expense of \$33.4 million. These increases were partially offset by a \$28.9 million reduction in selling, general and administrative expenses due to foreign currency translation. As a percentage of revenue, selling, general and administrative expenses increased from 26.9% for fiscal year 2023 to 29.7% for fiscal year 2024 due to the net effect of the changes described above.

Operating Income

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		Percent Change
	2024	2023	2024 to 2023
	(\$ in thousands)		
Operating income	\$ 596,387	\$ 661,327	(9.8)%
Operating margin	6.2 %	9.3 %	

Our operating income decreased during fiscal year 2024, compared to fiscal year 2023, primarily due to the increase in selling, general and administrative expenses partially offset by the increase in gross profit.

Our operating margin decreased during fiscal year 2024, compared to fiscal year 2023, due to the decrease in gross margin percentage and the increase in selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenue.

Interest Expense and Finance Charges, Net

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		Percent Change
	2024	2023	2024 to 2023
	(\$ in thousands)		
Interest expense and finance charges, net	\$ 321,828	\$ 201,004	60.1 %
Percentage of revenue	3.3 %	2.8 %	

Amounts recorded in interest expense and finance charges, net consist primarily of interest expense on our senior notes issued in August 2023, interest expense on term loan borrowings under our senior credit facility, interest expense on borrowings under our accounts receivable securitization facility (the "Securitization Facility"), interest expense on the promissory note issued by us to certain Sellers in connection with the Webhelp Combination (the "Sellers' Note"), and financing expenses incurred in fiscal year 2023 associated with our commitment letter dated March 29, 2023 (the "Bridge Commitment Letter," and the commitments pursuant to the Bridge Commitment Letter, the "Bridge Facility"), entered into in connection with the Webhelp Combination.

The increase in interest expense and finance charges, net during fiscal year 2024 compared to fiscal year 2023, was primarily due to an increase in interest expense on our senior notes of \$98.3 million over the prior year, an increase in interest expense, including imputed interest, associated with the Sellers' Note of \$26.3 million over the prior year, and a decrease in interest income related to the senior notes proceeds of \$7.8 million incurred in the prior year period that did not recur in fiscal year 2024. The senior notes and the Sellers' Note were outstanding for only a portion of the fiscal year 2023. These changes were partially offset by a decrease in Bridge Facility financing fees and credit facility amendment fees of \$22.5 million incurred in fiscal year 2023 that did not recur.

Other Expense (Income), Net

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		Percent Change
	2024	2023	2024 to 2023
	(\$ in thousands)		
Other expense (income), net	\$ (24,715)	\$ 52,095	(147.4)%
Percentage of revenue	(0.3)%	0.7 %	

Amounts recorded as other expense (income), net primarily include foreign currency transaction gains and losses other than cash flow hedges, investment gains and losses, the non-service component of pension costs, other non-operating gains and losses, and changes in acquisition contingent consideration related to the Webhelp Combination.

Other expense (income), net in fiscal year 2024 was \$24.7 million of income compared to \$52.1 million of expense in fiscal year 2023. The change in other expense (income), net over the prior fiscal year period was due to income of \$29.3 million during fiscal year 2024 related to the change in acquisition contingent consideration associated with the Webhelp Combination in comparison to an expense of \$15.7 million in the prior fiscal year,

resulting in a year over year change of \$44.9 million. The remainder of the change resulted from a loss on derivative contracts entered into in connection with the Webhelp Combination in fiscal year 2023 of \$14.6 million that did not recur and net foreign currency gains on a year-over-year basis.

Provision for Income Taxes

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		Percent Change
	2024	2023	2024 to 2023
	(\$ in thousands)		
Provision for income taxes	\$ 48,057	\$ 94,386	(49.1)%
Percentage of income before income taxes	16.1 %	23.1 %	

Our provision for income taxes consists of our current and deferred tax expense resulting from our income earned in domestic and international jurisdictions.

Our provision for income taxes and effective tax rate decreased for fiscal year 2024, compared to fiscal year 2023, primarily due to the geographical mix of income and higher use of net operating loss carryforwards, and a \$12.3 million net tax benefit related to certain legal entity restructuring activities.

See Note 13—Income Taxes to the consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for further details.

Certain Non-GAAP Financial Information

In addition to disclosing financial results that are determined in accordance with GAAP, we also disclose certain non-GAAP financial information, including:

- Non-GAAP operating income, which is operating income, adjusted to exclude acquisition-related and integration expenses, including related restructuring costs, step-up depreciation, amortization of intangible assets and share-based compensation.
- Non-GAAP operating margin, which is non-GAAP operating income, as defined above, divided by revenue.
- Adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization, or adjusted EBITDA, which is non-GAAP operating income, as defined above, plus depreciation (exclusive of step-up depreciation).
- Adjusted EBITDA margin, which is adjusted EBITDA, as defined above, divided by revenue.
- Non-GAAP net income, which is net income excluding the tax effected impact of acquisition-related and integration expenses, including related restructuring costs, step-up depreciation, amortization of intangible assets, share-based compensation, imputed interest related to the Sellers' Note, change in acquisition contingent consideration and foreign currency losses (gains), net. Non-GAAP net income also excludes the income tax effect of certain legal entity restructuring activity.
- Free cash flow, which is cash flows from operating activities less capital expenditures, and adjusted free cash flow, which is free cash flow excluding the effect of changes in the outstanding factoring balance. We believe that free cash flow is a meaningful measure of cash flows since capital expenditures are a necessary component of ongoing operations. We believe that adjusted free cash flow is a meaningful measure of cash flows because it removes the effect of factoring which changes the timing of the receipt of cash for certain receivables. However, free cash flow and adjusted cash flow have limitations because they do not represent the residual cash flow available for discretionary expenditures. For example, free cash flow and adjusted free cash flow do not incorporate payments for business acquisitions.
- Non-GAAP diluted earnings per common share ("EPS"), which is diluted EPS excluding the per share, tax effected impact of acquisition-related and integration expenses, including related restructuring costs, step-up depreciation, amortization of intangible assets, share-based compensation, imputed interest related to the Sellers' Note, change in acquisition contingent consideration and foreign currency losses (gains), net. Non-GAAP EPS also excludes the per share income tax effect of certain legal entity restructuring activity. Non-

GAAP EPS excludes net income attributable to participating securities, and the per share, tax-effected impact of adjustments to net income described above that are attributable to common shareholders.

We believe that providing this additional information is useful to the reader to better assess and understand our base operating performance, especially when comparing results with previous periods and for planning and forecasting in future periods, primarily because management typically monitors the business adjusted for these items in addition to GAAP results. Management also uses these non-GAAP measures to establish operational goals and, in some cases, for measuring performance for compensation purposes. These non-GAAP financial measures exclude amortization of intangible assets. Our acquisition activities have resulted in the recognition of intangible assets, which consist primarily of customer relationships, technology, and trade names. Finite-lived intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives and are tested for impairment when events indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. The amortization of intangible assets is reflected in our statements of operations. Although intangible assets contribute to our revenue generation, the amortization of intangible assets does not directly relate to the services performed for our clients. Additionally, intangible asset amortization expense typically fluctuates based on the size and timing of our acquisition activity. Accordingly, we believe excluding the amortization of intangible assets, along with the other non-GAAP adjustments, which neither relate to the ordinary course of our business nor reflect our underlying business performance, enhances our and our investors' ability to compare our past financial performance with its current performance and to analyze underlying business performance and trends. Intangible asset amortization excluded from the related non-GAAP financial measure represents the entire amount recorded within our GAAP financial statements, and the revenue generated by the associated intangible assets has not been excluded from the related non-GAAP financial measure. Intangible asset amortization is excluded from the related non-GAAP financial measure because the amortization, unlike the related revenue, is not affected by operations of any particular period unless an intangible asset becomes impaired or the estimated useful life of an intangible asset is revised. These non-GAAP financial measures also exclude share-based compensation expense. Given the subjective assumptions and the variety of award types that companies can use when calculating share-based compensation expense, management believes this additional information allows investors to make additional comparisons between our operating results and those of our peers. As these non-GAAP financial measures are not calculated in accordance with GAAP, they may not necessarily be comparable to similarly titled measures employed by other companies. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the comparable GAAP measures and should be used as a complement to, and in conjunction with, data presented in accordance with GAAP.

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,	
	2024	2023
	(\$ in thousands except per share amounts)	
Operating income	\$ 596,387	\$ 661,327
Acquisition-related and integration expenses	156,771	71,336
Step-up depreciation	9,907	—
Amortization of intangibles	458,925	214,832
Share-based compensation	95,922	62,493
Non-GAAP operating income	\$ 1,317,912	\$ 1,009,988
Net income	\$ 251,217	\$ 313,842
Interest expense and finance charges, net	321,828	201,004
Provision for income taxes	48,057	94,386
Other expense (income), net	(24,715)	52,095
Acquisition-related and integration expenses	156,771	71,336
Step-up depreciation	9,907	—
Amortization of intangibles	458,925	214,832
Share-based compensation	95,922	62,493
Depreciation (exclusive of step-up depreciation)	237,013	171,801
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 1,554,925	\$ 1,181,789
Operating margin	6.2 %	9.3 %
Non-GAAP operating margin	13.7 %	14.2 %
Adjusted EBITDA margin	16.2 %	16.6 %
Net income	\$ 251,217	\$ 313,842
Acquisition-related and integration expenses	156,771	71,336
Step-up depreciation	9,907	—
Acquisition-related expenses included in interest expense and finance charges, net ⁽¹⁾	—	25,556
Acquisition-related expenses included in other expense (income), net ⁽¹⁾	—	14,629
Imputed interest related to Sellers' Note included in interest expense and finance charges, net	16,895	2,998
Change in acquisition contingent consideration included in other expense (income), net	(29,268)	15,681
Foreign currency losses (gains), net ⁽²⁾	(1,850)	14,938
Amortization of intangibles	458,925	214,832
Share-based compensation	95,922	62,493
Income taxes related to the above ⁽³⁾	(173,963)	(105,616)
Income tax effect of legal entity restructuring	(12,254)	—
Non-GAAP net income	\$ 772,302	\$ 630,689

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,	
	2024	2023
Diluted earnings per common share (“EPS”)	\$ 3.71	\$ 5.70
Acquisition-related and integration expenses	2.32	1.30
Step-up depreciation	0.15	—
Acquisition-related expenses included in interest expense and finance charges, net ⁽¹⁾	—	0.46
Acquisition-related expenses included in other expense (income), net ⁽¹⁾	—	0.27
Imputed interest related to Sellers’ Note included in interest expense and finance charges, net	0.25	0.05
Change in acquisition contingent consideration included in other expense (income), net	(0.43)	0.28
Foreign currency losses (gains), net ⁽²⁾	(0.03)	0.27
Amortization of intangibles	6.79	3.90
Share-based compensation	1.42	1.14
Income taxes related to the above ⁽³⁾	(2.58)	(1.92)
Income tax effect of legal entity restructuring	(0.18)	—
Non-GAAP Diluted EPS	\$ 11.42	\$ 11.45

⁽¹⁾ Included in these amounts are a) Bridge Facility financing fees and b) losses associated with non-designated call option contracts put in place to hedge foreign exchange movements in connection with the Webhelp Combination that are included within interest expense and finance charges, net and other expense (income), net, respectively, in the consolidated statement of operations.

⁽²⁾ Foreign currency losses (gains), net are included in other expense (income), net and primarily consist of gains and losses recognized on the revaluation and settlement of foreign currency transactions and realized and unrealized gains and losses on derivative contracts that do not qualify for hedge accounting. The reported amounts for non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP EPS for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2024 and 2023 include adjustments to exclude these foreign currency losses (gains), net.

⁽³⁾ The tax effect of taxable and deductible non-GAAP adjustments was calculated using the tax deductible portion of the expenses and applying the entity specific, statutory tax rates applicable to each item during the respective fiscal years.

Client Concentration

In fiscal years 2024 and 2023, no client accounted for more than 10% of our consolidated revenue.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our primary uses of cash are working capital, capital expenditures to expand our delivery footprint and enhance our technology solutions, debt repayments, acquisitions, and acquisition-related and integration expenses, including in connection with our combination with Webhelp in September 2023. Our financing needs for these uses of cash have been a combination of operating cash flows and third-party debt arrangements. Our working capital needs are primarily to finance accounts receivable. When our revenue is increasing, our net investment in working capital typically increases. Conversely, when revenue is decreasing, our net investment in working capital typically decreases. To increase our market share and better serve our clients, we may further expand our operations through investments or acquisitions. We expect that such expansion would require an initial investment in working capital, personnel, facilities, and operations. These investments or acquisitions would likely be funded primarily by our existing cash and cash equivalents, available liquidity, including capacity on our debt arrangements, or the issuance of securities. We funded the Webhelp Combination through (i) proceeds from our August 2023 offering and sale of senior notes, (ii) term loan borrowings under our senior credit facility, and (iii) cash on hand.

In September 2021, considering our strong free cash flow, low leverage and adequate liquidity to support capital return to stockholders while maintaining flexibility to pursue acquisitions, our board of directors authorized a share repurchase program. Under the share repurchase program, the board of directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$500 million of our common stock from time to time as market and business conditions warrant, including through open market purchases or Rule 10b5-1 trading plans. The share repurchase program has no termination date and may be suspended or discontinued at any time. During the fiscal years ended November 30, 2024 and 2023, we repurchased 2,200,819 and 709,438 shares, respectively, of our common stock under the share repurchase program.

for approximately \$136.1 million and \$64.0 million, respectively, in the aggregate. At November 30, 2024, approximately \$154.0 million remained available for share repurchases under the existing authorization from our board of directors.

During December 2024, we repurchased 150,563 shares of our common stock under the share repurchase program for an aggregate purchase price of \$6.5 million.

In January 2025, our board of directors extended our share repurchase program by authorizing an increase of the amount remaining for share repurchases under the existing share repurchase authorization to \$600 million.

During fiscal years 2024 and 2023, we paid the following dividends per share approved by our board of directors:

Announcement Date	Record Date	Per Share Dividend Amount	Payment Date
January 19, 2023	January 30, 2023	\$0.275	February 10, 2023
March 29, 2023	April 28, 2023	\$0.275	May 9, 2023
June 28, 2023	July 28, 2023	\$0.275	August 8, 2023
September 27, 2023	October 27, 2023	\$0.3025	November 7, 2023
January 24, 2024	February 5, 2024	\$0.3025	February 15, 2024
March 26, 2024	April 26, 2024	\$0.3025	May 7, 2024
June 26, 2024	July 26, 2024	\$0.3025	August 6, 2024
September 25, 2024	October 25, 2024	\$0.33275	November 5, 2024

On January 15, 2025, the Company announced a cash dividend of \$0.33275 per share to stockholders of record as of the close of business on January 31, 2025, payable on February 11, 2025.

We expect that future cash dividends will be paid on a quarterly basis. However, any decision to pay future cash dividends will be subject to our board of directors' approval, and will depend on many factors, such as our financial condition, earnings, capital requirements, debt service obligations, restrictive covenants in our debt agreements, industry practice, legal requirements, regulatory constraints, and other factors that our board of directors deems relevant. Our ability to pay dividends will depend on our ongoing ability to generate cash from operations and on our access to the capital markets. We cannot guarantee that we will continue to pay a dividend in the future.

Debt Arrangements

Senior Notes

On August 2, 2023, we issued and sold (i) \$800 million aggregate principal amount of 6.650% Senior Notes due 2026 (the "2026 Notes"), (ii) \$800 million aggregate principal amount of 6.600% Senior Notes due 2028 (the "2028 Notes") and (iii) \$550 million aggregate principal amount of 6.850% Senior Notes due 2033 (the "2033 Notes" and, together with the 2026 Notes and 2028 Notes, the "Senior Notes"). The Senior Notes were sold in a registered public offering pursuant to our Registration Statement on Form S-3, which became effective upon filing, and a Prospectus Supplement dated July 19, 2023, to a Prospectus dated July 17, 2023.

The Senior Notes were issued pursuant to, and are governed by, an indenture, dated as of August 2, 2023 (the "Base Indenture"), between Concentrix and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee (the "Trustee"), as supplemented by a first supplemental indenture dated as of August 2, 2023 between Concentrix and the Trustee relating to the 2026 Notes, a second supplemental indenture dated as of August 2, 2023 between Concentrix and the Trustee relating to the 2028 Notes, and a third supplemental indenture dated as of August 2, 2023 between Concentrix and the Trustee relating to the 2033 Notes (such supplemental indentures, together with the Base Indenture, the "Indenture"). The Indenture contains customary covenants and restrictions, including covenants that limit Concentrix Corporation's and certain of its subsidiaries' ability to create or incur liens on shares of stock of certain subsidiaries or on principal properties, engage in sale/leaseback transactions or, with respect to Concentrix Corporation, consolidate or merge with, or sell or lease substantially all its assets to, another person. The Indenture also provides for customary events of default.

In connection with the closing of the Webhelp Combination, we entered into cross-currency swap arrangements with certain financial institutions for a total notional amount of \$500 million of the Senior Notes. In addition to aligning the currency of a portion of our interest payments to our euro-denominated cash flows, the arrangements effectively converted \$250 million aggregate principal amount of the 2026 Notes and \$250 million aggregate principal amount of the 2028 Notes into synthetic fixed euro-based debt at weighted average interest rates of 5.12% and 5.18%, respectively.

Restated Credit Facility

On April 21, 2023, we entered into an Amendment and Restatement Agreement (the “Amendment Agreement”) with the lenders party thereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. and Bank of America, N.A. to amend and restate our prior credit agreement dated as of October 16, 2020 (the “Prior Credit Facility” and as amended and restated, the “Restated Credit Facility”).

The Restated Credit Facility provides for the extension of a senior unsecured revolving credit facility not to exceed an aggregate principal amount of \$1,042.5 million. The Restated Credit Facility also provides for a senior unsecured term loan facility in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed approximately \$2,144.7 million (the “Term Loan”), of which \$1,850 million was incurred upon the amendment and approximately \$294.7 million was drawn on a delayed draw basis (the “Delayed Draw Term Loans”) on the closing date of the Webhelp combination (the “Closing Date”). Aggregate borrowing capacity under the Restated Credit Facility may be increased by up to an additional \$500 million by increasing the amount of the revolving credit facility or by incurring additional term loans, in each case subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions set forth in the Restated Credit Facility, including the receipt of additional commitments for such increase.

As of November 30, 2023, the outstanding principal balance on the Term Loan was \$1,950 million due to principal payments made subsequent to the Closing Date. During fiscal year 2024, we voluntarily prepaid \$450 million of the principal balance on the Term Loan, without penalty, resulting in an outstanding balance at November 30, 2024 of approximately \$1,500 million.

The maturity date of the Restated Credit Facility remains December 27, 2026, subject, in the case of the revolving credit facility, to two one-year extensions upon our prior notice to the lenders and the agreement of the lenders to extend such maturity date. Due to the voluntary prepayments previously described, no principal payment on the term loans is due until fiscal year 2026 with the remaining outstanding principal amount due in full on the maturity date.

Borrowings under the Restated Credit Facility bear interest, in the case of SOFR rate loans, at a per annum rate equal to the applicable SOFR rate (but not less than 0.0%), plus an applicable margin, which ranges from 1.125% to 2.000%, based on the credit ratings of our senior unsecured non-credit enhanced long-term indebtedness for borrowed money plus a credit spread adjustment to the SOFR rate of 0.10%. Borrowings under the Restated Credit Facility that are base rate loans bear interest at a per annum rate (but not less than 1.0%) equal to (i) the greatest of (A) the Prime Rate (as defined in the Restated Credit Facility) in effect on such day, (B) the NYFRB Rate (as defined in the Restated Credit Facility) in effect on such day plus ½ of 1.0%, and (C) the adjusted one-month term SOFR rate plus 1.0% per annum, plus (ii) an applicable margin, which ranges from 0.125% to 1.000%, based on the credit ratings of our senior unsecured non-credit enhanced long-term indebtedness for borrowed money.

The Restated Credit Facility contains certain loan covenants that are customary for credit facilities of this type and that restrict our ability to take certain actions, including the creation of liens, mergers or consolidations, changes to the nature of our business, and, solely with respect to our subsidiaries, incurrence of indebtedness. In addition, the Restated Credit Facility contains financial covenants that require us to maintain at the end of each fiscal quarter, (i) a consolidated leverage ratio (as defined in the Restated Credit Facility) not to exceed 3.75 to 1.0 (or for certain periods following certain qualified acquisitions, 4.25 to 1.0) and (ii) a consolidated interest coverage ratio (as defined in the Restated Credit Facility) equal to or greater than 3.00 to 1.0. The Restated Credit Facility also contains various customary events of default, including payment defaults, defaults under certain other indebtedness, and a change of control of Concentrix Corporation.

None of our subsidiaries guarantees the obligations under the Restated Credit Facility.

Prior to entering into the Amendment Agreement, obligations under the Prior Credit Facility were secured by substantially all of the assets of Concentrix Corporation and certain of our U.S. subsidiaries and were guaranteed by certain of our U.S. subsidiaries. Borrowings under the Prior Credit Facility bore interest, in the case of term or daily SOFR loans, at a per annum rate equal to the applicable SOFR rate (but not less than 0.0%), plus an adjustment of between 0.10% and 0.25% depending on the interest period of each SOFR loan, plus an applicable margin, which ranged from 1.25% to 2.00%, based on our consolidated leverage ratio. Borrowings under the Prior Credit Facility that were base rate loans bore interest at a per annum rate equal to (i) the greatest of (a) the Federal Funds Rate in effect on such day plus ½ of 1.00%, (b) the rate of interest last publicly announced by Bank of America as its “prime rate” and (c) the term SOFR rate plus 1.00%, plus (ii) an applicable margin, which ranged from 0.25% to 1.00%, based on our consolidated leverage ratio. From August 31, 2022 through the date of the Amendment Agreement, the outstanding principal of the term loans under the Prior Credit Facility was payable in quarterly installments of \$26.25 million.

During fiscal year 2023, we voluntarily prepaid \$25.0 million of the principal balance on the term loans under the Prior Credit Facility, without penalty.

At November 30, 2024 and 2023, no amounts were outstanding under our revolving credit facility.

Securitization Facility

On April 25, 2024, we entered into an amendment to the Securitization Facility to (i) increase the commitment of the lenders to provide available borrowings from up to \$500 million to up to \$600 million, (ii) extend the termination date of the Securitization Facility from July 5, 2024 to April 24, 2026, and (iii) amend the interest rate margins, such that borrowings under the Securitization Facility that are funded by certain lenders through such lenders’ issuance of commercial paper bear interest at the applicable commercial paper rate plus a spread of 0.80% and, otherwise, at a bank rate that includes a per annum rate equal to the applicable SOFR rate (subject to a SOFR related adjustment of 0.10%), plus a spread of 0.90%.

Under the Securitization Facility, Concentrix Corporation and certain of its U.S. based subsidiaries sell or otherwise transfer all of their accounts receivable to a special purpose bankruptcy-remote subsidiary of Concentrix Corporation that grants a security interest in the receivables to the lenders in exchange for available borrowings of up to \$600 million. Borrowing availability under the Securitization Facility may be limited by our accounts receivable balances, changes in the credit ratings of our clients comprising the receivables, client concentration levels in the receivables, and certain characteristics of the accounts receivable being transferred (including factors tracking performance of the accounts receivable over time).

The Securitization Facility contains various affirmative and negative covenants, including a consolidated leverage ratio covenant that is consistent with the Restated Credit Facility and customary events of default, including payment defaults, defaults under certain other indebtedness, a change in control of Concentrix Corporation, and certain events negatively affecting the overall credit quality of the transferred accounts receivable.

On January 14, 2025, we entered into an amendment to the Securitization Facility to increase the commitment of the lenders to provide available borrowings from up to \$600 million to up to \$700 million and extend the termination date of the Securitization Facility from April 24, 2026 to January 14, 2027.

Sellers’ Note

On September 25, 2023, as part of the consideration for the Webhelp Combination, we issued the Sellers’ Note in the aggregate principal amount of €700 million to certain Sellers. Pursuant to the Sellers’ Note, the unpaid principal amount outstanding accrues interest at a rate of two percent (2%) per annum, and all principal and accrued interest will be due and payable on September 25, 2025. The stated rate of interest is below our expected borrowing rate. As a result, we discounted the Sellers’ Note by €31,500. The discounted value is being amortized into interest expense over the two-year term.

As of November 30, 2024 and 2023, we were in compliance with the debt covenants related to our debt arrangements.

Cash Flows – Fiscal Years Ended November 30, 2024 and 2023

The following summarizes our cash flows for the fiscal years ended November 30, 2024 and 2023, as reported in our consolidated statement of cash flows in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,	
	2024	2023
	(\$ in thousands)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 667,492	\$ 678,008
Net cash used in investing activities	(244,266)	(2,109,240)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(492,532)	1,802,676
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(17,577)	(12,420)
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ (86,883)	\$ 359,024
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of year	516,487	157,463
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of year	\$ 429,604	\$ 516,487

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$667.5 million for fiscal year 2024, compared to \$678.0 million for fiscal year 2023. The decrease in net cash provided by operating activities over the prior year was primarily related to a decrease in net income and unfavorable changes in operating assets and liabilities.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities for fiscal year 2024 was \$244.3 million. The net cash used in investing activities consisted primarily of purchases of property and equipment of \$238.8 million and payment of deferred cash consideration of \$4.5 million related to the Webhelp Combination.

Net cash used in investing activities in fiscal year 2023 was \$2,109.2 million. The net cash used in investing activities consisted primarily of the aggregate cash paid in connection with the Webhelp Combination of approximately \$1,914.1 million, purchases of property and equipment of \$180.5 million, and a premium paid for call options entered into in connection with the Webhelp Combination of \$14.6 million.

Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities in fiscal year 2024 was \$492.5 million, consisting primarily of principal payments of \$450.0 million made on term loan borrowings under our secured credit facility, share repurchases of \$149.5 million, including repurchases under our share repurchase program and shares withheld upon vesting of share-based awards to satisfy tax withholding obligations, dividends paid of \$83.8 million, a change in funds held for clients of \$32.2 million, and cash paid related to acquired earnout liabilities of \$22.7 million. These payments were partially offset by net borrowings of \$242.5 million under our Securitization Facility.

Net cash provided by financing activities in fiscal year 2023 was \$1,802.7 million, consisting primarily of proceeds, before expenses, of \$2,137.0 million from the issuance of the Senior Notes in August 2023, proceeds from the Delayed Draw Term Loans of \$294.7 million, partially offset by principal payments of \$194.7 million made on the Term Loan, principal payments of \$25.0 million made on term loan borrowings under our Prior Credit Facility, net repayments of \$228.0 million under our Securitization Facility, repurchases of our common stock of \$81.2 million, including repurchases under our share repurchase program and shares withheld upon the vesting of share-based awards to satisfy tax withholding obligation, dividends of \$63.5 million, and cash paid of \$30.5 million related to debt issuance costs for the Senior Notes, financing fees for the Bridge Facility and amendment fees related to our Restated Credit Facility.

We believe our current cash balances and credit availability are enough to support our operating activities for the next twelve months and beyond.

Free Cash Flow and Adjusted Free Cash Flow (non-GAAP measures)

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,	
	2024	2023
(\$ in thousands)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 667,492	\$ 678,008
Purchases of property and equipment	(238,762)	(180,532)
Free cash flow (a non-GAAP measure)	\$ 428,730	\$ 497,476
Change in outstanding factoring balances	45,788	
Adjusted free cash flow (a non-GAAP measure)	\$ 474,518	

Our free cash flow was \$428.7 million in fiscal year 2024, compared to \$497.5 million in fiscal year 2023. The decrease in free cash flow in fiscal year 2024 over the prior year primarily reflects a decrease in net cash provided by operating activities and an increase in capital expenditures as a result of the full year impact of the expanded business due to the Webhelp Combination.

Our adjusted free cash flow was \$474.5 million in fiscal year 2024. Adjusted free cash flow was not a non-GAAP measure utilized in fiscal year 2023 due to the absence of an active factoring program prior to the Webhelp Combination in September 2023.

Capital Resources

As of November 30, 2024, we had total liquidity of \$1,512.1 million, which includes undrawn capacity on our revolving credit facility of \$1,042.5 million, undrawn capacity of \$229.0 million under our Securitization Facility, and cash and cash equivalents.

Our cash and cash equivalents totaled \$240.6 million and \$295.3 million as of November 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Of our total cash and cash equivalents, 98% and 99% were held by our non-U.S. legal entities as of November 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The cash and cash equivalents held by our non-U.S. legal entities are no longer subject to U.S. federal tax on repatriation into the United States; repatriation of some non-U.S. balances is restricted by local laws. Historically, we have fully utilized and reinvested all non-U.S. cash to fund our international operations and expansions; however, we have recorded deferred tax liabilities related to non-U.S. withholding taxes on the earnings of certain previously acquired non-U.S. entities that are likely to be repatriated in the future. If in the future our intentions change, and we repatriate the cash back to the United States, we will report in our consolidated financial statements the impact of the state and withholding taxes depending upon the planned timing and manner of such repatriation.

We believe that our available cash and cash equivalents balances, the cash flows expected to be generated from operations, and our sources of liquidity will be sufficient to satisfy our current and planned working capital and investment needs for the next twelve months. We also believe that our longer-term working capital, planned capital expenditures, and other general corporate funding requirements will be satisfied through cash flows from operations and, to the extent necessary, from our borrowing facilities and future financing activities.

Material Cash Requirements, including Contractual Obligations to Third Parties

The following table summarizes our material cash requirements from known contractual or other obligations as of November 30, 2024 that are not disclosed elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K:

	Payments Due by Period				
	Total	Less than 1 Year	1 - 3 Years	3 - 5 Years	>5 Years
(in thousands)					
Certain Contractual Obligations:					
Interest on financing agreements ^(a)	\$ 847,962	\$ 284,783	\$ 314,488	\$ 110,550	\$ 138,141
Defined benefit plan funding ^(b)	60,618	—	—	4,603	56,015

(a) Cash obligations for required interest payments on our variable-rate debt obligations at the current rates as of November 30, 2024.

(b) Includes projected contributions to achieve minimum funding objectives for our cash balance pension plan.

As of November 30, 2024, we have established a reserve of \$113.0 million for unrecognized tax benefits. As we are unable to reasonably predict the timing of settlement related to these unrecognized tax benefits, the table above excludes such liabilities.

We currently expect our fiscal year 2025 capital expenditures to be approximately \$230 million to \$250 million, which includes investments to support our growth and maintenance capital expenditures.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market Risk

We are and will be exposed to a variety of market risks, including the effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. Market risk is the potential loss arising from changes in market rates and prices. Our risk management strategy includes managing these risks through our regular operating and financing activities and, when appropriate, through the use of derivative financial instruments. We utilize derivative financial instruments to hedge economic exposures, as well as reduce earnings and cash flow volatility resulting from shifts in market rates. In using derivative financial instruments to hedge our exposures to changes in exchange rates, we expose ourselves to counterparty credit risk. We manage our exposure to counterparty credit risk by entering into derivative financial instruments with investment grade-rated institutions that can be expected to perform fully under the terms of the agreements and by diversifying the financial institutions with which we enter into such agreements. There can be no guarantee that the risk management activities that we have entered into will be sufficient to fully offset market risk or reduce earnings and cash flow volatility resulting from shifts in market rates. See Note 7 of the consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for additional discussion of our financial risk management.

Foreign Currency Risk

While approximately 50% of our revenue is priced in U.S. dollars, we recognize a substantial amount of revenue under contracts that are denominated in euros, British pounds, Japanese yen, and Brazilian real, among other currencies. A significant increase in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to these currencies may have a material adverse effect on the value of those services when translated into U.S. dollars.

We serve many of our U.S.-based, European and British clients from our delivery centers located around the world. As a result, a substantial portion of the costs to deliver these services are denominated in the local currency of the country where the services are performed. This creates foreign exchange exposure for us. As of November 30, 2024, we have hedged a portion of our exposure related to the anticipated cash flow requirements denominated in certain foreign currencies by entering into hedging contracts with institutions to acquire a total of PHP 42,700.0 million at a fixed price of \$747.4 million at various dates through November 2026; and INR 27,790.0 million at a fixed price of \$324.0 million at various dates through November 2026. The fair value of these derivative instruments as of November 30, 2024 is presented in Note 8 of the consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. The potential loss in fair value at November 30, 2024 for such contracts resulting from a hypothetical 10% adverse change in the underlying foreign currency exchange rates is approximately \$105.0 million. This loss would be substantially mitigated by corresponding gains on the underlying foreign currency exposures.

Other foreign currency exposures arise from transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currency. We periodically enter into hedging contracts that are not denominated as hedges. The purpose of these derivative instruments is to mitigate the risk of foreign currency exposure related to receivables, payables and intercompany transactions that are denominated in currencies that are different from the functional currencies of our respective legal entities that are party to the transactions. As of November 30, 2024, the fair value of these derivatives not designated as hedges was a net receivable of \$13.8 million.

Interest Rate Risk

At November 30, 2024, our outstanding debt under our Restated Credit Facility and our Securitization Facility is variable rate debt, which exposes the Company to changes in interest rates. Holding other variables constant, including the total amount of outstanding indebtedness, a one hundred basis point increase in interest rates on our variable-rate debt would cause an estimated increase in interest expense of approximately \$18.7 million per year.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

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Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Our internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of our assets; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of ours are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on this assessment, our management has concluded that, as of November 30, 2024, our internal control over financial reporting was effective at the reasonable assurance level based on those criteria.

The effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of November 30, 2024 has been audited by KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report which appears beginning on the following page of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors
Concentrix Corporation:

Opinions on the Consolidated Financial Statements and Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Concentrix Corporation and subsidiaries (the Company) as of November 30, 2024 and 2023, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended November 30, 2024, and the related notes and financial statement Schedule II - Valuation and Qualifying Accounts (collectively, the consolidated financial statements). We also have audited the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of November 30, 2024, based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of November 30, 2024 and 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended November 30, 2024, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of November 30, 2024 based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

Basis for Opinions

The Company's management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's consolidated financial statements and an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud, and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audits of the consolidated financial statements included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made

only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Critical Audit Matter

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of a critical audit matter does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing separate opinions on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Sufficiency of audit evidence over revenue

As discussed in Notes 2 and 10 to the consolidated financial statements, and presented in the consolidated statement of operations, the Company reported revenue of \$9,619 million for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2024. Revenue is generated primarily from the provision of technology and services to its clients. The Company recognizes revenue from contracts, and accounts for a contract with a client, when it has written approval, the contract is committed, the rights of the parties, including payment terms, are identified, the contract has commercial substance, and consideration is probable of collection. The Company operates in over 70 countries across six continents, with significant concentrations in the Philippines, India, Brazil, the United States, Egypt, Türkiye, Colombia, Malaysia, Morocco, China, the United Kingdom, and elsewhere throughout EMEA, Latin America, and Asia-Pacific.

We identified the evaluation of the sufficiency of audit evidence over revenue as a critical audit matter. Evaluating the sufficiency of audit evidence obtained required especially subjective auditor judgment because of the geographical dispersion of the Company's revenue generating activities. This included determining the locations for which procedures were performed and evaluating the evidence obtained over revenue.

The following are the primary procedures we performed to address this critical audit matter. We applied auditor judgment to determine the nature and extent of procedures to be performed over revenue, including the determination of the locations at which those procedures were performed. For each location for which procedures were performed, we evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of certain internal controls related to the revenue process, including controls related to the appropriate recording of revenue. For certain locations, we performed a software-assisted data analysis to test relationships among certain revenue transactions. In addition, for certain locations, we compared the amounts recognized as revenue for a sample of transactions for consistency with relevant underlying documentation, including contracts and other third-party evidence. We evaluated the sufficiency of the audit evidence obtained over revenue by assessing the results of the procedures performed, including the appropriateness of the nature and extent of such evidence.

/s/ KPMG LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2019.

Cincinnati, Ohio
January 28, 2025

CONCENTRIX CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(currency and share amounts in thousands, except par value)

	November 30, 2024	November 30, 2023
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 240,571	\$ 295,336
Accounts receivable, net	1,926,737	1,888,890
Other current assets	675,116	674,423
Total current assets	2,842,424	2,858,649
Property and equipment, net	714,517	748,691
Goodwill	4,986,967	5,078,668
Intangible assets, net	2,286,940	2,804,965
Deferred tax assets	218,396	72,333
Other assets	942,194	928,521
Total assets	<u>\$ 11,991,438</u>	<u>\$ 12,491,827</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 209,812	\$ 243,565
Current portion of long-term debt	2,522	2,313
Accrued compensation and benefits	706,619	731,172
Other accrued liabilities	977,314	1,016,406
Income taxes payable	99,546	80,583
Total current liabilities	1,995,813	2,074,039
Long-term debt, net	4,733,056	4,939,712
Other long-term liabilities	910,271	920,536
Deferred tax liabilities	312,574	414,246
Total liabilities	7,951,714	8,348,533
Commitments and contingencies (Note 14)		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value, 10,000 shares authorized and no shares issued and outstanding as of November 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively	—	—
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value, 250,000 shares authorized; 68,849 and 67,883 shares issued as of November 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and 64,238 and 65,734 shares outstanding as of November 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively	7	7
Additional paid-in capital	3,683,608	3,582,521
Treasury stock, 4,611 and 2,149 shares as of November 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively	(421,449)	(271,968)
Retained earnings	1,191,871	1,024,461
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(414,313)	(191,727)
Total stockholders' equity	4,039,724	4,143,294
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 11,991,438</u>	<u>\$ 12,491,827</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONCENTRIX CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(currency and share amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		
	2024	2023	2022
Revenue	\$ 9,618,900	\$ 7,114,706	\$ 6,324,473
Cost of revenue	6,170,013	4,536,771	4,067,210
Gross profit	3,448,887	2,577,935	2,257,263
Selling, general and administrative expenses	2,852,500	1,916,608	1,617,071
Operating income	596,387	661,327	640,192
Interest expense and finance charges, net	321,828	201,004	70,076
Other expense (income), net	(24,715)	52,095	(34,887)
Income before income taxes	299,274	408,228	605,003
Provision for income taxes	48,057	94,386	169,363
Net income before non-controlling interest	251,217	313,842	435,640
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interest	—	—	591
Net income attributable to Concentrix Corporation	\$ 251,217	\$ 313,842	\$ 435,049
Earnings per common share:			
Basic	\$ 3.72	\$ 5.72	\$ 8.34
Diluted	\$ 3.71	\$ 5.70	\$ 8.28
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:			
Basic	64,977	53,801	51,353
Diluted	65,074	54,010	51,740

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONCENTRIX CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(currency in thousands)

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		
	2024	2023	2022
Net income before non-controlling interest	\$ 251,217	\$ 313,842	\$ 435,640
Other comprehensive income (loss):			
Unrealized gains (losses) of defined benefit plans, net of taxes of \$(2,078), \$(894), and \$(4,329) for fiscal years ended November 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively	5,988	(2,800)	14,274
Unrealized gains (losses) on hedges during the period, net of taxes of \$9,514, \$(4,938), and \$15,427 for fiscal years ended November 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively	(34,029)	10,610	(45,464)
Reclassification of net losses on hedges to net income, net of taxes of \$(1,230), \$(4,594), and \$(9,276) for fiscal years ended November 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively	3,659	13,793	26,953
Total change in unrealized gains (losses) on hedges, net of taxes	(30,370)	24,403	(18,511)
Foreign currency translation adjustments for fiscal years ended November 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022	(198,204)	102,419	(240,986)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(222,586)	124,022	(245,223)
Comprehensive income	28,631	437,864	190,417
Less: Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interest	—	—	591
Comprehensive income attributable to Concentrix Corporation	\$ 28,631	\$ 437,864	\$ 189,826

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONCENTRIX CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(currency and share amounts in thousands)

	Concentrix Corporation Stockholders' Equity								
	Redeemable non-controlling interest	Common Stock			Treasury stock		Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	Total
		Shares	Amount	Additional paid-in capital	Shares	Amount			
Balances, November 30, 2021	\$ —	51,594	\$ 5	\$ 2,355,767	333	\$ (57,486)	\$ 392,495	\$ (70,526)	\$ 2,620,255
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(245,223)	(245,223)
Equity awards issued as acquisition purchase consideration	—	—	—	15,725	—	—	—	—	15,725
Acquisition of non-controlling interest in subsidiary	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net income attributable to non-controlling interest	591	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Purchase of non-controlling interest in subsidiary	(2,591)	—	—	91	—	—	—	—	91
Share-based compensation activity	—	773	—	56,730	—	—	—	—	56,730
Repurchase of common stock for tax withholdings on equity awards	—	—	—	—	96	(12,474)	—	—	(12,474)
Repurchase of common stock	—	—	—	—	842	(120,819)	—	—	(120,819)
Dividends	—	—	—	—	—	—	(53,430)	—	(53,430)
Net income	—	—	—	—	—	—	435,049	—	435,049
Balances, November 30, 2022	—	52,367	5	2,428,313	1,271	(190,779)	774,114	(315,749)	2,695,904
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	124,022	124,022
Common stock issued as acquisition purchase consideration	—	14,862	2	1,084,894	—	—	—	—	1,084,896
Share-based compensation activity	—	654	—	69,314	—	—	—	—	69,314
Repurchase of common stock for tax withholdings on equity awards	—	—	—	—	169	(17,231)	—	—	(17,231)
Repurchase of common stock	—	—	—	—	709	(63,958)	—	—	(63,958)
Dividends	—	—	—	—	—	—	(63,495)	—	(63,495)
Net income	—	—	—	—	—	—	313,842	—	313,842
Balances, November 30, 2023	—	67,883	7	3,582,521	2,149	(271,968)	1,024,461	(191,727)	4,143,294
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(222,586)	(222,586)
Share-based compensation activity	—	966	—	101,087	—	—	—	—	101,087
Repurchase of common stock for tax withholdings on equity awards	—	—	—	—	261	(13,385)	—	—	(13,385)
Repurchase of common stock	—	—	—	—	2,201	(136,096)	—	—	(136,096)
Dividends	—	—	—	—	—	—	(83,807)	—	(83,807)
Net income	—	—	—	—	—	—	251,217	—	251,217
Balances, November 30, 2024	\$ —	68,849	\$ 7	\$ 3,683,608	4,611	\$ (421,449)	\$ 1,191,871	\$ (414,313)	\$ 4,039,724

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONCENTRIX CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(currency in thousands)

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		
	2024	2023	2022
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income before non-controlling interest	\$ 251,217	\$ 313,842	\$ 435,640
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	246,920	173,463	146,864
Amortization	458,925	214,832	162,673
Non-cash share-based compensation	96,057	62,113	47,142
Provision for doubtful accounts	7,057	10,236	3,329
Deferred income taxes	(235,248)	(121,711)	(30,824)
Unrealized foreign exchange loss	—	—	374
Loss on call options	—	14,629	—
Amortization of debt discount and issuance costs	25,276	6,089	1,771
Pension and other post-retirement benefit costs	16,097	11,328	9,437
Pension and other post-retirement plan contributions	(4,442)	(12,143)	(12,776)
Change in acquisition contingent consideration	(29,268)	15,681	—
Other	1,791	306	537
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable, net	(63,851)	(45,895)	(53,129)
Accounts payable	(25,819)	9,341	14,626
Other operating assets and liabilities	(77,220)	25,897	(124,944)
Net cash provided by operating activities	667,492	678,008	600,720
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchases of property and equipment	(238,762)	(180,532)	(140,018)
Premiums paid for call options	—	(14,629)	—
Acquisitions of business, net of cash and restricted cash acquired	(5,504)	(1,914,079)	(1,698,261)
Other investments	—	—	(1,000)
Net cash used in investing activities	(244,266)	(2,109,240)	(1,839,279)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from the Restated Credit Facility - Term Loan	—	294,702	—
Repayments of the Restated Credit Facility - Term Loan	(450,000)	(194,702)	—
Proceeds from the Prior Credit Facility - Term Loan	—	—	2,100,000
Repayments of the Prior Credit Facility - Term Loan	—	(25,000)	(225,000)
Repayments of the original credit facility - original term loan	—	—	(700,000)
Proceeds from the Securitization Facility	2,191,000	1,964,000	1,831,000
Repayments of the Securitization Facility	(1,948,500)	(2,192,000)	(1,579,500)
Proceeds from the issuance of Senior Notes	—	2,136,987	—
Other debt proceeds	6,369	—	—
Other debt repayments	(7,558)	—	—
Cash paid for debt issuance costs	(600)	(30,519)	(9,331)
Purchase of non-controlling interest in subsidiary	—	—	(2,500)
Cash paid for acquired earnout liabilities	(22,737)	(13,309)	—
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	5,030	7,201	9,588
Repurchase of common stock for tax withholdings on equity awards	(13,385)	(17,231)	(12,474)
Repurchase of common stock	(136,096)	(63,958)	(120,819)
Dividends paid	(83,807)	(63,495)	(53,430)
Change in funds held for clients	(32,248)	—	—
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(492,532)	1,802,676	1,237,534
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(17,577)	(12,420)	(24,522)
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(86,883)	359,024	(25,547)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of year	516,487	157,463	183,010
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of year	\$ 429,604	\$ 516,487	\$ 157,463

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONCENTRIX CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(currency in thousands)

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		
	2024	2023	2022
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:			
Interest paid on borrowings	\$ 282,270	\$ 142,598	\$ 67,601
Income taxes paid	\$ 298,445	\$ 217,252	\$ 143,865
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing activities:			
Accrued costs for property and equipment purchases	\$ 24,856	\$ 26,374	\$ 12,675

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONCENTRIX CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(currency and share amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

NOTE 1—BACKGROUND AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

Background

Concentrix Corporation (“Concentrix” or the “Company”), is a global technology and services leader that powers its clients’ brand experiences and digital operations. The Company designs, builds, and runs fully integrated, end-to-end solutions, including customer experience (“CX”) process optimization, technology innovation and design engineering, front- and back-office automation, analytics and business transformation services to clients in five primary industry verticals: technology and consumer electronics; retail, travel and e-commerce; communications and media; banking, financial services and insurance; and healthcare.

Basis of presentation (including principles of consolidation)

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”) and include the accounts of the Company, its majority-owned subsidiaries and entities over which the Company has control. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the consolidated financial statements related to the prior years have been reclassified to conform to the current year’s presentation.

NOTE 2—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expense during the reporting period. The Company evaluates these estimates on a regular basis and bases them on historical experience and on various assumptions that the Company believes are reasonable. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

Segment reporting

Concentrix’ operations are based on an integrated global delivery model whereby services under a client contract in one location may be provided from delivery centers located in one or more different countries, with a significant portion of the Company’s workforce located in the Philippines and India. Given the homogeneity of end-to-end solutions and technology and the integrated delivery model, the Company operates in a single operating segment, based on how the chief operating decision maker (“CODM”) views and evaluates the Company’s operations in making operational and strategic decisions and assessments of financial performance. The Company’s President and Chief Executive Officer has been identified as the CODM.

Cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity or remaining maturity at the date of purchase of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents consist principally of money market deposit accounts that are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. The Company is exposed to credit risk in the event of default by financial institutions to the extent that cash balances with financial institutions are in excess of amounts that are insured.

Accounts receivable and allowance for doubtful accounts

Accounts receivable are comprised primarily of amounts owed to the Company by clients and are presented net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance for doubtful accounts is an estimate to cover the losses resulting from uncertainty regarding collections from customers to make payments for outstanding balances. In estimating the required allowance, the Company considers the overall quality and aging of the accounts receivable

and credit evaluations of its clients' financial condition. The Company also evaluates the collectability of accounts receivable based on specific client circumstances, current economic trends, historical experience with collections and the value and adequacy of any collateral received from clients.

Unbilled receivables

For the majority of service contracts, the Company performs the services prior to billing the client, and this amount is captured as an unbilled receivable included in accounts receivable, net on the consolidated balance sheet. Billing usually occurs in the month after the Company performs the services or in accordance with the specific contractual provisions.

Accounts receivable factoring

Following the combination with Webhelp (as further described in Note 3), the Company has continued Webhelp's pre-existing factoring programs with certain clients to sell accounts receivable to financial institutions under non-recourse agreements in exchange for cash proceeds.

During the years ended November 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company sold approximately \$1.4 billion and \$313,000 of accounts receivable under its factoring programs. As of November 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company had approximately \$162,000 and \$208,000 outstanding under its factoring programs. In some instances, the Company may continue to service the transferred receivables after factoring has occurred. However, any servicing of the trade receivable does not constitute significant continuing involvement.

Derivative financial instruments

The Company accounts for its derivative instruments as either assets or liabilities and carries them at fair value.

For derivative instruments that hedge the exposure to variability in expected future cash flows that are designated as cash flow hedges, the gain or loss on the derivative instrument is reported as a component of "Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)," in stockholders' equity and reclassified into earnings in the same line associated with the forecasted transactions, in the same period or periods during which the hedged transaction affects earnings. To receive hedge accounting treatment, cash flow hedges must be highly effective in offsetting changes to expected future cash flows on hedged transactions.

For derivative instruments that are not designated as cash flow hedges, gains and losses on derivative instruments are reported in the consolidated statements of operations in the current period.

Software costs

The Company develops software platforms for internal use. The Company capitalizes costs incurred to develop software subsequent to the software product reaching the application development stage. The Company also capitalizes the costs incurred to extend the life of existing software, or the cost of significant enhancements that are added to the features of existing software. The capitalized development costs primarily comprise payroll costs and related software costs. Capitalized costs are amortized over the economic life of the software using the straight line method.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight line method based upon the shorter of the estimated useful lives of the assets, or the lease term of the respective assets, if applicable. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred, and improvements are capitalized. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and accumulated depreciation and amortization are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is reflected

in operations in the period realized. The ranges of estimated useful lives for property and equipment categories are as follows:

Equipment and furniture	3 - 10 years
Software	3 - 7 years
Leasehold improvements	2 - 15 years
Buildings and building improvements	10 - 39 years

Leases

The Company enters into leases as a lessee for property and equipment in the ordinary course of business. When procuring services, or upon entering into a contract with its clients, the Company determines whether an arrangement contains a lease at its inception. As part of that evaluation, the Company considers whether there is an implicitly or explicitly identified asset in the arrangement and whether the Company, as the lessee, or the client, if the Company is the lessor, has the right to control the use of that asset. When the Company is the lessee, all leases with a term of more than 12 months are recognized as right-of-use (“ROU”) assets and associated lease liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet. Lease liabilities are measured at the lease commencement date and determined using the present value of the lease payments not yet paid, at the Company’s incremental borrowing rate, which approximates the rate at which the Company would borrow on a secured basis in the country where the lease was executed. The interest rate implicit in the lease is generally not determinable in the transactions where the Company is the lessee. The ROU asset equals the lease liability adjusted for any initial direct costs, prepaid rent and lease incentives. The Company’s variable lease payments generally relate to payments tied to various indexes, non-lease components and payments above a contractual minimum fixed amount.

Operating leases are included in other assets, net, other accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet. Substantially all of the Company’s leases are classified as operating leases. The Company recognizes options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise that option. The Company made a policy election to not recognize leases with a lease term of 12 months or less in the consolidated balance sheet. Lease expenses are recorded within selling, general, and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of operations. Operating lease payments are presented within “Cash flows from operating activities” in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

For all asset classes, the Company has elected the lessee practical expedient to combine lease and non-lease components (e.g., maintenance services) and account for the consolidated unit as a single lease component. Variable lease payments are recognized in the periods in which the obligations for those payments are incurred.

Business combinations

The purchase price of a business combination is allocated to the assets acquired, liabilities assumed, and non-controlling interests in the acquired entity generally based on their fair values at the acquisition date. The excess of the fair value of purchase consideration over the fair value of these assets acquired, liabilities assumed and non-controlling interests in the acquired entity is recorded as goodwill. The primary items that generate goodwill include the value of the synergies between the acquired entity and the Company and the value of the acquired assembled workforce, neither of which qualifies for recognition as an intangible asset. Amounts recorded in a business combination may change during the measurement period, which is a period not to exceed one year from the date of acquisition, as additional information about conditions existing at the acquisition date becomes available. The Company includes the results of operations of the acquired business in the consolidated financial statements prospectively from the date of acquisition. Acquisition-related charges are recognized separately from the business combination and are expensed as incurred. These charges primarily include direct third-party professional and legal fees and integration-related costs.

Goodwill and intangible assets

The Company tests goodwill for impairment annually at the reporting unit level in the fiscal fourth quarter or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it may be impaired. For purposes of the goodwill impairment test, the Company can elect to perform a quantitative or qualitative analysis. If the qualitative analysis is elected, goodwill is tested for impairment at the reporting unit level by first performing a qualitative assessment to

determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying value. The factors that are considered in the qualitative analysis include: macroeconomic conditions; industry and market considerations; cost factors such as increases in labor, or other costs that would have a negative effect on earnings and cash flows; and other relevant entity-specific events and information.

If the Company elects to perform or is required to perform a quantitative analysis, then the reporting unit's carrying value is compared to its fair value. As part of this analysis, the Company reconciles the fair value of its reporting unit to its market capitalization. Additionally, under a quantitative assessment, the fair value of the Company's single reporting unit may be estimated using an income approach, market approach, or a weighted methodology considering the outputs of both the income and market approaches. The income approach applies a fair value methodology to the Company's reporting unit based on a discounted cash flow analysis. A number of judgments are involved in the application of the discounted cash flow analysis, including estimation of future cash flows, which is dependent on internally developed forecasts, including future levels of revenue and earnings growth, estimation of the long-term rate of growth for the Company's business, and determination of a discount rate. The market approach is performed using the guideline company method which involves calculating valuation multiples based on financial data from comparable publicly traded companies and considerations of recent transactions in the market and industry. Goodwill is considered impaired if the carrying value of the reporting unit exceeds its fair value and the excess is recognized as an impairment loss.

No goodwill impairment has been identified for any of the fiscal years presented in these consolidated financial statements.

The values assigned to intangible assets are based on estimates and judgment regarding expectations for the length of customer relationships and the success of the life cycle of technologies acquired in a business combination. Purchased intangible assets are amortized over the useful lives based on estimates of the use of the economic benefit of the asset or by using the straight line method.

Intangible assets consist of customer relationships, technology, trade names and non-compete agreements. Amortization is based on the pattern over which the economic benefits of the intangible assets will be consumed or, when the consumption pattern is not apparent, by using the straight line method over the following useful lives:

Customer relationships	10 - 15 years
Technology	5 years
Trade names	3 - 5 years
Non-compete agreements	3 years

Impairment of long-lived assets

The Company reviews the recoverability of its long-lived assets, such as intangible assets subject to amortization, property and equipment and certain other assets, including lease right-of-use assets, when events or changes in circumstances occur that indicate the carrying value of the asset or asset group may not be recoverable. The assessment of possible impairment is based on the Company's ability to recover the carrying value of the asset or asset group from the expected future pre-tax cash flows, undiscounted and without interest charges, of the related operations. If these cash flows are less than the carrying value of such assets, an impairment loss is recognized for the difference between estimated fair value and carrying value.

Concentration of credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentration of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and derivative instruments.

The Company's cash and cash equivalents and derivative instruments are transacted and maintained with financial institutions with high credit standing, and their compositions and maturities are regularly monitored by management. Through November 30, 2024, the Company has not experienced any credit losses on such deposits and derivative instruments.

Accounts receivable comprise amounts due from clients. The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its clients' financial condition and limits the amount of credit extended when deemed necessary, but generally

requires no collateral. The Company also maintains allowances for potential credit losses. In estimating the required allowances, the Company takes into consideration the overall quality and aging of its receivable portfolio and specifically identified client risks.

In fiscal years 2024, 2023, and 2022, no client accounted for more than 10% of the Company's consolidated revenue.

As of November 30, 2024 and 2023, no client comprised more than 10% of the Company's total accounts receivable balance.

Revenue recognition

The Company generates revenue primarily from the provision of integrated, end-to-end solutions and technology, including CX process optimization to its clients. The Company recognizes revenue from services contracts over time as the promised services are delivered to clients for an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company is entitled in exchange for those services. The Company recognizes revenue over time as the client simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Company as the Company performs the services. The Company accounts for a contract with a client when it has written approval, the contract is committed, the rights of the parties, including payment terms, are identified, the contract has commercial substance and consideration is probable of collection. Revenue is presented net of taxes collected from clients and remitted to government authorities. The Company generally invoices a client after performance of services, or in accordance with specific contractual provisions. Payments are due as per contract terms and do not contain a significant financing component.

The Company determines whether the services performed during the initial phases of an arrangement, such as setup activities, are distinct. In most cases, the arrangement is a single performance obligation comprised of a series of distinct services that are substantially the same and that have the same pattern of transfer (i.e., distinct days of service).

Service contracts are most significantly based on a fixed unit-price per transaction or other objective measure of output. Revenue on unit-price transactions is recognized over time using an objective measure of output such as staffing hours or the number of transactions processed by service advisors. Certain contracts may be based on a fixed price. Revenue on fixed price contracts is recognized over time using an input measure or on a straight-line basis over the term of the contract as the services are provided based on the nature of the contract. Client contract terms can range from less than one year to more than five years.

Certain client contracts include incentive payments from the client upon achieving certain agreed-upon service levels and performance metrics or service level agreements that could result in credits or refunds to the client. Revenue relating to such arrangements is accounted for as variable consideration when the likely amount of revenue to be recognized can be estimated to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal of any incremental revenue will not occur.

Cost of revenue

Recurring direct operating costs for services are recognized as incurred. Cost of services revenue consists primarily of personnel costs and transition and initial set-up costs.

Selling, general and administrative expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses are charged to income as incurred. Expenses of promoting and selling products and services are classified as selling expense and include such items as compensation, sales commissions and travel. General and administrative expenses include such items as compensation, cost of delivery centers, legal and professional costs, office supplies, non-income taxes, insurance and utility expenses. In addition, selling, general and administrative expenses include other operating items such as allowances for credit losses, depreciation and amortization of intangible assets.

Advertising

Costs related to advertising and service promotion expenditures are charged to “Selling, general and administrative expenses” as incurred. To date, net costs related to advertising and promotion expenditures have not been material.

Income taxes

The asset and liability method is used in accounting for income taxes. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the expected tax consequences of temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the financial statements using enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when the difference is expected to reverse. Tax on global low-taxed intangible income is accounted for as a current expense in the period in which the income is includable in a tax return using the “period cost” method. Valuation allowances are provided against deferred tax assets that are not likely to be realized.

The Company recognizes tax benefits from uncertain tax positions only if that tax position is more likely than not to be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements from such positions are then measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon settlement. The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in the provisions for income taxes.

Foreign currency translations

The functional currencies of the legal entities’ financial statements included in these consolidated financial statements are the local currencies of the legal entities and are translated into U.S. dollars for consolidation as follows: assets and liabilities at the exchange rate as of the balance sheet date, equity at the historical rates of exchange, and income and expense amounts at the average exchange rate for the month. Translation adjustments resulting from the translation of the legal entities’ accounts are included in “Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).” Transactions denominated in currencies other than the applicable functional currency are converted to the functional currency at the exchange rate on the transaction date. At period end, monetary assets and liabilities are remeasured to the functional currency using exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are remeasured at historical exchange rates. Gains and losses resulting from foreign currency transactions are included within “Other expense (income), net.”

Other comprehensive income

The primary components of other comprehensive income for the Company include foreign currency translation adjustments arising from the Company’s foreign legal entities, unrealized gains and losses on qualifying hedges, and changes in unrecognized pension and post-retirement benefits.

Share-based compensation

Share-based compensation cost for stock options, restricted stock awards and restricted stock units is determined based on the fair value at the measurement date. The Company recognizes share-based compensation cost as expense for these awards ratably on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. Share-based compensation for performance-based restricted stock units is measured based on fair value at the initial measurement date and is adjusted each reporting period, as necessary, to reflect changes in management’s assessment of the probability that performance conditions will be satisfied and, for certain awards, for changes in the trading price of the Company’s common stock. The Company recognizes share-based compensation cost associated with its performance-based restricted stock units over the requisite service period if it is probable that the performance conditions will be satisfied. The Company accounts for expense reductions that result from the forfeiture of unvested awards in the period that the forfeitures occur.

Pension and post-retirement benefits

The funded status of the Company’s pension and other post-retirement benefit plans is recognized in the consolidated balance sheets. The funded status is measured as the difference between the fair value of plan assets and the benefit obligation at November 30, the measurement date. For defined benefit pension plans, the benefit obligation is the projected benefit obligation (“PBO”) and, for the other post-retirement benefit plans, the benefit obligation is the accumulated post-retirement benefit obligation (“APBO”). The PBO represents the actuarial present

value of benefits expected to be paid upon retirement. For active plans, the present value reflects estimated future compensation levels. The APBO represents the actuarial present value of post-retirement benefits attributed to employee services already rendered. The fair value of plan assets represents the current market value of assets held by an irrevocable trust fund for the sole benefit of participants. The measurement of the benefit obligation is based on the Company's estimates and actuarial valuations. These valuations reflect the terms of the plans and use participant-specific information such as compensation, age and years of service, as well as certain key assumptions that require significant judgment, including, but not limited to, estimates of discount rates, expected return on plan assets, inflation, rate of compensation increases, interest crediting rates and mortality rates. The assumptions used are reviewed on an annual basis.

Earnings per common share

Basic and diluted earnings per common share are calculated using the two-class method. The two-class method is an earnings allocation proportional to the respective ownership among holders of common stock and participating securities. The Company's restricted stock awards and, effective in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2023, restricted stock units are considered participating securities. These restricted stock awards and units are considered participating securities because holders have a non-forfeitable right to receive dividends. Basic earnings per common share is computed by dividing net income attributable to the Company's common stockholders by the weighted-average common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share also considers the dilutive effect of in-the-money stock options and non-participating securities, calculated using the treasury stock method.

Treasury stock

Repurchases of shares of common stock are accounted for at cost and are included as a component of stockholders' equity in the consolidated balance sheets.

Accounting pronouncements recently issued

In December 2019, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued new guidance that simplified the accounting for income taxes. The guidance was effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020, and interim periods within those reporting periods. This standard became effective for the Company in fiscal year 2022 and did not have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

In November 2023, the FASB issued accounting standards update ("ASU") 2023-07, which enhances the disclosures required for reportable segments in annual and interim consolidated financial statements. ASU 2023-07 is effective for the Company for annual reporting periods beginning with the fiscal year ending November 30, 2025 and for interim reporting periods beginning in fiscal year 2026. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that this update will have on its disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, which requires enhanced income tax disclosures, including disaggregation of information in the rate reconciliation table and disaggregated information related to income taxes paid. The amendments in ASU 2023-09 are effective for the fiscal year ending November 30, 2026. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that this update will have on its disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, which requires the disaggregation of certain expenses in the notes to the financial statements, to provide enhanced transparency into the expense captions presented on the face of the income statement. ASU 2024-03 will be effective for the Company for annual reporting periods beginning with the fiscal year ending November 30, 2028 and for interim periods beginning in fiscal year 2029. Early adoption is permitted. The amendments in this ASU may be applied either prospectively or retrospectively. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that this update will have on its disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

No other new accounting pronouncements recently adopted or issued had or are expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 3—ACQUISITIONS:***Webhelp Combination******Background***

On September 25, 2023, the Company completed its acquisition (the “Webhelp Combination”) of all of the issued and outstanding capital stock (the “Shares”) of Marnix Lux SA, a public limited liability company (*société anonyme*) incorporated under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg (“Webhelp Parent”) and the parent company of the Webhelp business (“Webhelp”), from the holders thereof (the “Sellers”). Webhelp was a leading provider of CX solutions, including sales, marketing, and payment services, with significant operations and client relationships in Europe, Latin America, and Africa. The Webhelp Combination was completed pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Share Purchase and Contribution Agreement, dated as of June 12, 2023, as amended by the First Amendment to the Share Purchase and Contribution Agreement, dated as of July 14, 2023 (the “SPA”), by and among Concentrix, OSYRIS S.à r.l., a private limited liability company (*société à responsabilité limitée*) incorporated under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Concentrix Corporation, Webhelp Parent, the Sellers, and certain representatives of the Sellers.

Purchase price consideration

The total purchase price consideration, net of cash and restricted cash acquired, for the acquisition of Webhelp was \$3,774.8 million, which was funded by proceeds from the Company’s August 2023 offering and sale of senior notes, term loan borrowings under the Company’s senior credit facility, the issuance of shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, of Concentrix Corporation (the “Concentrix common stock”), and cash on hand. See Note 9—Borrowings for a further discussion of the Company’s senior notes, term loan, and senior credit facility.

The purchase price consideration to acquire Webhelp consisted of the following:

Cash consideration for Shares ⁽¹⁾	\$ 529,160
Cash consideration for repayment of Webhelp debt and shareholder loan ⁽²⁾	1,915,197
Total cash consideration	2,444,357
Equity consideration ⁽³⁾	1,084,894
Earnout shares contingent consideration ⁽⁴⁾	32,919
Sellers’ note consideration ⁽⁵⁾	711,830
Total consideration transferred	4,274,000
Less: Cash and restricted cash acquired ⁽⁶⁾	(499,211)
Total purchase price consideration	\$ 3,774,789

⁽¹⁾ Represents the cash consideration paid, and to be paid, in the aggregate amount of €500,000, as adjusted in accordance with the SPA.

⁽²⁾ Represents the cash consideration paid to repay Webhelp’s outstanding senior loan debt and shareholder loan.

⁽³⁾ Represents the issuance of 14,862 shares of Concentrix common stock.

⁽⁴⁾ Represents the contingent right for the Sellers to earn an additional 750 shares of Concentrix common stock (the “Earnout Shares”). The estimated fair value of this contingent consideration was determined using a Monte-Carlo simulation model. The inputs include the closing price of Concentrix common stock as of the Closing Date (as defined below), Concentrix-specific historical equity volatility, and the risk-free rate. See further details below.

⁽⁵⁾ Represents a promissory note issued by Concentrix Corporation in the aggregate principal amount of €700,000 to certain Sellers. See Note 9—Borrowings for a further discussion of this promissory note.

⁽⁶⁾ Represents the Webhelp cash and restricted cash balance acquired at the Closing Date.

The Company granted Sellers the contingent right to earn the Earnout Shares if certain conditions set forth in the SPA occur, including the share price of Concentrix common stock reaching \$170.00 per share within seven years from the closing date of the Webhelp Combination (the “Closing Date”) (based on daily volume weighted average prices measured over a specified period). Prior to the Closing Date, Concentrix and certain Sellers entered into stock restriction agreements (the “Stock Restriction Agreements”), pursuant to which such Sellers (the “Restricted Stock

Participants”) agreed to contribute in kind to the Company, and the Company agreed to receive, certain of the Restricted Stock Participants’ Shares in exchange for the issuance of shares of Concentrix common stock with certain restrictions thereon (the “Restricted Shares”) in lieu of such Sellers’ right to a portion of the Earnout Shares. On the Closing Date, the Company issued approximately 80 Restricted Shares in exchange for certain of the Restricted Stock Participants’ Shares. The Restricted Shares are non-transferable and non-assignable and are not entitled to any dividends or distributions unless and until the restrictions lapse, as set forth in the Stock Restriction Agreements. The Restricted Shares will be automatically cancelled by the Company for no consideration in the event that the restrictions on the Restricted Shares do not lapse. The Restricted Stock Participants have waived any and all rights as a holder of Restricted Shares to vote on any matter submitted to the holders of Concentrix common stock.

Purchase price allocation

The acquisition was accounted for as a business combination in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 805, *Business Combinations*. The purchase price was allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on management’s estimate of the respective fair values at the date of acquisition. Goodwill was calculated as the excess of the consideration transferred over the net assets recognized and represents the estimated future economic benefits arising from other assets acquired that could not be individually identified and separately recognized. The factors contributing to the recognition of goodwill were the assembled workforce, comprehensive service portfolio delivery capabilities and strategic benefits that are expected to be realized from the acquisition. None of the goodwill is expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

The following table summarizes the final fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the acquisition date:

	<u>As of</u> <u>September 25, 2023</u>
Assets acquired:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 310,313
Accounts receivable	449,152
Other current assets ⁽¹⁾	450,079
Property and equipment	324,007
Identifiable intangible assets	1,984,000
Goodwill	2,145,974
Deferred tax assets	20,735
Other assets	409,268
Total assets acquired	6,093,528
Liabilities assumed:	
Accounts payable	67,983
Accrued compensation and benefits	259,548
Other accrued liabilities	573,906
Income taxes payable	75,075
Debt (current portion and long-term)	8,589
Deferred tax liabilities	410,481
Other long-term liabilities	423,946
Total liabilities assumed	1,819,528
Total consideration transferred	\$ 4,274,000

⁽¹⁾ Includes restricted cash acquired of \$188,898.

As a result of further refining its estimates and assumptions since the date of the acquisition, the Company recorded measurement period adjustments to the initial purchase price allocation. Adjustments were primarily made to cash, goodwill, accrued compensation and benefits, accrued liabilities, other long-term liabilities and deferred income taxes. The adjustments in other long-term liabilities primarily related to an increase in uncertain tax positions of \$23,075. These measurement period adjustments resulted in an increase of \$60,630 to goodwill.

The purchase price allocation includes \$1,984,000 of acquired identifiable intangible assets, all of which have finite lives. The fair value of the identifiable intangible assets has been estimated by using the income approach through a discounted cash flow analysis of certain cash flow projections. The cash flow projections are based on

forecasts used by the Company to price the Webhelp Combination, and the discount rates applied were benchmarked by referencing the implied rate of return of the Company’s pricing model and the weighted average cost of capital. The intangible assets are being amortized over their estimated useful lives on either a straight-line basis or an accelerated method that reflects the economic benefit of the asset. The determination of the useful lives is based upon various industry studies, historical acquisition experience, economic factors, and future forecasted cash flows of the Company following the acquisition of Webhelp.

The amounts allocated to intangible assets are as follows:

	Gross Carrying Amount	Weighted-Average Useful Life	Amortization Method
Customer relationships	\$ 1,882,000	15 years	Accelerated
Trade name	102,000	3 years	Straight-line
Total	\$ 1,984,000		

Supplemental Pro Forma Information (unaudited)

The supplemental pro forma financial information presented below is for illustrative purposes only, does not include the pro forma adjustments that would be required under Regulation S-X for pro forma financial information, is not necessarily indicative of the financial position or results of operations that would have been realized if the combination with Webhelp had been completed on December 1, 2021, does not reflect synergies that might have been achieved, nor is it indicative of future operating results or financial position. The pro forma adjustments are based upon currently available information and certain assumptions that the Company believes are reasonable under the circumstances.

The supplemental pro forma financial information reflects pro forma adjustments to present the combined pro forma results of operations as if the combination with Webhelp had occurred on December 1, 2021 to give effect to certain events that the Company believes to be directly attributable to the acquisition. These pro forma adjustments primarily include:

- A net increase in amortization expense that would have been recognized due to acquired identifiable intangible assets.
- A net increase to interest expense to reflect the additional borrowings of Concentrix incurred in connection with the combination as previously described and the repayment of Webhelp’s historical debt in conjunction with the combination.
- The related income tax effects of the adjustments noted above.

The supplemental pro forma financial information for the prior fiscal years ended November 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,	
	2023	2022
Revenue	\$ 9,485,600	\$ 8,919,195
Net income	177,611	238,242

PK Acquisition

Background

On December 27, 2021, the Company completed its acquisition of PK, a leading CX design engineering company with more than 5,000 staff in four countries. PK created pioneering experiences that accelerated digital outcomes for their clients’ customers, partners and staff. The acquisition of PK expanded the Company’s scale in the digital IT services market and supported the Company’s growth strategy of investing in digital transformation to deliver exceptional customer experiences. The addition of the PK staff and technology to the Company’s team further strengthened its capabilities in CX design and development, artificial intelligence (“AI”), intelligent automation, and customer loyalty.

Purchase price consideration

The total purchase price consideration, net of cash and restricted cash acquired, for the acquisition of PK was \$1,573.3 million, which was funded by proceeds from the Company's term loan under its prior credit agreement dated as of October 16, 2020 (the "Prior Credit Facility") and additional borrowings under its accounts receivable securitization facility (the "Securitization Facility"). See Note 9—Borrowings for a further discussion of the Company's term loan, senior credit facility and the Securitization Facility.

The purchase price consideration to acquire PK consisted of the following:

Cash consideration for PK stock ⁽¹⁾	\$ 1,177,342
Cash consideration for PK vested equity awards ⁽²⁾	246,229
Cash consideration for repayment of PK debt, including accrued interest ⁽³⁾	148,492
Cash consideration for transaction expenses of PK ⁽⁴⁾	22,842
Total cash consideration	1,594,905
Non-cash equity consideration for conversion of PK equity awards ⁽⁵⁾	15,725
Total consideration transferred	1,610,630
Less: Cash and restricted cash acquired ⁽⁶⁾	37,310
Total purchase price consideration	<u>\$ 1,573,320</u>

⁽¹⁾ Represents the cash consideration paid for the outstanding shares of PK common stock, which includes the final settlement of the merger consideration adjustment paid pursuant to the merger agreement.

⁽²⁾ Represents the cash consideration paid for certain vested PK stock option awards and restricted stock unit awards.

⁽³⁾ Represents the cash consideration paid to retire PK's outstanding third-party debt, including accrued interest.

⁽⁴⁾ Represents the cash consideration paid for expenses incurred by PK in connection with the merger and paid by Concentrix pursuant to the merger agreement. These expenses primarily related to third-party consulting services.

⁽⁵⁾ Represents the issuance of vested Concentrix stock options that were issued in conversion of certain vested PK stock options that were assumed by Concentrix pursuant to the merger agreement.

⁽⁶⁾ Represents the PK cash and restricted cash balance acquired at the acquisition.

Purchase price allocation

The acquisition was accounted for as a business combination in accordance with ASC Topic 805, *Business Combinations*. The purchase price was allocated to the assets acquired, liabilities assumed and non-controlling interest based on management's estimate of the respective fair values at the date of acquisition. Goodwill was calculated as the excess of the consideration transferred over the net assets recognized and represents the estimated future economic benefits arising from other assets acquired that could not be individually identified and separately recognized. The factors contributing to the recognition of goodwill were the assembled workforce, comprehensive service portfolio delivery capabilities and strategic benefits that are expected to be realized from the acquisition. None of the goodwill is deductible for income tax purposes.

The following table summarizes the final fair values of the assets acquired, liabilities assumed and non-controlling interest as of the acquisition date:

	<u>As of</u> <u>December 27, 2021</u>
Assets acquired:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 30,798
Accounts receivable	85,367
Property and equipment	11,158
Operating lease right-of-use assets	12,288
Identifiable intangible assets	469,300
Goodwill	1,119,068
Other assets	26,449
Total assets acquired	<u>1,754,428</u>
Liabilities assumed and non-controlling interest:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	78,092
Operating lease liabilities	12,288
Deferred tax liabilities	51,418
Non-controlling interest	2,000
Total liabilities assumed and non-controlling interest	<u>143,798</u>
Total consideration transferred	<u>\$ 1,610,630</u>

The purchase price allocation includes \$469,300 of acquired identifiable intangible assets, all of which have finite lives. The fair value of the identifiable intangible assets has been estimated by using the income approach through a discounted cash flow analysis of certain cash flow projections. The cash flow projections are based on forecasts used by the Company to price the PK acquisition, and the discount rates applied were benchmarked by referencing the implied rate of return of the Company's pricing model and the weighted average cost of capital. The intangible assets are being amortized over their estimated useful lives on either a straight-line basis or an accelerated method that reflects the economic benefit of the asset. The determination of the useful lives is based upon various industry studies, historical acquisition experience, economic factors, and future forecasted cash flows of the Company following the acquisition of PK.

The amounts allocated to intangible assets are as follows:

	Gross Carrying Amount	Weighted-Average Useful Life	Acceleration Method
Customer relationships	\$ 398,600	15 years	Accelerated
Technology	63,500	5 years	Straight-line
Trade name	5,000	3 years	Straight-line
Non-compete agreements	2,200	3 years	Straight-line
Total	\$ 469,300		

ServiceSource Acquisition

Background

On July 20, 2022, the Company completed its acquisition of ServiceSource International, Inc. (“ServiceSource”), a global outsourced go-to-market services provider, delivering business-to-business (“B2B”) digital sales and customer success solutions that complemented Concentrix’ offerings in this area.

Purchase price consideration

The total purchase price consideration, net of cash acquired, for the acquisition of ServiceSource was \$141.5 million, which was primarily funded by cash on the Company’s balance sheet, as well as borrowings under the Company’s Securitization Facility.

The purchase price consideration to acquire ServiceSource consisted of the following:

Cash consideration for ServiceSource stock ⁽¹⁾	\$ 150,392
Cash consideration for ServiceSource vested and unvested equity awards ⁽²⁾	6,704
Cash consideration for repayment of ServiceSource debt, including accrued interest ⁽³⁾	10,063
Total consideration transferred	167,159
Less: Cash and restricted cash acquired ⁽⁴⁾	25,652
Total purchase price consideration	<u>\$ 141,507</u>

⁽¹⁾ Represents the cash consideration paid for the outstanding shares of ServiceSource common stock.

⁽²⁾ Represents the cash consideration paid or to be paid for vested and unvested ServiceSource stock option awards, restricted stock units and performance stock units.

⁽³⁾ Represents the cash consideration paid to retire ServiceSource’s outstanding third-party debt, including accrued interest.

⁽⁴⁾ Represents the ServiceSource cash and restricted cash balance acquired at the acquisition.

Purchase price allocation

The purchase price was allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on management’s estimate of the respective fair values at the date of acquisition. Goodwill was calculated as the excess of the consideration transferred over the net assets recognized and represents the estimated future economic benefits arising from other assets acquired that could not be individually identified and separately recognized. The factors contributing to the recognition of goodwill were the assembled workforce, high-value service delivery capabilities and strategic benefits that are expected to be realized from the acquisition. None of the goodwill is deductible for income tax purposes.

The following table summarizes the final fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the acquisition date:

	As of
	July 20, 2022
Assets acquired:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,355
Accounts receivable	40,097
Property and equipment	8,112
Operating lease right-of-use assets	29,487
Identifiable intangible assets	40,200
Goodwill	34,910
Net deferred tax assets	32,701
Other assets	19,649
Total assets acquired	229,511
Liabilities assumed:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	32,865
Operating lease liabilities	29,487
Total liabilities assumed	62,352
Total consideration transferred	\$ 167,159

The purchase price allocation includes \$40,200 of acquired identifiable intangible assets, all of which have finite lives. The fair value of the identifiable intangible assets has been estimated using the income approach through a discounted cash flow analysis of certain cash flow projections. The intangible assets are being amortized over their estimated useful lives on either a straight-line basis or an accelerated method that reflects the economic benefit of the asset. The determination of the useful lives is based upon various industry studies, historical acquisition experience, economic factors, and future forecasted cash flows of the Company following the acquisition of ServiceSource. During the measurement period included in the fiscal year ended November 30, 2023, measurement period adjustments were recorded to finalize net deferred tax assets at the acquired value as disclosed in the table above, resulting in a corresponding decrease to goodwill.

The amounts allocated to intangible assets are as follows:

	Gross Carrying Amount	Weighted-Average Useful Life	Acceleration Method
Customer relationships	\$ 31,370	15 years	Accelerated
Technology	5,640	5 years	Straight-line
Trade name	3,190	3 years	Straight-line
Total	\$ 40,200		

Acquisition-related and integration expenses

In connection with the Webhelp Combination and the acquisitions of PK and ServiceSource, the Company incurred \$156,771, \$71,336, and \$33,763 of acquisition-related and integration expenses for the fiscal years ended 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. These expenses primarily include severance and employee-related costs, legal and professional services, cash-settled awards, retention payments and costs associated with facilities consolidation, including lease terminations to integrate the businesses. These acquisition-related and integration expenses were recorded within selling, general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of operations.

NOTE 4—SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION:

In November 2020, TD SYNEX Corporation (“TD SYNEX”), as the former sole stockholder of Concentrix, approved the Concentrix Corporation 2020 Stock Incentive Plan (the “Concentrix Stock Incentive Plan”) and the Concentrix Corporation 2020 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the “Concentrix ESPP”), each to be effective upon completion of Concentrix’ spin-off from TD SYNEX, which occurred on December 1, 2020. 4,000 shares of Concentrix common stock were reserved for issuance under the Concentrix Stock Incentive Plan, and 1,000 shares of Concentrix common stock were authorized for issuance under the Concentrix ESPP. In December 2021, 2022 and 2023, respectively, 523, 520, and 664 additional shares of Concentrix common stock were reserved for issuance under the Concentrix Stock Incentive Plan resulting from an automatic annual increase pursuant to the terms of the plan (the “Evergreen Provision”).

On October 28, 2024, the stockholders of Concentrix approved the Concentrix Corporation Amended and Restated 2020 Stock Incentive Plan (the “2020 Plan”) at a Special Meeting of Stockholders that (i) increased the number of authorized shares thereunder by 3,000 shares and (ii) removed the Evergreen Provision, among other amendments. The 2020 Plan was previously approved by the Company’s board of directors.

The Company recorded share-based compensation expense in the consolidated statements of operations for fiscal years 2024, 2023 and 2022 as follows:

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		
	2024	2023	2022
Total share-based compensation	\$ 95,922	\$ 62,493	\$ 47,516
Tax benefit recorded in the provision for income taxes	(16,482)	(15,623)	(12,069)
Effect on net income	\$ 79,440	\$ 46,870	\$ 35,447

Share-based compensation expense is included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of operations.

Employee Stock Options

The Company uses the Black-Scholes valuation model to estimate the fair value of stock options. The Black-Scholes option-pricing model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of short-lived exchange traded options that have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. In addition, option-pricing models require the input of subjective assumptions, including the option’s expected life and the price volatility of the underlying stock. The stock options have ten-year terms and vesting terms of five years.

A summary of the changes in the employee stock options during fiscal years 2022, 2023, and 2024 is presented below:

	Options Outstanding	
	Number of shares (in thousands)	Weighted- average exercise price per share
Balance as of November 30, 2021	441	\$ 51.75
Options granted	—	—
Options issued in conversion of certain vested PK stock options ⁽¹⁾	119	45.81
Options exercised	(165)	46.38
Balance as of November 30, 2022	395	52.60
Options granted	—	—
Options exercised	(100)	45.50
Options cancelled	(1)	30.70
Balance as of November 30, 2023	294	54.45
Options granted	—	—
Options exercised	(56)	42.60
Balance as of November 30, 2024	238	\$ 57.21

(1) Amounts represent the issuance of vested Concentrix stock options that were issued in conversion of certain vested PK stock options that were assumed by Concentrix pursuant to the merger agreement with PK.

As of November 30, 2024, 238 options were outstanding with a weighted-average life of 3.79 years and an aggregate pre-tax intrinsic value of \$483. As of November 30, 2024, 233 options were vested and exercisable with a weighted-average life of 3.74 years, a weighted-average exercise price of \$55.89 per share, and an aggregate pre-tax intrinsic value of \$483.

As of November 30, 2024, the unamortized share-based compensation expense related to unvested stock options under the Concentrix Stock Incentive Plan was \$178, which will be recognized over an estimated weighted-average amortization period of 0.85 years.

Restricted Stock Awards, Restricted Stock Units and Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units

The fair value of restricted stock awards and restricted stock units granted under the Concentrix Stock Incentive Plan in fiscal years 2024, 2023 and 2022 were determined based on the trading price of Concentrix common stock on the date of grant. The awards are expensed on a straight line basis over the vesting term, typically three or four years. The holders of restricted stock awards are entitled to the same voting, dividend and other rights as holders of Concentrix common stock.

In fiscal years 2024, 2023 and 2022, the Company granted performance-based restricted stock units to the Company's senior executive team. The performance-based restricted stock units will vest, if at all, upon the achievement of certain annual financial targets during the three-year periods ending November 30, 2026, November 30, 2025 and November 30, 2024, respectively.

In April 2024, the Company granted performance-based restricted stock units under the Concentrix Stock Incentive Plan. The performance-based restricted stock units will vest, if at all, upon the achievement of certain financial targets during the three-year period ending November 30, 2026.

A summary of the changes in the non-vested restricted stock awards, restricted stock units, and performance-based stock units during fiscal years 2022, 2023, and 2024, including the conversion of former parent awards and stock units previously discussed, is presented below:

	Number of shares (in thousands)	Weighted-average, grant-date fair value per share
Non-vested as of November 30, 2021	980	\$ 109.92
Awards granted	510	139.31
Units granted ⁽¹⁾	294	130.98
Awards and units vested	(283)	91.62
Awards and units cancelled/forfeited	(106)	118.79
Non-vested as of November 30, 2022	1,395	124.69
Awards granted	60	135.01
Units granted ⁽¹⁾	1,828	74.64
Performance-based units vested in excess of target ⁽²⁾	17	159.97
Awards and units vested	(513)	122.76
Awards and units cancelled/forfeited	(114)	138.88
Non-vested as of November 30, 2023	2,673	92.80
Awards granted	—	—
Units granted ⁽¹⁾	2,824	52.94
Awards and units vested	(849)	92.02
Awards and units cancelled/forfeited	(337)	84.94
Non-vested as of November 30, 2024	4,311	\$ 68.35

(1) For performance-based restricted stock units, the target number of shares that can be awarded upon full vesting of the grants is included.

(2) Amounts represent performance-based awards that vested in excess of the target number of shares for the fiscal year 2021 performance-based grants.

As of November 30, 2024, there was \$227,830 of total unamortized share-based compensation expense related to non-vested restricted stock awards, restricted stock units and performance-based restricted stock units granted under the Concentrix Stock Incentive Plan. That cost is expected to be recognized over an estimated weighted-average amortization period of 2.25 years.

NOTE 5—BALANCE SHEET COMPONENTS:

Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash:

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash reported within the consolidated balance sheets that sum to the total of the same amounts shown in the consolidated statements of cash flows:

	As of November 30,	
	2024	2023
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 240,571	\$ 295,336
Restricted cash included in other current assets	189,033	221,151
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ 429,604	\$ 516,487

Restricted cash balances relate primarily to funds held for clients, restrictions placed on cash deposits by banks as collateral for the issuance of bank guarantees and the terms of a government grant, and letters of credit for leases. Of the restricted cash balance, \$179,949 and \$218,228 related to funds held for clients as of November 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The Company has a corresponding current liability recorded in other accrued liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet related to these funds.

Accounts receivable, net:

Accounts receivable, net is comprised of the following as of November 30, 2024 and 2023:

	As of November 30,	
	2024	2023
Billed accounts receivable	\$ 1,080,778	\$ 1,082,469
Unbilled accounts receivable	860,266	818,954
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(14,307)	(12,533)
Accounts receivable, net	<u>\$ 1,926,737</u>	<u>\$ 1,888,890</u>

Allowance for doubtful trade receivables:

Presented below is a progression of the allowance for doubtful trade receivables:

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		
	2024	2023	2022
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 12,533	\$ 4,797	\$ 5,421
Net additions (reductions)	7,057	10,236	3,329
Write-offs and reclassifications	(5,283)	(2,500)	(3,953)
Balance at end of period	<u>\$ 14,307</u>	<u>\$ 12,533</u>	<u>\$ 4,797</u>

Property and equipment, net:

The following table summarizes the carrying amounts and related accumulated depreciation for property and equipment as of November 30, 2024 and 2023:

	As of November 30,	
	2024	2023
Land	\$ 28,235	\$ 28,039
Equipment, computers and software	853,558	762,961
Furniture and fixtures	151,477	157,425
Buildings, building improvements and leasehold improvements	617,880	566,384
Construction-in-progress	44,566	35,175
Total property and equipment, gross	\$ 1,695,716	\$ 1,549,984
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(981,199)	(801,293)
Property and equipment, net	<u>\$ 714,517</u>	<u>\$ 748,691</u>

Shown below are the countries where 10% or more and other significant concentrations of the Company's property and equipment, net are located as of November 30, 2024 and 2023:

	As of November 30,	
	2024	2023
Property and equipment, net:		
United States	\$ 118,732	\$ 123,335
Philippines	82,864	75,943
France	59,645	65,599
India	49,339	51,248
Others	403,937	432,566
Total	<u>\$ 714,517</u>	<u>\$ 748,691</u>

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):

The components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (“AOCI”), net of taxes, were as follows:

	Unrecognized gains (losses) on defined benefit plan, net of taxes	Unrealized gains (losses) on hedges, net of taxes	Foreign currency translation adjustment and other, net of taxes	Total
Balance, November 30, 2022	\$ (8,471)	\$ (19,914)	\$ (287,364)	\$ (315,749)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassification	(2,800)	10,610	102,419	110,229
Reclassification of losses from other comprehensive income (loss)	—	13,793	—	13,793
Balance, November 30, 2023	\$ (11,271)	\$ 4,489	\$ (184,945)	\$ (191,727)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassification	5,988	(34,029)	(198,204)	(226,245)
Reclassification of losses from other comprehensive income (loss)	—	3,659	—	3,659
Balance, November 30, 2024	<u>\$ (5,283)</u>	<u>\$ (25,881)</u>	<u>\$ (383,149)</u>	<u>\$ (414,313)</u>

Refer to Note 7—Derivative Instruments for the location of gains and losses on cash flow hedges reclassified from other comprehensive income (loss) to the consolidated statements of operations. Reclassifications of amortization of actuarial (gains) losses of defined benefit plans is recorded in “Other expense (income), net” in the consolidated statement of operations.

NOTE 6—GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS:
Goodwill

The Company tests goodwill for impairment annually as of the fourth quarter of its fiscal year and at other times if events have occurred or circumstances exist that indicate the carrying value of goodwill may no longer be recoverable. Goodwill impairment testing is performed at the reporting unit level. Based on the current year assessment, the Company concluded that no impairment charges were necessary for the Company’s reporting unit. The Company has not recorded any impairment charges related to goodwill during the three-year period ended November 30, 2024.

Below is a progression of goodwill for fiscal years 2024 and 2023:

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,	
	2024	2023
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 5,078,668	\$ 2,904,402
Acquisitions	2,000	2,085,344
Acquisition measurement period adjustments	60,630	(10,592)
Foreign currency translation	(154,331)	99,514
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 4,986,967</u>	<u>\$ 5,078,668</u>

Other Intangible Assets

The Company's other intangible assets, primarily acquired through business combinations, are subject to amortization and are evaluated periodically if events or circumstances indicate a possible inability to recover their carrying amounts. No impairment charges were recognized in any period presented. As of November 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company's other intangible assets consisted of the following:

	As of November 30, 2024			As of November 30, 2023		
	Gross amounts	Accumulated amortization	Net amounts	Gross amounts	Accumulated amortization	Net amounts
Customer relationships	\$ 3,594,694	\$ (1,399,588)	\$ 2,195,106	\$ 3,670,246	\$ (1,011,201)	\$ 2,659,045
Technology	79,645	(50,119)	29,526	79,739	(36,174)	43,565
Trade names	113,758	(51,503)	62,255	118,823	(17,255)	101,568
Non-compete agreements	2,200	(2,147)	53	2,200	(1,413)	787
	<u>\$ 3,790,297</u>	<u>\$ (1,503,357)</u>	<u>\$ 2,286,940</u>	<u>\$ 3,871,008</u>	<u>\$ (1,066,043)</u>	<u>\$ 2,804,965</u>

Amortization expense for intangible assets was \$458,925, \$214,832, and \$162,673 for the fiscal years ended November 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and the related estimated expense for the five subsequent fiscal years and thereafter is as follows:

Fiscal Years Ending November 30,	Amortization Expense
2025	\$ 421,040
2026	374,440
2027	283,090
2028	239,999
2029	199,922
Thereafter	768,449
Total	<u>\$ 2,286,940</u>

The remaining weighted average amortization period for customer relationships and other intangible assets is approximately 13 years.

NOTE 7—DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS:

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is exposed to foreign currency risk and credit risk. The Company enters into transactions, and owns monetary assets and liabilities, that are denominated in currencies other than the legal entity's functional currency. The Company may enter into forward contracts, option contracts, or other derivative instruments to offset a portion of the risk on expected future cash flows, earnings, net investments in certain non-U.S. legal entities and certain existing assets and liabilities. However, the Company may choose not to hedge certain exposures for a variety of reasons including, but not limited to, accounting considerations and the economic cost of hedging particular exposures. There can be no assurance the hedges will offset more than a portion of the financial impact resulting from movements in foreign currency exchange or interest rates. Generally, the Company does not use derivative instruments to cover equity risk and credit risk. The Company's hedging program is not used for trading or speculative purposes.

All derivatives are recognized on the consolidated balance sheets at their fair values. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recorded in the consolidated statements of operations, or as a component of AOCI in the consolidated balance sheets, as discussed below.

Cash Flow Hedges

To mitigate the impact on gross margins from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, certain of the Company's legal entities with functional currencies that are not U.S. dollars may hedge a portion of forecasted revenue or costs not denominated in the entities' functional currencies. These instruments mature at various dates through November 2026. Gains and losses on cash flow hedges are recorded in AOCI until the hedged item is

recognized in earnings. Deferred gains and losses associated with cash flow hedges of foreign currency revenue are recognized as a component of “Revenue” in the same period as the related revenue is recognized, and deferred gains and losses related to cash flow hedges of foreign currency costs are recognized as a component of “Cost of revenue” or “Selling, general and administrative expenses” in the same period as the related costs are recognized. Derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges must be de-designated as hedges when it is probable the forecasted hedged transaction will not occur in the initially identified time period or within a subsequent two-month time period. Deferred gains and losses in AOCI associated with such derivative instruments are reclassified into earnings in the period of de-designation. Any subsequent changes in fair value of such derivative instruments are recorded in earnings unless they are re-designated as hedges of other transactions.

Non-Designated Derivatives

The Company uses short-term forward contracts to offset the foreign exchange risk of assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the Company’s legal entities that own the assets or liabilities. These contracts, which are not designated as hedging instruments, mature or settle within twelve months. Derivatives that are not designated as hedging instruments are adjusted to fair value through earnings in the financial statement line item to which the derivative relates.

During the second quarter of 2023, the Company entered into short-term foreign exchange forward call option contracts to offset the foreign exchange risk associated with the cash payment required to be made in euros upon the closing of the Webhelp Combination. These derivatives were not designated as hedging instruments and were adjusted to fair value through earnings and included in other expense (income), net in the consolidated statement of operations. These derivatives were settled subsequent to the Webhelp Combination.

Cross-currency interest rate swaps

In connection with the closing of the Webhelp Combination, the Company entered into cross-currency swap arrangements with certain financial institutions for a total notional amount of \$500,000 of the Company’s senior notes. In addition to aligning the currency of a portion of the Company’s interest payments to the Company’s euro-denominated cash flows, the arrangements, together with intercompany loans and additional intercompany cross-currency interest rate swap arrangements described below, effectively converted \$250,000 aggregate principal amount of the Company’s 6.650% Senior Notes due 2026 and \$250,000 aggregate principal amount of the Company’s 6.660% Senior Notes due 2028 into synthetic fixed euro-based debt at weighted average interest rates of 5.12% and 5.18%, respectively.

Concurrent with entering into the cross-currency interest rate swaps with certain financial institutions, Marnix SAS, a wholly owned subsidiary of Concentrix, entered into corresponding U.S. dollar denominated intercompany loan agreements with certain other subsidiaries of Concentrix with identical terms and notional amounts as the underlying \$500,000 U.S. dollar denominated senior notes, with reciprocal cross-currency interest rate swaps.

The cross-currency interest rate swaps are designated as fair value hedges.

Fair Values of Derivative Instruments in the Consolidated Balance Sheets

The fair values of the Company's derivative instruments are disclosed in Note 8—Fair Value Measurements and summarized in the table below:

Balance Sheet Line Item	Value as of	
	November 30, 2024	November 30, 2023
Derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments:		
Foreign exchange forward contracts (notional value)	\$ 458,482	\$ 2,173,330
Other current assets	13,935	16,078
Other accrued liabilities	167	20,856
Derivative instruments designated as fair value hedges:		
Cross-currency interest rate swaps (notional value)	\$ 471,604	\$ 471,604
Other long-term liabilities	7,468	17,219
Derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges:		
Foreign exchange forward contracts (notional value)	\$ 1,049,787	\$ 996,667
Other current assets and other assets	578	14,330
Other accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities	22,155	2,724

Volume of activity

The notional amounts of foreign exchange forward contracts represent the gross amounts of foreign currency, including, principally, the Philippine peso, the Indian rupee, and the euro, that will be bought or sold at maturity. The notional amounts for outstanding derivative instruments provide one measure of the transaction volume outstanding and do not represent the amount of the Company's exposure to credit or market loss. The Company's exposure to credit loss and market risk will vary over time as currency exchange rates change.

The Effect of Derivative Instruments on AOCI and the Consolidated Statements of Operations

The following table shows the gains and losses, before taxes, of the Company's derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges and not designated as hedging instruments in other comprehensive income ("OCI"), and the consolidated statements of operations for the periods presented:

	Location of gain (loss) in statement of operations	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		
		2024	2023	2022
Derivative instruments designated as cash flow and fair value hedges:				
<u>(Losses) gains recognized in OCI:</u>				
Foreign exchange forward contracts		\$ (38,459)	\$ 19,199	\$ (60,891)
Cross-currency interest rate swaps		(5,084)	(3,651)	—
Total		\$ (43,543)	\$ 15,548	\$ (60,891)
<u>(Losses) gains reclassified from AOCI into income:</u>				
Foreign exchange forward contracts				
Gain reclassified from AOCI into income	Revenue for services	\$ —	\$ 222	\$ —
(Loss) gain reclassified from AOCI into income	Cost of revenue for services	(4,028)	(13,864)	(28,108)
(Loss) gain reclassified from AOCI into income	Selling, general and administrative expenses	(861)	(4,745)	(8,121)
Total		\$ (4,889)	\$ (18,387)	\$ (36,229)
Derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments:				
Gain (loss) recognized from foreign exchange forward contracts, net ⁽¹⁾	Other expense (income), net	\$ 9,940	\$ (13,007)	\$ (57,983)
Loss recognized from foreign exchange call options contracts, net	Other expense (income), net	—	(14,629)	—
Total		\$ 9,940	\$ (27,636)	\$ (57,983)

(1) The gains and losses largely offset the currency gains and losses that resulted from changes in the assets and liabilities denominated in nonfunctional currencies.

There were no material gain or loss amounts excluded from the assessment of effectiveness. Existing net losses in AOCI that are expected to be reclassified into earnings in the normal course of business within the next twelve months are \$17,016.

Offsetting of Derivatives

In the consolidated balance sheets, the Company does not offset derivative assets against liabilities in master netting arrangements.

Credit exposure for derivative financial instruments is limited to the amounts, if any, by which the counterparties' obligations under the contracts exceed the Company's obligations to the counterparties. The Company manages the potential risk of credit losses by selecting counterparties from a limited group of financial institutions with high credit standing.

NOTE 8—FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS:

The Company's fair value measurements are classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Quoted prices in markets that are not active, or inputs which are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability; and

Level 3: Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (i.e., supported by little or no market activity).

The following table summarizes the valuation of the Company's investments and financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	As of November 30, 2024				As of November 30, 2023			
	Total	Fair value measurement category			Total	Fair value measurement category		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets measured at fair value:								
Cash equivalents	\$ 58,716	\$ 58,716	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 52,847	\$ 52,847	\$ —	\$ —
Foreign government bond	—	—	—	—	1,853	1,853	—	—
Forward foreign currency exchange contracts	14,513	—	14,513	—	30,408	—	30,408	—
Liabilities measured at fair value:								
Forward foreign currency exchange contracts	22,322	—	22,322	—	23,580	—	23,580	—
Cross-currency interest rate swaps	7,468	—	7,468	—	17,219	—	17,219	—
Acquisition contingent consideration	13,373	—	13,373	—	48,600	—	48,600	—
Liabilities measured at other than fair value:								
Long term debt (senior notes)								
Fair value	2,202,221	—	2,202,221	—	2,146,554	—	2,146,554	—
Carrying amount	2,135,576	—	—	—	2,131,870	—	—	—

The Company's cash equivalents consist primarily of highly liquid investments in money market funds and term deposits with maturity periods of three months or less. The carrying values of cash equivalents approximate fair value since they are near their maturity. Investment in foreign government bond classified as an available-for-sale debt security is recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices. The fair values of forward exchange contracts are measured based on the foreign currency spot and forward rates. Fair values of long-term foreign currency exchange contracts are measured using valuations based upon quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets and are valued by reference to similar financial instruments, adjusted for terms specific to the contracts. The fair values of the cross-currency interest rate swaps are determined using a market approach that is based on observable inputs other than quoted market prices, including contract terms, interest rates, currency rates, and other market factors. The estimated fair value of the acquisition contingent consideration entered into in connection with the Webhelp Combination was determined using a Monte-Carlo simulation model. The inputs include the closing price of Concentrix common stock as of the reporting period end date, Concentrix-specific historical equity volatility, and the risk-free rate.

The effect of nonperformance risk on the fair value of derivative instruments was not material as of November 30, 2024 and 2023.

The carrying values of term deposits with maturities less than one year, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate fair value due to their short maturities and interest rates that are variable in nature. The carrying values of the outstanding balance on the term loan under the Company's senior credit facility and the outstanding balance on the Company's Securitization Facility approximate their fair values since they bear interest rates that are similar to existing market rates. The fair values of the 2026 Notes, 2028 Notes, and 2033 Notes (as defined in Note 9) are based on quoted prices in active markets and are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. The Company does not adjust the quoted market prices for such financial instruments.

During fiscal years 2024, 2023 and 2022, there were no transfers between the fair value measurement category levels.

NOTE 9—BORROWINGS:

Borrowings consist of the following:

	As of November 30,	
	2024	2023
Other loans	\$ 2,522	\$ 2,313
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 2,522	\$ 2,313
6.650% Senior Notes due 2026	\$ 800,000	\$ 800,000
6.600% Senior Notes due 2028	800,000	800,000
6.850% Senior Notes due 2033	550,000	550,000
Credit Facility - Term Loan component	1,500,000	1,950,000
Securitization Facility	371,000	128,500
Sellers' Note	740,466	762,286
Other loans	3,643	5,301
Long-term debt, before unamortized debt discount and issuance costs	4,765,109	4,996,087
Less: unamortized debt discount and issuance costs	(32,053)	(56,375)
Long-term debt, net	\$ 4,733,056	\$ 4,939,712

Senior Notes

On August 2, 2023, the Company issued and sold (i) \$800,000 aggregate principal amount of 6.650% Senior Notes due 2026 (the "2026 Notes"), (ii) \$800,000 aggregate principal amount of 6.600% Senior Notes due 2028 (the "2028 Notes") and (iii) \$550,000 aggregate principal amount of 6.850% Senior Notes due 2033 (the "2033 Notes" and, together with the 2026 Notes and 2028 Notes, the "Senior Notes"). The Senior Notes were sold in a registered public offering pursuant to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3, which became effective upon filing, and a Prospectus Supplement dated July 19, 2023, to a Prospectus dated July 17, 2023.

The Senior Notes were issued pursuant to, and are governed by, an indenture, dated as of August 2, 2023 (the "Base Indenture"), between Concentrix and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee (the "Trustee"), as supplemented by a first supplemental indenture dated as of August 2, 2023 between Concentrix and the Trustee relating to the 2026 Notes, a second supplemental indenture dated as of August 2, 2023 between Concentrix and the Trustee relating to the 2028 Notes, and a third supplemental indenture dated as of August 2, 2023 between Concentrix and the Trustee relating to the 2033 Notes (such supplemental indentures, together with the Base Indenture, the "Indenture"). The Indenture contains customary covenants and restrictions, including covenants that limit Concentrix Corporation's and certain of its subsidiaries' ability to create or incur liens on shares of stock of certain subsidiaries or on principal properties, engage in sale/leaseback transactions or, with respect to Concentrix Corporation, consolidate or merge with, or sell or lease substantially all its assets to, another person. The Indenture also provides for customary events of default.

The Company incurred debt discount and issuance costs of approximately \$19,300 associated with the issuance of the Senior Notes during the fiscal year ended November 30, 2023, which costs are being amortized through the applicable maturity dates of the Senior Notes.

Restated Credit Facility

On April 21, 2023, the Company entered into an Amendment and Restatement Agreement (the “Amendment Agreement”) with the lenders party thereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. and Bank of America, N.A., to amend and restate the Company’s Prior Credit Facility (as amended and restated, the “Restated Credit Facility”).

The Restated Credit Facility provides for the extension of a senior unsecured revolving credit facility not to exceed an aggregate principal amount of \$1,042,500. The Restated Credit Facility also provides for a senior unsecured term loan facility in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed approximately \$2,144,700 (the “Term Loan”), of which \$1,850,000 was incurred upon the amendment and approximately \$294,702 was drawn on a delayed draw basis on the Closing Date. Aggregate borrowing capacity under the Restated Credit Facility may be increased by up to an additional \$500,000 by increasing the amount of the revolving credit facility or by incurring additional term loans, in each case subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions set forth in the Restated Credit Facility, including the receipt of additional commitments for such increase.

As of November 30, 2023, the outstanding principal balance on the Term Loan was \$1,950,000 due to principal payments made subsequent to the Closing Date. During fiscal year 2024, the Company voluntarily prepaid \$450,000 of the principal balance on the Term Loan, without penalty, resulting in an outstanding balance at November 30, 2024 of \$1,500,000.

The maturity date of the Restated Credit Facility is December 27, 2026, subject, in the case of the revolving credit facility, to two one-year extensions upon the Company’s prior notice to the lenders and the agreement of the lenders to extend such maturity date. Due to the voluntary prepayments previously described, no principal payment is required until the outstanding principal amount is due in full on the maturity date.

Borrowings under the Restated Credit Facility bear interest, in the case of SOFR rate loans, at a per annum rate equal to the applicable SOFR rate (but not less than 0.0%), plus an applicable margin, which ranges from 1.125% to 2.000%, based on the credit ratings of the Company’s senior unsecured non-credit enhanced long-term indebtedness for borrowed money plus a credit spread adjustment to the SOFR rate of 0.10%. Borrowings under the Restated Credit Facility that are base rate loans bear interest at a per annum rate (but not less than 1.0%) equal to (i) the greatest of (A) the Prime Rate (as defined in the Restated Credit Facility) in effect on such day, (B) the NYFRB Rate (as defined in the Restated Credit Facility) in effect on such day plus ½ of 1.0%, and (C) the adjusted one-month term SOFR rate plus 1.0% per annum, plus (ii) an applicable margin, which ranges from 0.125% to 1.000%, based on the credit ratings of the Company’s senior unsecured non-credit enhanced long-term indebtedness for borrowed money.

The Restated Credit Facility contains certain loan covenants that are customary for credit facilities of this type and that restrict the ability of Concentrix Corporation and its subsidiaries to take certain actions, including the creation of liens, mergers or consolidations, changes to the nature of their business, and, solely with respect to subsidiaries of Concentrix Corporation, incurrence of indebtedness. In addition, the Restated Credit Facility contains financial covenants that require the Company to maintain at the end of each fiscal quarter, (i) a consolidated leverage ratio (as defined in the Restated Credit Facility) not to exceed 3.75 to 1.0 (or for certain periods following certain qualified acquisitions, including the Webhelp Combination, 4.25 to 1.0) and (ii) a consolidated interest coverage ratio (as defined in the Restated Credit Facility) equal to or greater than 3.00 to 1.0. The Restated Credit Facility also contains various customary events of default, including payment defaults, defaults under certain other indebtedness, and a change of control of Concentrix Corporation.

None of Concentrix’ subsidiaries guarantees the obligations under the Restated Credit Facility.

Prior to entering into the Amendment Agreement, obligations under the Company’s Prior Credit Facility were secured by substantially all of the assets of Concentrix Corporation and certain of its U.S. subsidiaries and were guaranteed by certain of its U.S. subsidiaries. Borrowings under the Prior Credit Facility bore interest, in the case of term or daily SOFR loans, at a per annum rate equal to the applicable SOFR rate (but not less than 0.0%), plus an adjustment of between 0.10% and 0.25% depending on the interest period of each SOFR loan, plus an applicable

margin, which ranged from 1.25% to 2.00%, based on the Company's consolidated leverage ratio. Borrowings under the Prior Credit Facility that were base rate loans bore interest at a per annum rate equal to (i) the greatest of (a) the Federal Funds Rate in effect on such day plus ½ of 1.00%, (b) the rate of interest last publicly announced by Bank of America as its "prime rate" and (c) the term SOFR rate plus 1.00%, plus (ii) an applicable margin, which ranged from 0.25% to 1.00%, based on the Company's consolidated leverage ratio. From August 31, 2022 through the date of the Amendment Agreement, the outstanding principal of the term loans under the Prior Credit Facility was payable in quarterly installments of \$26,250.

During fiscal year 2023, the Company voluntarily prepaid \$25,000 of the principal balance on the term loans under the Prior Credit Facility, without penalty.

As of November 30, 2024 and 2023, no amounts were outstanding under the Company's revolving credit facility.

Securitization Facility

On April 25, 2024, the Company entered into an amendment to the Securitization Facility to (i) increase the commitment of the lenders to provide available borrowings from up to \$500,000 to up to \$600,000, (ii) extend the termination date of the Securitization Facility from July 5, 2024 to April 24, 2026, and (iii) amend the interest rate margins, such that borrowings under the Securitization Facility that are funded by certain lenders through such lenders' issuance of commercial paper bear interest at the applicable commercial paper rate plus a spread of 0.80% and, otherwise, at a bank rate that includes a per annum rate equal to the applicable SOFR rate (subject to a SOFR related adjustment of 0.10%), plus a spread of 0.90%.

Under the Securitization Facility, Concentrix Corporation and certain of its subsidiaries (the "Originators") sell or otherwise transfer all of their accounts receivable to a special purpose bankruptcy-remote subsidiary of the Company (the "Borrower") that grants a security interest in the receivables to the lenders in exchange for available borrowings of up to \$600,000. The amount received under the Securitization Facility is recorded as debt on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. Borrowing availability under the Securitization Facility may be limited by the Company's accounts receivable balances, changes in the credit ratings of the clients comprising the receivables, client concentration levels in the receivables, and certain characteristics of the accounts receivable being transferred (including factors tracking performance of the accounts receivable over time).

The Securitization Facility contains various affirmative and negative covenants, including a consolidated leverage ratio covenant that is consistent with the Restated Credit Facility and customary events of default, including payment defaults, defaults under certain other indebtedness, a change in control of Concentrix Corporation, and certain events negatively affecting the overall credit quality of the transferred accounts receivable.

The Borrower's sole business consists of the purchase or acceptance through capital contributions of the receivables and related security from the Originators and the subsequent retransfer of or granting of a security interest in such receivables and related security to the administrative agent under the Securitization Facility for the benefit of the lenders. The Borrower is a separate legal entity with its own separate creditors who will be entitled, upon its liquidation, to be satisfied out of the Borrower's assets prior to any assets or value in the Borrower becoming available to the Borrower's equity holders, and the assets of the Borrower are not available to pay creditors of the Company and its subsidiaries.

On January 14, 2025, the Company entered into an amendment to the Securitization Facility to increase the commitment of the lenders to provide available borrowings from up to \$600,000 to up to \$700,000 and extend the termination date of the Securitization Facility from April 24, 2026 to January 14, 2027.

Sellers' Note

On September 25, 2023, as part of the consideration for the Webhelp Combination, Concentrix Corporation issued the Sellers' Note in the aggregate principal amount of €700,000 to certain Sellers. The stated rate of interest associated with the Sellers' Note is two percent (2.00%) per annum, which is below the Company's expected borrowing rate. As a result, the Company discounted the Sellers' Note by €31,500 using an approximate 4.36% imputed annual interest rate. This discounting resulted in an initial value of €668,500 or \$711,830. The discounted value is being amortized into interest expense over the two-year term. All stated principal and accrued interest will be due and payable on September 25, 2025.

Amounts outstanding under the Sellers' Note have been classified as long-term debt within the consolidated balance sheet based on the Company's ability and intent to refinance on a long-term basis as of November 30, 2024.

Covenant compliance

As of November 30, 2024 and 2023, Concentrix was in compliance with all covenants for the above arrangements.

Future principal payments

As of November 30, 2024, future principal payments under the above loans for the subsequent fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Years Ending November 30,	Amount
2025	\$ 742,988
2026	1,172,271
2027	1,500,921
2028	801,006
2029	445
Thereafter	550,000
Total	<u>\$ 4,767,631</u>

NOTE 10—REVENUE:
Disaggregated revenue

In the following tables, the Company's revenue is disaggregated by primary industry verticals and geographic locations:

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		
	2024	2023	2022
Industry vertical:			
Technology and consumer electronics	\$ 2,674,040	\$ 2,205,834	\$ 1,980,666
Retail, travel and e-commerce	2,361,866	1,448,666	1,184,086
Communications and media	1,527,922	1,117,694	1,076,289
Banking, financial services and insurance	1,455,641	1,091,853	967,810
Healthcare	727,389	696,266	608,169
Other	872,042	554,393	507,453
Total	<u>\$ 9,618,900</u>	<u>\$ 7,114,706</u>	<u>\$ 6,324,473</u>

The following table presents revenue by geographical locations where the Company's services are delivered. Shown below are the countries that account for the Company's revenue for the periods presented:

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		
	2024	2023	2022
Revenue by geography:			
Philippines	\$ 1,596,578	\$ 1,585,878	\$ 1,476,706
United States	1,110,763	1,304,797	1,388,514
India	1,054,460	898,250	811,492
Great Britain	394,945	205,437	211,219
Germany	388,005	232,729	232,282
Canada	307,590	317,410	326,162
Others	4,766,559	2,570,205	1,878,098
Total	<u>\$ 9,618,900</u>	<u>\$ 7,114,706</u>	<u>\$ 6,324,473</u>

Deferred revenue contract liabilities and deferred costs to obtain or fulfill a contract are not material.

NOTE 11—PENSION AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS PLANS:

The Company has a 401(k) plan in the United States under which eligible employees may contribute up to the maximum amount as provided by law. Employees become eligible to participate in the 401(k) plan on the first day of the month after their employment date. The Company may make discretionary contributions under the plan. Employees in most of the Company's non-U.S. legal entities are covered by government mandated defined contribution plans. During fiscal years 2024, 2023 and 2022, the Company contributed \$105,087, \$89,767 and \$83,792, respectively, to defined contribution plans.

Defined Benefit Plans

For eligible employees in the United States, the Company maintains a frozen defined benefit pension plan ("the cash balance plan"), which includes both a qualified and non-qualified portion. The pension benefit formula for the cash balance plan is determined by a combination of compensation, age-based credits and annual guaranteed interest credits. The qualified portion of the cash balance plan has been funded through contributions made to a trust fund.

The Company maintains funded or unfunded defined benefit pension or retirement plans for certain eligible employees in the Philippines, Malaysia, India, and France. Benefits under these plans are primarily based on years

of service and compensation during the years immediately preceding retirement or termination of participation in the plans.

The Company's measurement date for all defined benefit plans and other post-retirement benefits is November 30. The plan assumptions for both the U.S. and non-U.S. defined benefit pension plans are evaluated annually and are updated as deemed necessary. Net benefit costs related to defined benefit plans were \$16,097, \$11,328 and \$9,437, during fiscal years 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Components of pension cost for the Company's defined benefit plans are as follows:

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		
	2024	2023	2022
Service costs	\$ 9,033	\$ 6,937	\$ 7,031
Interest costs on projected benefit obligation	10,893	10,306	6,828
Expected return on plan assets	(5,295)	(6,208)	(6,562)
Amortization and deferrals, net	1,457	98	1,540
Settlement charges	9	195	600
Total pension costs	<u>\$ 16,097</u>	<u>\$ 11,328</u>	<u>\$ 9,437</u>

Service costs are recorded in cost of services and selling, general and administrative expenses while the remaining components of total pension costs are recorded within other expense (income), net in the consolidated statements of operations.

The status of the Company's defined benefit plans is summarized below:

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,	
	2024	2023
Change in Benefit Obligation:		
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$ 208,565	\$ 209,166
Service costs	9,033	6,937
Interest costs	10,893	10,306
Actuarial losses (gains)	6,017	(1,942)
Benefits paid	(17,161)	(13,761)
Acquisitions	—	12,499
Settlements	(490)	(14,771)
Foreign currency adjustments	(2,992)	131
Projected obligation at end of year	\$ 213,865	\$ 208,565
Change in Plan Assets:		
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$ 126,752	\$ 137,351
Actual return on assets	17,251	2,358
Settlements	(83)	(14,771)
Employer contributions	4,442	12,143
Benefits paid	(12,279)	(10,119)
Foreign currency adjustments	(160)	(210)
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	\$ 135,923	\$ 126,752
Funded Status of Plans:		
Unfunded status	\$ 77,942	\$ 81,813

Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheet and recorded within other accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities as of November 30, 2024 and 2023 consist of the following:

	As of November 30,	
	2024	2023
Current liability	\$ 16,694	\$ 16,946
Non-current liability	61,248	64,867
Total	\$ 77,942	\$ 81,813

The accumulated benefit obligation for all defined benefit pension plans was \$213,461 and \$188,058 at November 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The following weighted-average rates were used in determining the benefit obligations as of November 30, 2024 and 2023:

	As of November 30,	
	2024	2023
Discount rate	3.2% - 6.7%	3.6% - 7.1%
Interest crediting rate for cash balance plan	4.0 %	4.0 %
Expected rate of future compensation growth	2.5% - 7.0%	1.8% - 8.0%

The following weighted-average rates were used in determining the pension costs for the fiscal years ended November 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,	
	2024	2023
Discount rate	4.0% - 7.5%	4.0% - 7.5%
Interest crediting rate for cash balance plan	4.0 %	4.0 %
Expected return on plan assets	3.6% - 7.1%	1.0% - 7.0%
Expected rate of future compensation growth	1.8% - 8.0%	1.8% - 8.8%

For the cash balance plan, the discount rate reflects the rate at which benefits could effectively be settled and is based on current investment yields of high-quality corporate bonds. The Company uses an actuarially-developed yield curve approach to match the timing of cash flows of expected future benefit payments by applying specific spot rates along the yield curve to determine the assumed discount rate.

The range of discount rates utilized in determining the pension cost and projected benefit obligation of the Company's defined benefit plans reflects a lower prevalent rate applicable to the frozen cash balance plan for eligible employees in U.S. and a higher applicable rate for the unfunded defined benefit plan for certain eligible employees in the Philippines, France and Malaysia. The plans outside the U.S. represented approximately 40% and 39% of the Company's total projected benefit obligation for all defined benefit plans as of November 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Plan Assets

As of November 30, 2024 and 2023, plan assets for the cash balance plan consisted of common/collective trusts (of which approximately 50% are invested in equity backed funds and approximately 50% are invested in funds in fixed income instruments) and a private equity fund. The Company's targeted allocation was 50% equity and 50% fixed income. The investment objectives for the plan assets are to generate returns that will enable the plan to meet its future obligations. The Company's expected long-term rate of return was determined based on the asset mix of the plan, projected returns, past performance and other factors. The following table sets forth by level within the fair value hierarchy, total plan assets at fair value as of November 30, 2024 and 2023, including the cash balance plan and other funded benefit plans:

Investments	As of November 30, 2024	As of Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	As of Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	As of Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,606	\$ 3,606	\$ —	\$ —
Common/collective trusts:				
Fixed income	59,928	—	59,928	—
U.S. large cap	25,924	—	25,924	—
U.S. small cap	7,662	—	7,662	—
International equity	27,168	—	27,168	—
Governmental bonds	8,501	—	8,501	—
Corporate bonds	3,134	—	3,134	—
Investment funds	—	—	—	—
Limited partnership	—	—	—	—
Total investments	\$ 135,923	\$ 3,606	\$ 132,317	\$ —

Investments	As of November 30, 2023	As of Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	As of Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	As of Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,951	\$ 3,951	\$ —	\$ —
Common/collective trusts:				
Fixed income	55,550	—	55,550	—
U.S. large cap	24,816	—	24,816	—
U.S. small cap	6,641	—	6,641	—
International equity	25,556	—	25,556	—
Governmental bonds	6,245	—	6,245	—
Corporate bonds	3,955	—	3,955	—
Investment funds	—	—	—	—
Limited partnership	38	—	—	38
Total investments	\$ 126,752	\$ 3,951	\$ 122,763	\$ 38

The Company's cash balance plan holds level 2 investments in common/collective trust funds that are public investment vehicles valued using a net asset value ("NAV") provided by the manager of each fund. The NAV is based on the underlying net assets owned by the fund, divided by the number of shares outstanding. The NAV's unit price is quoted on a private market that may not be active. However, the NAV is based on the fair value of the underlying securities within the fund, which are traded on an active market, and valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which those individual securities are traded. The significant investment strategies of the funds are as described in the financial statements provided by each fund. There are no restrictions on redemptions from these funds. Level 3 investments are equity based funds that primarily invest in domestic early stage capital funds.

Benefit Payments

The following table details expected benefit payments for the cash balance plan and other defined benefit plans:

Fiscal Years Ending November 30,

2025	\$	34,183
2026		26,578
2027		24,292
2028		23,163
2029		21,271
Thereafter		93,624
Total	\$	223,111

The Company expects to make approximately \$2,375 in contributions during fiscal year 2025.

NOTE 12—LEASES:

The Company leases certain of its facilities and equipment under operating lease agreements, which expire in various periods through 2037. The Company's finance leases are not material.

The following table presents the various components of operating lease costs:

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		
	2024	2023	2022
Operating lease cost	\$ 295,111	\$ 216,774	\$ 199,609
Short-term lease cost	89,001	21,802	20,451
Variable lease cost	44,237	58,283	45,997
Sublease income	(4,492)	(5,394)	(3,226)
Total operating lease cost	\$ 423,857	\$ 291,465	\$ 262,831

The following table presents a maturity analysis of expected undiscounted cash flows for operating leases on an annual basis for the next five fiscal years and thereafter as of November 30, 2024:

Fiscal Years Ending November 30,	
2025	\$ 293,978
2026	231,818
2027	176,497
2028	134,446
2029	80,569
Thereafter	109,030
Total payments	1,026,338
Less: imputed interest*	164,538
Total present value of lease payments	\$ 861,800

*Imputed interest represents the difference between undiscounted cash flows and discounted cash flows.

The following amounts were recorded in the consolidated balance sheet as of November 30, 2024 and 2023 related to the Company's operating leases:

Operating leases	Balance sheet location	As of November 30,	
		2024	2023
Operating lease ROU assets	Other assets, net	\$ 816,550	\$ 813,590
Current operating lease liabilities	Other accrued liabilities	235,912	229,010
Non-current operating lease liabilities	Other long-term liabilities	625,888	623,290

The following table presents supplemental cash flow information related to the Company's operating leases. Cash payments related to variable lease costs and short-term leases are not included in the measurement of operating lease liabilities, and, as such, are excluded from the amounts below:

Cash flow information	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		
	2024	2023	2022
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities	\$ 310,859	\$ 225,142	\$ 196,168
Non-cash ROU assets obtained in exchange for lease liabilities	295,894	152,071	191,055

The weighted-average remaining lease term and discount rate as of November 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, were as follows:

Operating lease term and discount rate	As of November 30,	
	2024	2023
Weighted-average remaining lease term (years)	4.50	4.88
Weighted-average discount rate	6.91 %	6.41 %

NOTE 13—INCOME TAXES:

The sources of income before the provision for income taxes are as follows:

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		
	2024	2023	2022
United States	\$ 4,279	\$ (51,820)	\$ 7,883
Foreign	294,995	460,048	597,120
Total income before income taxes	\$ 299,274	\$ 408,228	\$ 605,003

Provision for income taxes consists of the following:

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		
	2024	2023	2022
Current tax provision:			
Federal	\$ 89,987	\$ 78,961	\$ 65,423
State	7,734	11,064	5,151
Foreign	185,584	126,072	129,613
	\$ 283,305	\$ 216,097	\$ 200,187
Deferred tax provision (benefit):			
Federal	\$ (104,236)	\$ (97,371)	\$ (19,596)
State	(20,462)	(12,850)	(12,303)
Foreign	(110,550)	(11,490)	1,075
	(235,248)	(121,711)	(30,824)
Total income tax provision	\$ 48,057	\$ 94,386	\$ 169,363

The following presents the breakdown of net deferred tax liabilities after netting by taxing jurisdiction:

	As of November 30,	
	2024	2023
Deferred tax assets	\$ 218,396	\$ 72,333
Deferred tax liabilities	312,574	414,246
Total net deferred tax liabilities	\$ 94,178	\$ 341,913

Net deferred tax liabilities consist of the following:

	As of November 30,	
	2024	2023
Assets:		
Net operating losses	\$ 172,182	\$ 138,930
Accruals and other reserves	78,308	55,528
Depreciation and amortization	107,095	73,234
U.S. interest limitation carry forward	49,481	33,318
Share-based compensation expense	17,714	7,867
Deferred revenue	5,280	5,429
Tax credits	5,082	5,082
Foreign tax credit	5,199	915
Operating lease liabilities	201,266	190,348
Intercompany loans payable	110,708	81,654
Other	32,048	37,713
Gross deferred tax assets	784,363	630,018
Valuation allowance	(125,163)	(117,679)
Total deferred tax assets	\$ 659,200	\$ 512,339
Liabilities:		
Intangible assets	\$ 529,129	\$ 636,194
Unremitted non-US earnings	42,433	45,250
Operating lease right-of-use assets	181,816	172,808
Total deferred tax liabilities	753,378	854,252
Net deferred tax liabilities	\$ 94,178	\$ 341,913

The valuation allowance relates primarily to certain state and foreign net operating loss carry forwards, foreign deferred items and state credits. The Company's assessment is that it is not more likely than not that these deferred tax assets will be realized.

A reconciliation of the statutory U.S. federal income tax rate to the Company's effective income tax rate is as follows:

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		
	2024	2023	2022
Federal statutory income tax rate	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %
State taxes, net of federal income tax benefit	(1.8)%	(1.0)%	(1.4)%
International rate difference	(9.0)%	(2.3)%	(2.7)%
Withholding taxes	3.9 %	2.5 %	1.1 %
Uncertain tax benefits	0.7 %	1.3 %	(0.3)%
Changes in valuation allowance	6.5 %	1.7 %	1.3 %
Impact of inclusion of foreign income ⁽¹⁾	0.3 %	(4.7)%	9.2 %
Capital loss	(12.4)%	— %	— %
Other ⁽²⁾	6.9 %	4.6 %	(0.2)%
Effective income tax rate	<u>16.1 %</u>	<u>23.1 %</u>	<u>28.0 %</u>

(1) Represents Subpart F income, Base Erosion and Anti-Abuse Tax (BEAT), and Global Intangible Low-Taxed Income (GILTI) (less Section 250 deduction), net of associated foreign tax credits.

(2) Includes categories of reconciling items that are not individually equal to or greater than 5% for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2024. Includes tax costs related to future legal entity restructuring for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2023.

The Company's U.S. business has sufficient cash flow and liquidity to fund its operating requirements and the Company expects and intends that profits earned outside the United States will be fully utilized and reinvested outside of the United States with the exception of earnings of certain acquired non-U.S. entities. The Company has recorded deferred tax liabilities related to non-U.S. withholding taxes on the earnings of its non-U.S. subsidiaries likely to be repatriated in the future.

As of November 30, 2024, the Company had approximately \$2,757,788 of undistributed earnings of its non-U.S. subsidiaries for which it has not provided for non-U.S. withholding taxes and state taxes because such earnings are intended to be reinvested indefinitely in international operations. It is not practicable to determine the amount of applicable taxes that would be due if such earnings were distributed. Accordingly, the Company has not provisioned U.S. state taxes and non-U.S. withholding taxes on the non-U.S. legal entities for which the earnings are permanently reinvested.

As of November 30, 2024, the Company had net operating loss carry forwards of approximately \$312,542 and \$29,544 for federal and state purposes, respectively. The federal net operating loss carry forward and the state net operating loss carry forwards will begin to expire in the fiscal year ending November 30, 2025. The Company also had approximately \$173,322 of foreign net operating loss carry forwards that will also begin to expire in fiscal year ending November 30, 2025 if not used. In addition, the Company has approximately \$10,670 of various federal and state income tax credit carry forwards that, if not used, will begin to expire in the fiscal year ending November 30, 2025. Utilization of the acquired loss carry forwards may be limited pursuant to Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

The Company enjoys tax holidays in certain jurisdictions, primarily Algeria, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Estonia, Guatemala, Honduras, India, Jamaica, Jordan, Latvia, Madagascar, Nicaragua, the Philippines and Türkiye. The tax holidays provide for lower or zero rates of taxation and require various thresholds of investment and business activities in those jurisdictions. The estimated tax benefits from the above tax holidays for fiscal years 2024, 2023, and 2022 were approximately \$17,332, \$7,961, and \$10,315, respectively.

The aggregate changes in the balances of gross unrecognized tax benefits, excluding accrued interest and penalties, during fiscal years 2024, 2023, and 2022 were as follows:

Balance as of November 30, 2021	\$	47,447
Additions based on tax positions related to the current year		42,749
Settlements		(4,882)
Lapse of statute of limitations		(14,351)
Balance as of November 30, 2022		70,963
Additions based on tax positions related to the current year		5,819
Additions based on tax positions related to the prior year / acquisition		6,071
Lapse of statute of limitations		(4,938)
Changes due to translation of foreign currencies		1,407
Balance as of November 30, 2023		79,322
Additions based on tax positions related to the current year		11,081
Additions based on tax positions related to the prior year / acquisition		18,576
Lapse of statute of limitations		(8,071)
Changes due to translation of foreign currencies		(132)
Settlements		(428)
Balance as of November 30, 2024	\$	100,348

The Company conducts business globally and files income tax returns in various U.S. and non-U.S. jurisdictions. The Company is subject to continuous examination and audits by various tax authorities. Significant audits are underway in the United States and India. The Company is not aware of any material exposures arising from these tax audits or in other jurisdictions not already provided for.

Although timing of the resolution of audits and/or appeals is highly uncertain, the Company believes it is reasonably possible that the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits as of November 30, 2024 could decrease between \$40,219 and \$42,796 in the next twelve months. The Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax audit for returns covering years through fiscal year 2018. The Company is no longer subject to non-U.S. or U.S. state income tax audits for returns covering years through fiscal year 2012 and fiscal year 2014, respectively.

The liability for unrecognized tax benefits was \$112,961 and \$87,939 at November 30, 2024 and November 30, 2023, respectively, and is included in other long-term liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets. As of November 30, 2024 and 2023, \$60,512 and \$52,779 of the total unrecognized tax benefits, net of federal benefit, would affect the effective tax rate, if realized. The Company's policy is to include interest and penalties related to income taxes, including unrecognized tax benefits, within the provision for income taxes. As of November 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company had accrued \$12,613 and \$8,617, respectively, in income taxes payable related to accrued interest and penalties.

NOTE 14—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

From time to time, the Company receives notices from third parties, including customers and suppliers, seeking indemnification, payment of money, or other actions in connection with claims made against them. Also, from time to time, the Company has been involved in various bankruptcy preference actions where the Company was a supplier to the companies now in bankruptcy. In addition, the Company is subject to various other claims, both asserted and unasserted, that arise in the ordinary course of business. The Company evaluates these claims and records the related liabilities. It is possible that the liabilities ultimately incurred by the Company could differ from the amounts recorded.

The Company does not believe that the above commitments and contingencies will have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

NOTE 15—EARNINGS PER SHARE:

Basic and diluted earnings per common share (“EPS”) are computed using the two-class method, which is an earnings allocation formula that determines EPS for each class of common stock and participating security.

	Fiscal Years Ended November 30,		
	2024	2023	2022
Basic earnings per common share:			
Net income	\$ 251,217	\$ 313,842	\$ 435,049
Less: net income allocated to participating securities ⁽¹⁾	(9,504)	(6,001)	(6,631)
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 241,713	\$ 307,841	\$ 428,418
Weighted average common shares - basic	64,977	53,801	51,353
Basic earnings per common share	<u>\$ 3.72</u>	<u>\$ 5.72</u>	<u>\$ 8.34</u>
Diluted earnings per common share:			
Net income	\$ 251,217	\$ 313,842	\$ 435,049
Less: net income allocated to participating securities ⁽¹⁾	(9,490)	(5,978)	(6,583)
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 241,727	\$ 307,864	\$ 428,466
Weighted-average number of common shares - basic	64,977	53,801	51,353
Effect of dilutive securities:			
Stock options and restricted stock units	97	209	387
Weighted-average number of common shares - diluted	<u>65,074</u>	<u>54,010</u>	<u>51,740</u>
Diluted earnings per common share	<u>\$ 3.71</u>	<u>\$ 5.70</u>	<u>\$ 8.28</u>

(1) Restricted stock awards granted to employees by the Company are considered participating securities. Effective in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2023, restricted stock units granted are also considered participating securities.

NOTE 16—STOCKHOLDERS’ EQUITY:
Share repurchase program

In September 2021, the Company’s board of directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$500,000 of the outstanding shares of Concentrix common stock from time to time as market and business conditions warrant, including through open market purchases or Rule 10b5-1 trading plans. The repurchase program has no termination date and may be suspended or discontinued at any time. During the fiscal years ended November 30, 2024 and 2023 under the share repurchase program, the Company repurchased 2,201 and 709 shares, respectively, of Concentrix common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$136,096 and \$63,958, respectively. The share repurchases were made on the open market and the shares repurchased by the Company are held in treasury for general corporate purposes. At November 30, 2024, approximately \$154,030 remained available for share repurchases under the existing authorization from the Company’s board of directors.

During December 2024, the Company repurchased 151 shares of Concentrix common stock under the repurchase program for an aggregate purchase price of \$6,548.

In January 2025, the Company’s board of directors extended the share repurchase program by authorizing an increase of the amount remaining for share repurchases under the existing share repurchase authorization to \$600,000.

Dividends

During fiscal years 2024 and 2023, the Company paid the following dividends per share approved by the Company's board of directors:

Announcement Date	Record Date	Per Share Dividend Amount	Payment Date
January 19, 2023	January 30, 2023	\$0.275	February 10, 2023
March 29, 2023	April 28, 2023	\$0.275	May 9, 2023
June 28, 2023	July 28, 2023	\$0.275	August 8, 2023
September 27, 2023	October 27, 2023	\$0.3025	November 7, 2023
January 24, 2024	February 5, 2024	\$0.3025	February 15, 2024
March 26, 2024	April 26, 2024	\$0.3025	May 7, 2024
June 26, 2024	July 26, 2024	\$0.3025	August 6, 2024
September 25, 2024	October 25, 2024	\$0.33275	November 5, 2024

On January 15, 2025, the Company announced a cash dividend of \$0.33275 per share to stockholders of record as of January 31, 2025, payable on February 11, 2025.

ITEM 9. CHANGES AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES

None.

ITEM 9A. CONTROL AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures

Based on the evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as required by Rules 13a-15(b) or 15d-15(b) under the Exchange Act, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by Concentrix in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms, and include controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in such reports is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Report of management on internal control over financial reporting

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting, as of November 30, 2024, appears in Part II, Item 8, of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, and is incorporated herein by reference.

The effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting, as of November 30, 2024, has been audited by KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report, which appears in Part II, Item 8, of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Changes in internal control over financial reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our fourth fiscal quarter of fiscal year 2024 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Limitations on controls

Our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives as specified above. Management does not expect, however, that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent or detect all error and fraud. Any control system, no matter how well designed and operated, is based upon certain assumptions and can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that its objectives will be met. Further, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that misstatements due to error or fraud will not occur or that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangements

During the three months ended November 30, 2024, none of our directors or officers adopted or terminated a "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" or "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," as those terms are defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K.

ITEM 9C. DISCLOSURE REGARDING FOREIGN JURISDICTIONS THAT PREVENT INSPECTIONS

Not applicable.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Certain information required by this Item 10 is incorporated by reference to the material under the headings “Board of Directors,” “Board Committees,” “Proposals Requiring Your Vote—Proposal No. 1: Election of Directors,” and “Our Executive Officers” in the Company’s definitive Proxy Statement for the 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which we will file with the SEC not later than April 1, 2025.

Item 405 of Regulation S-K calls for disclosure of any known late filing or failure by an insider to file a report required by Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act. To the extent disclosure for delinquent reports is being made, it can be found under the caption “Delinquent Section 16(a) Reports” in the Company’s definitive Proxy Statement for the 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which we will file with the SEC not later than April 1, 2025, and is incorporated herein by reference.

Our Code of Ethical Business Conduct, with which our directors, officers and staff must comply, establishes legal and ethical standards for conducting our business, including in accordance with applicable Nasdaq listing standards and SEC regulations. Our Code of Ethical Business Conduct is available free of charge on the “Governance—Governance Documents” page of the Investor section of our website at www.concentrix.com, and a copy may also be obtained, upon request, from our Corporate Secretary at 39899 Balentine Drive, Suite 235, Newark, California, 94560. Future waivers from, or amendments to, our Code of Ethical Business Conduct that apply to our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller or persons performing similar functions will be timely posted on the webpage referenced in this paragraph.

We have an insider trading policy governing the purchase, sale, and other dispositions of our securities that applies to all of our personnel, including directors, officers, game-changers, and other covered persons. We also follow such procedures, as applicable, for the repurchase of our securities. We believe that our insider trading policy and repurchase procedures are reasonably designed to promote compliance with insider trading laws, rules, and regulations, and listing standards applicable to us. A copy of our insider trading policy, the Concentrix Corporation Securities Trading Policy, is filed as Exhibit 19.1 to this Form 10-K.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The information required by this Item 11 is incorporated by reference to the material under the headings “Board Committees—Compensation Committee,” “Director Compensation,” “Compensation Discussion and Analysis,” “2024 Summary Compensation Table,” “Grants of Plan-Based Awards in Fiscal Year 2024,” “Outstanding Equity Awards at 2024 Fiscal Year-End,” “Option Exercises and Stock Vested in Fiscal Year 2024,” “Pension Benefits,” “Potential Payments upon Termination or in Connection with a Change of Control,” “CEO Pay Ratio,” “Pay Versus Performance,” and “Corporate Governance—Risk Management” in the Company’s definitive Proxy Statement for the 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which we will file with the SEC not later than April 1, 2025.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The information required by this Item 12 is incorporated by reference to the material under the headings “Beneficial Ownership of Securities” and “Equity Compensation Plan Information” in the Company’s definitive Proxy Statement for the 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which we will file with the SEC not later than April 1, 2025.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The information required by this Item 13 is incorporated by reference to the material under the headings “Corporate Governance—Related Party Transactions” and “Board of Directors—Director Independence” in the Company’s definitive Proxy Statement for the 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which we will file with the SEC not later than April 1, 2025.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES

The information required by this Item 14 is incorporated by reference to the material under the heading “Proposals Requiring Your Vote—Proposal No. 2: Ratification of Appointment of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm” in the Company’s definitive Proxy Statement for the 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which we will file with the SEC not later than April 1, 2025.

PART IV
ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES
(a)(1) Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Company filed as part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K are included in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

(a)(2) Financial Statement Schedules
Schedules Omitted

Schedules other than Schedule II are omitted because they are not required or applicable under instructions contained in Regulation S-X or because the information called for is shown in the consolidated financial statements.

CONCENTRIX
SCHEDULE II—VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

For the Fiscal Years Ended November 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022

(in thousands)

	Balances at Beginning of Fiscal Year	<u>Additions/Deductions</u>	Additions from Acquisitions	Reclassifications and Write-offs	Balances at End of Fiscal Year
		Charged to Revenue and Expense, net			
Fiscal Year Ended November 30, 2024					
Allowance for deferred tax assets	\$ 117,679	\$ 40,340	\$ —	\$ (32,856)	\$ 125,163
Fiscal Year Ended November 30, 2023					
Allowance for deferred tax assets	\$ 103,169	\$ 4,823	\$ 11,760	\$ (2,073)	\$ 117,679
Fiscal Year Ended November 30, 2022					
Allowance for deferred tax assets	\$ 31,016	\$ 9,269	\$ 63,804	\$ (920)	\$ 103,169

(a)(3) Exhibits

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Exhibit Description</u>
2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of November 19, 2021, by and among Concentrix Corporation, CNXC Merger Sub, Inc., ProKarma Holdings Inc. and Carlyle Partners VI Holdings, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 24, 2021). *
2.2	First Amendment to Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of December 20, 2021, by and among Concentrix Corporation, CNXC Merger Sub, Inc., ProKarma Holdings Inc. and Carlyle Partners VI Holdings, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 23, 2021). *
2.3	Share Purchase and Contribution Agreement, dated June 12, 2023, by and among Concentrix Corporation, OSYRIS S.à r.l., Marnix Lux SA, the other beneficiaries party thereto, and Sandrine Asseraf as the PoA Seller Representative (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 12, 2023). *
2.4	First Amendment to Share Purchase and Contribution Agreement, dated July 14, 2023, by and among Concentrix Corporation, OSYRIS S.à r.l., Marnix Lux SA, Sandrine Asseraf as the PoA Seller Representative, Priscilla Maters, as the representative of the GBL Sellers and Frédéric Jousset, and Sapiens, as the representative of the Non-PoA Sellers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 17, 2023). *
3.1	Composite Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Concentrix Corporation filed on December 2, 2020, as amended by the Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation of Concentrix Corporation, filed October 28, 2024.
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Concentrix Corporation, as amended.
3.3	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Concentrix Corporation, as amended (redlined).
4.1	Description of Securities.
4.2	Indenture, dated as of August 2, 2023, by and between Concentrix Corporation and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 2, 2023).
4.3	First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 2, 2023, by and between Concentrix Corporation and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 2, 2023).
4.4	Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 2, 2023, by and between Concentrix Corporation and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 2, 2023).
4.5	Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 2, 2023, by and between Concentrix Corporation and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 2, 2023).
10.1	Amendment and Restatement Agreement, dated as of April 21, 2023, by and among Concentrix Corporation, the lenders party thereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., and Bank of America, N.A. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 26, 2023).

- 10.2 [Receivables Financing Agreement, dated as of October 30, 2020, by and among Concentrix Receivables, Inc., as borrower, the Company, as initial servicer, the lenders party thereto, and PNC Bank, National Association, as administrative agent \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to Amendment No. 2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed on October 30, 2020\).](#)
- 10.3 [Receivables Purchase Agreement, dated as of October 30, 2020, by and among Concentrix Receivables, Inc., the Company, as servicer, and the subsidiaries of the Company named therein, as originators \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to Amendment No. 2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed on October 30, 2020\).](#)
- 10.4 [First Omnibus Amendment, dated as of May 5, 2021, by and among the Company, as servicer, Concentrix Receivables, Inc., as borrower, the subsidiaries of the Company named therein, as originators, the lenders party thereto, and PNC Bank, National Association, as administrative agent \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on July 9, 2021\).](#)
- 10.5 [Second Amendment to Receivables Financing Agreement, dated as of July 6, 2022, by and among Concentrix Receivables, Inc., as borrower, the Company, as servicer, the lenders party thereto, and PNC Bank, National Association, as administrative agent \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on July 8, 2022\).](#)
- 10.6 [Third Amendment to Receivables Financing Agreement, dated as of April 25, 2024, by and among Concentrix Receivables, Inc., as borrower, the Company, as servicer, the group agents and the lenders party thereto, and PNC Bank, National Association, as administrative agent \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 26, 2024\).](#)
- 10.7 [Fourth Amendment to Receivables Financing Agreement, dated as of January 14, 2025, by and among Concentrix Receivables, Inc., as borrower, the Company, as servicer, the group agents and the lenders party thereto, and PNC Bank, National Association, as administrative agent \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 21, 2025\).](#)
- 10.8 [Put Option Agreement, dated as of March 29, 2023, by and among Concentrix Corporation, OSYRIS S.à r.l., Marnix Lux SA, the other beneficiaries party thereto, and Sandrine Asseraf as the PoA Seller Representative, including the form of Sellers' Note set forth as Schedule 7 thereto \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 31, 2023\).*](#)
- 10.9 [Investor Rights Agreement, dated as of March 29, 2023, by and among Concentrix Corporation and the initial stockholders party thereto \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 31, 2023\).*](#)
- 10.10 [Commitment Letter, dated as of March 29, 2023, by and between Concentrix Corporation and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 31, 2023\).](#)
- 10.11 [Sellers' Note, dated September 25, 2023, by and among Concentrix Corporation and certain holders party thereto \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 25, 2023\).](#)
- 10.12 [Form of Stock Restriction Agreement by and between Concentrix Corporation and the shareholders of Marnix Lux SA party thereto \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit E to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 17, 2023\).](#)

10.13	Offer Letter, dated as of November 24, 2020, by and between the Company and Christopher Caldwell (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 25, 2020). †
10.14	Concentrix Corporation Amended and Restated 2020 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 29, 2024). †
10.15	Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement under the Concentrix Corporation 2020 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 22, 2021). †
10.16	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the Concentrix Corporation 2020 Stock Incentive Plan (Non-Employee Directors). †
10.17	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the Concentrix Corporation 2020 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on February 16, 2021). †
10.18	Form of Stock Option Award Agreement under the Concentrix Corporation 2020 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 22, 2021). †
10.19	Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement under the Concentrix Corporation 2020 Stock Incentive Plan (2022) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.15 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on January 28, 2022). †
10.20	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the Concentrix Corporation 2020 Stock Incentive Plan (2022) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on January 28, 2022). †
10.21	Form of Performance Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the Concentrix Corporation 2020 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.17 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on January 28, 2022). †
10.22	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the Concentrix Corporation 2020 Stock Incentive Plan (2023) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.20 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on January 29, 2024). †
10.23	Concentrix Corporation 2020 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, as amended. †
10.24	Concentrix Corporation Change of Control Severance Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 2, 2020). †
10.25	Form of Indemnification Agreement between the Company and individual directors and officers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form 10 filed by Concentrix Corporation on October 13, 2020 (File No. 001-39494)). †
10.26	Service Agreement, effective as of January 7, 2019, by and between Concentrix CVG CMG UK Limited and Cormac Twomey (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on February 16, 2021). †
16.1	Letter from KPMG LLP (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 16.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 30, 2024).
19.1	Concentrix Corporation Securities Trading Policy.
21.1	Subsidiaries of the Company.
23.1	Consent of KPMG LLP.
24.1	Power of Attorney (included on signature page of this report).

31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a- 14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a- 14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
97.1	Concentrix Corporation Compensation Clawback Policy (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 97.1 to the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on January 29, 2024).
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (Embedded within the Inline XBRL document and included in Exhibit 101).

* Schedules and exhibits have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(b)(2) of Regulation S-K. Concentrix Corporation hereby undertakes to furnish copies of any of the omitted schedules and exhibits upon request by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

† Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement required to be filed as an exhibit pursuant to Item 15(b) of Form 10-K.

ITEM 16. FORM 10-K SUMMARY

None.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: January 28, 2025

CONCENTRIX CORPORATION

By: /s/ Christopher Caldwell
Christopher Caldwell
President and Chief Executive Officer

POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints Christopher Caldwell and Andre Valentine, and each of them, his true and lawful attorneys-in-fact, each with full power of substitution, for him or her in any and all capacities, to sign any amendments to this Annual Report on Form 10-K and to file the same, with exhibits thereto and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby ratifying and confirming all that each of said attorneys-in-fact or their substitute or substitutes may do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ Christopher Caldwell</u> Christopher Caldwell	President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and Director	January 28, 2025
<u>/s/ Andre Valentine</u> Andre Valentine	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Principal Accounting Officer)	January 28, 2025
<u>/s/ Teh-Chien Chou</u> Teh-Chien Chou	Director	January 28, 2025
<u>/s/ LaVerne Council</u> LaVerne Council	Director	January 28, 2025

<u>/s/ Jennifer Deason</u> Jennifer Deason	Director	January 28, 2025
<u>/s/ Olivier Duha</u> Olivier Duha	Director	January 28, 2025
<u>/s/ Nicolas Gheysens</u> Nicolas Gheysens	Director	January 28, 2025
<u>/s/ Kathryn Hayley</u> Kathryn Hayley	Director	January 28, 2025
<u>/s/ Kathryn Marinello</u> Kathryn Marinello	Director	January 28, 2025
<u>/s/ Dennis Polk</u> Dennis Polk	Director	January 28, 2025
<u>/s/ Ann Vezina</u> Ann Vezina	Director	January 28, 2025

**CERTIFICATE OF AMENDMENT OF
CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF
CONCENTRIX CORPORATION**

Concentrix Corporation, a corporation organized and existing under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, hereby certifies as follows:

FIRST: The name of the corporation is Concentrix Corporation.

SECOND: The original Certificate of Incorporation of the corporation was filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on December 15, 2009 under the name SYNnex GBS, INC., and was amended on March 14, 2014 to change the name to Concentrix Global Holdings, Inc., and was subsequently amended on February 12, 2020 and amended and restated on November 25, 2020.

THIRD: The Certificate of Incorporation of the corporation is hereby amended by deleting the paragraph under ARTICLE IX and replacing such paragraph with the following paragraph so that, as amended, said Article shall be and read as follows:

This Article IX or Articles V, VII and VIII may be adopted, amended or replaced by the affirmative vote of a majority of the voting power of the shares of capital stock of the corporation, voting together as a single class.

FOURTH: The Board of Directors of the corporation has duly adopted a resolution pursuant to Section 242 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware setting forth a proposed amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation of the corporation and declaring said amendment to be advisable.

FIFTH: This Certificate of Amendment and the amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation effected hereby has been duly adopted in accordance with Section 242 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.

SIXTH: This Certificate of Amendment, and the amendment effected hereby, shall become effective upon filing.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the corporation has caused this certificate to be signed this 28th day of October, 2024.

Concentrix Corporation

By: /s/ Jane Fogarty
Jane Fogarty
Executive Vice President, Legal

**AMENDED AND RESTATED CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF
CONCENTRIX CORPORATION**

Concentrix Corporation, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, hereby certifies as follows:

FIRST: The name of the corporation is Concentrix Corporation.

SECOND: The original Certificate of Incorporation of the corporation was filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on December 15, 2009 under the name SYNEX GBS, INC., and was amended on March 14, 2014 to change the name to Concentrix Global Holdings, Inc., and was subsequently amended on February 12, 2020.

THIRD: Pursuant to Sections 242 and 245 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, this Restated Certificate of Incorporation restates, integrates and further amends the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation of the corporation.

FOURTH: The Certificate of Incorporation of the corporation shall be amended and restated to read in full as follows:

ARTICLE I

The name of the corporation is Concentrix Corporation (the “*Corporation*”).

ARTICLE II

The registered agent and the address of the registered offices in the State of Delaware are:

THE CORPORATION TRUST COMPANY
Corporation Trust Center
1209 Orange Street
Wilmington, DE 19801
New Castle County

ARTICLE III

The purpose of the Corporation is to engage in any lawful act or activity for which a corporation may be organized under the General Corporation Law of Delaware (the “*DGCL*”).

ARTICLE IV

A. Classes of Stock. The total number of shares of all classes of capital stock that the Corporation shall have authority to issue is 260,000,000, of which 250,000,000 shares shall be Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share (the “*Common Stock*”), and of which

10,000,000 shares shall be Preferred Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share (the “**Preferred Stock**”). The number of authorized shares of Common Stock or Preferred Stock may be increased or decreased (but not below the number of shares thereof then outstanding) by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the then outstanding shares of Common Stock, without a vote of the holders of the Preferred Stock, or of any series thereof, unless a vote of any such Preferred Stock holders is required pursuant to the provisions established by the Board of Directors of the Corporation (the “**Board of Directors**”) in the resolution or resolutions providing for the issue of such Preferred Stock, and if such holders of such Preferred Stock are so entitled to vote thereon, then, except as may otherwise be set forth in this Restated Certificate (this “**Certificate**”), the only stockholder approval required shall be the affirmative vote of a majority of the voting power of the Common Stock and the Preferred Stock so entitled to vote, voting together as a single class.

B. Preferred Stock. The Preferred Stock may be issued from time to time in one or more series, as determined by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors is expressly authorized to provide for the issue, in one or more series, of all or any of the remaining shares of Preferred Stock and, in the resolution or resolutions providing for such issue, to establish for each such series the number of its shares, the voting powers, full or limited, of the shares of such series, or that such shares shall have no voting powers, and the designations, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights of the shares of such series, and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof. The Board of Directors is also expressly authorized (unless forbidden in the resolution or resolutions providing for such issue) to increase or decrease (but not below the number of shares of such series then outstanding) the number of shares of any series subsequent to the issuance of shares of that series. In case the number of shares of any such series shall be so decreased, the shares constituting such decrease shall resume the status that they had prior to the adoption of the resolution originally fixing the number of shares of such series. Unless the Board of Directors provides to the contrary in the resolution which fixes the designations, preferences and rights of a series of Preferred Stock, neither the consent by series, or otherwise, of the holders of any outstanding Preferred Stock nor the consent of the holders of any outstanding Common Stock shall be required for the issuance of any new series of Preferred Stock regardless of whether the rights and preferences of the new series of Preferred Stock are senior or superior, in any way, to the outstanding series of Preferred Stock or the Common Stock.

C. Common Stock.

1. Relative Rights of Preferred Stock and Common Stock. All preferences, voting powers, relative, participating, optional, or other special rights and privileges, and qualifications, limitations, or restrictions of the Common Stock are expressly made subject and subordinate to those that may be fixed with respect to any shares of the Preferred Stock.

2. Voting Rights. Except as otherwise required by law or this Certificate, each holder of Common Stock shall have one vote in respect of each share of stock held by such holder of record on the books of the Corporation for the election of directors and on all matters

submitted to a vote of stockholders of the Corporation. No holder of shares of Common Stock shall have the right to cumulative votes.

3. Dividends. Subject to the preferential rights of the Preferred Stock and except as otherwise required by law or this Certificate, the holders of shares of Common Stock shall be entitled to receive, dividends when and if declared by the Board of Directors, out of the assets of the Corporation which are by law available therefor, dividends payable either in cash, in property or in shares of capital stock.

4. Dissolution, Liquidation, or Winding Up. In the event of any dissolution, liquidation, or winding up of the affairs of the Corporation, after distribution in full of the preferential amounts, if any, to be distributed to the holders of shares of the Preferred Stock, holders of Common Stock shall be entitled, except as otherwise required by law or this Certificate, to receive all of the remaining assets of the Corporation of whatever kind available for distribution to stockholders ratably in proportion to the number of shares of Common Stock held by them respectively. A merger, conversion, exchange, or consolidation of the Corporation with or into any other person or sale or transfer of all or any part of the assets of the Corporation (which shall not in fact result in the liquidation of the Corporation and the distribution of assets to stockholders) shall not be deemed to be a voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the affairs of the Corporation.

5. No Conversion, Redemption, or Preemptive Rights. The holders of Common Stock shall not have any conversion, redemption, or preemptive rights.

6. Consideration for Shares. The Common Stock authorized by this Certificate shall be issued for such consideration as shall be fixed, from time to time, by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE V

In furtherance and not in limitation of the powers conferred by the laws of the State of Delaware:

A. Authority and Number of Directors. The Board of Directors is expressly authorized to adopt, amend, or repeal the bylaws of the Corporation (the "**Bylaws**"), without any action on the part of the stockholders, by the vote of at least a majority of the directors of the Corporation then in office. The business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed by a Board of Directors. The authorized number of directors of the Corporation shall be fixed in the manner provided in the Bylaws. Other than those directors elected by the holders of any series of Preferred Stock as provided for or fixed pursuant to the provisions of Article IV hereof, each director shall serve until his or her successor shall be duly elected and qualified or until his or her earlier resignation, removal from office, death, or incapacity.

B. Vacancies; Removal. Subject to the rights of the holders of any series of Preferred Stock then outstanding, newly created directorships resulting from any increase in the

authorized number of directors or any vacancies in the Board of Directors resulting from death, resignation, retirement, disqualification, removal from office, or other cause shall be filled solely by a majority vote of the directors then in office, although less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director. If there are no directors in office, then an election of directors may be held in the manner provided by statute. Directors chosen pursuant to any of the foregoing provisions shall hold office until their successors are duly elected and qualified or until their earlier resignation, removal from office, death, or incapacity. No decrease in the number of directors constituting the Board of Directors shall shorten the term of any incumbent director. In the event of a vacancy in the Board of Directors, the remaining directors, except as otherwise provided by law, or by this Certificate or the Bylaws, may exercise the powers of the full Board of Directors until the vacancy is filled.

ARTICLE VI

In furtherance and not in limitation of the powers conferred by the laws of the State of Delaware:

A. Elections of directors need not be by written ballot unless the Bylaws shall so provide.

B. The books of the Corporation may be kept at such place within or without the State of Delaware as the Bylaws may provide or as may be designated from time to time by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE VII

A. Power of Stockholder to Act by Written Consent. No action required or permitted to be taken at any annual or special meeting of the stockholders may be taken without a meeting called and noticed in the manner required by the Bylaws and the DGCL. The stockholders may not in any circumstance take action by written consent.

B. Special Meetings of Stockholders. Special meetings of the stockholders of the Corporation may be called for any purpose or purposes, unless otherwise prescribed by statute or by this Certificate, only at the request of the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, or the President of the Corporation, or by a resolution adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of the Board of Directors. Any power of stockholders to call a special meeting of stockholders is specifically denied. Except as otherwise required by law or this Certificate, the Board of Directors may postpone, reschedule, or cancel any special meeting of stockholders.

C. Notice. Advance notice of stockholder nominations for the election of directors and of business to be brought by stockholders before any meeting of the stockholders of the Corporation shall be given in the manner and to the extent provided in the Bylaws.

ARTICLE VIII

A. Limitation on Liability. To the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL, as the same exists or as may hereafter be amended (including, but not limited to Section 102(b)(7) of the DGCL), a director of the Corporation shall not be personally liable to the Corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director. If the DGCL hereafter is amended to further eliminate or limit the liability of directors, then the liability of a director of the Corporation, in addition to the limitation on liability provided herein, shall be limited to the fullest extent permitted by the amended DGCL. Any repeal or modification of this paragraph by the stockholders of the Corporation shall be prospective only and shall not adversely affect any limitation on the personal liability of a director of the Corporation existing at the time of such repeal or modification.

B. Indemnification. Each person who is or was a director or officer of the Corporation or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or of a partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan, or other enterprise (including the heirs, executors, administrators, or estate of such person), shall be indemnified and advanced expenses by the Corporation, in accordance with the Bylaws, to the fullest extent authorized by the DGCL, as the same exists or may hereafter be amended (but, in the case of any such amendment, only to the extent that such amendment permits the Corporation to provide broader indemnification rights than said law permitted the Corporation to provide prior to such amendment) or any other applicable laws as presently or hereinafter in effect. The right to indemnification and advancement of expenses hereunder shall not be exclusive of any other right that any person may have or hereafter acquire under any statute, provision of this Certificate or the Bylaws, agreement, vote of stockholders, or disinterested directors or otherwise.

C. Repeal and Modification. Any repeal or modification of the foregoing provisions of this Article IX shall not adversely affect any right or protection existing hereunder immediately prior to such repeal or modification.

ARTICLE IX

The affirmative vote of the holders of at least sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the voting power of the shares of the capital stock of the Corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class, shall be required to amend in any respect or repeal this Article IX or Articles V, VII and VIII; provided, however, unless the Certificate of Incorporation is approved by holders of at least a majority of the voting power of the shares of capital stock of the Corporation, after the 2026 Annual Meeting of the Corporation, this Article IX or Articles V, VII and VIII may be adopted, amended or replaced by the affirmative vote of a majority of the voting power of the shares of capital stock of the corporation.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Corporation has caused this certificate to be signed this 25th day of November, 2020.

Concentrix Corporation

By: /s/ Steven L. Richie

Steven L. Richie

Executive Vice President, Legal

**AMENDED AND RESTATED
BYLAWS
OF
CONCENTRIX CORPORATION
(a Delaware corporation)
(as amended as of December 4, 2021 and January 9, 2025)**

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AMENDED AND RESTATED
BYLAWS
OF
CONCENTRIX CORPORATION
(a Delaware corporation)

(as amended as of December 4, 2021 and January 9, 2025)

ARTICLE 1

Offices

1.1 Registered Office. The registered office of Concentrix Corporation shall be set forth in the certificate of incorporation of the corporation.

1.2 Other Offices. The corporation may also have offices at such other places, either within or without the State of Delaware, as the board of directors of the corporation (the “**Board of Directors**”) may from time to time designate, or the business of the corporation may require.

ARTICLE 2

Meeting of Stockholders

2.1 Place of Meeting. Meetings of stockholders may be held at such place, either within or outside the State of Delaware, as may be designated by or in the manner provided in these bylaws, or, if not so designated, at the principal executive offices of the corporation. The Board of Directors may, in its sole discretion, (a) determine that a meeting of stockholders shall not be held at any place, or (b) permit participation by stockholders at such meeting, by means of remote communication as authorized by Section 211(a)(2) of the Delaware General Corporation Law (the “**DGCL**”).

2.2 Annual Meeting.

(a) Annual meetings of stockholders shall be held each year at such date and time as shall be designated from time to time by the Board of Directors and stated in the notice of the meeting. At each such annual meeting, the stockholders shall elect by plurality vote a Board of Directors. The stockholders shall also transact such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting. Except as otherwise restricted by the certificate of incorporation of the corporation or applicable law, the Board of Directors may postpone, reschedule, or cancel any annual meeting of stockholders.

(b) To be properly brought before the annual meeting, business must be (a) specified in the notice of meeting (or any supplement thereto) given by or at the direction of the Board of Directors, (b) otherwise properly brought before the meeting by or at the direction of the Board of Directors, or (c) otherwise properly brought before the meeting by a stockholder of record. A motion related to business proposed to be brought before any stockholders’ meeting may be made by any stockholder entitled to vote if the business proposed is otherwise proper to be brought before the meeting. However, any such stockholder may propose business to be brought before a meeting only if such stockholder has given timely notice to the Secretary of the

corporation in proper written form of the stockholder's intent to propose such business. To be timely, the stockholder's notice must be delivered by a nationally recognized courier service or mailed by first class United States mail, postage or delivery charges prepaid, and received at the principal executive offices of the corporation addressed to the attention of the Secretary of the corporation not more than one hundred twenty (120) days nor less than ninety (90) days in advance of the anniversary of the date of the corporation's proxy statement provided in connection with the previous year's annual meeting of stockholders; *provided, however*, that in the event that no annual meeting was held in the previous year or the annual meeting is called for a date that is more than thirty (30) days before or after the anniversary date of the previous year's annual meeting, notice by the stockholder must be received by the Secretary of the corporation not later than the close of business on the later of (x) the ninetieth (90th) day prior to such annual meeting and (y) the tenth (10th) day following the day on which public announcement of the date of such meeting is first made. For the purposes of these bylaws, "**public announcement**" shall mean disclosure in a press release reported by the Dow Jones News Service, Associated Press or a comparable national news service or in a document publicly filed by the corporation with the Securities and Exchange Commission. In no event shall the public announcement of an adjournment or postponement of an annual meeting commence a new time period (or extend any time period) for the giving of a stockholder's notice as described above. A stockholder's notice to the Secretary shall set forth as to each matter the stockholder proposes to bring before the annual meeting: (i) a brief description of the business desired to be brought before the annual meeting, the text of the proposal or business (including the text of any resolutions proposed for consideration and in the event that such business includes a proposal to amend the Bylaws of the corporation, the language of the proposed amendment), and the reasons for conducting such business at the annual meeting; (ii) the name and record address of the stockholder proposing such business and the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the proposal is made; (iii) the class, series, and number of shares of the corporation that are owned beneficially and of record by the stockholder and such beneficial owner; (iv) any material interest of the stockholder in such business; and (v) any other information that is required to be provided by the stockholder pursuant to Section 14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder (collectively, the "**1934 Act**") in such stockholder's capacity as a proponent of a stockholder proposal.

Notwithstanding anything in these bylaws to the contrary, no business shall be conducted at the annual meeting except in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section; *provided, however*, that nothing in this Section shall be deemed to preclude discussion by any stockholder of any business properly brought before the annual meeting.

The Chairman of the Board (or such other person presiding at the meeting in accordance with these bylaws) shall, if the facts warrant, determine and declare to the meeting that business was not properly brought before the meeting in accordance with the provisions of this Section, and if he or she should so determine, he or she shall so declare to the meeting and any such business not properly brought before the meeting shall not be transacted.

2.3 Special Meetings. Special meetings of the stockholders may be called for any purpose or purposes, unless otherwise prescribed by statute or by the certificate of incorporation, by the Secretary only at the request of the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer or the President or by a resolution duly adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of the Board of Directors. Such request shall state the purpose or purposes of the proposed meeting. Business transacted at any special meeting shall be limited to the matters relating to the purpose or purposes stated in the notice of meeting. Except as otherwise restricted by the certificate of incorporation or applicable law, the Board of Directors may postpone, reschedule, or cancel any special meeting of stockholders.

2.4 Notice of Meetings. Except as otherwise provided by law, the certificate of incorporation, or these bylaws, written notice of each meeting of stockholders, annual or special, stating the place, if any, date, and time of the meeting, the means of remote communications, if any, by which stockholders and proxy holders may be deemed to be present in person and vote at such meeting, and, in the case of a special meeting, the purpose or purposes for which such special meeting is called, shall be given to each stockholder entitled to vote at such meeting not less than ten (10) nor more than sixty (60) days before the date of the meeting.

2.5 List of Stockholders. The officer in charge of the stock ledger of the corporation or the transfer agent shall prepare and make, at least ten (10) days before every meeting of stockholders, a complete list of the stockholders entitled to vote at the meeting, arranged in alphabetical order, and showing the address of each stockholder and the number of shares registered in the name of each stockholder. Such list shall be open to the examination of any stockholder, for any purpose germane to the meeting, for a period of at least ten (10) days prior to the meeting, (a) on a reasonably accessible electronic network, provided that the information required to gain access to such list is provided with the notice of the meeting, or (b) during ordinary business hours, at the principal place of business of the corporation. If the meeting is to be held at a place, then the list shall also be produced and kept at the time and place of the meeting during the whole time thereof, and may be inspected by any stockholder who is present. If the meeting is to be held solely by means of remote communication, then the list shall also be open to the examination of any stockholder during the whole time of the meeting on a reasonably accessible electronic network, and the information required to gain access to such list shall be provided with the notice of the meeting.

2.6 Organization and Conduct of Business. The Chairman of the Board or, in his or her absence, the Chief Executive Officer or President of the corporation or, in their absence, such person as the Board of Directors may have designated or, in the absence of such a person, such person as may be chosen by the holders of a majority of the shares entitled to vote who are present, in person or by proxy, shall call to order any meeting of the stockholders and act as chairman of the meeting. In the absence of the Secretary of the corporation, the secretary of the meeting shall be such person as the chairman of the meeting appoints.

The chairman of any meeting of stockholders shall determine the order of business and the procedure at the meeting, including such regulation of the manner of voting and the conduct of discussion as seems to him or her in order.

2.7 Quorum. Except where otherwise provided by law, the certificate of incorporation of the corporation, or these bylaws, the holders of a majority of the voting power of the capital stock issued and outstanding and entitled to vote, present in person or represented by proxy, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at all meetings of the stockholders.

2.8 Adjournments. If a quorum is not present or represented at any meeting of stockholders, a majority of the stockholders present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting and entitled to vote, though less than a quorum, or by any officer entitled to preside at such meeting, shall be entitled to adjourn such meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be present or represented. When a meeting is adjourned to another place, date, or time, notice need not be given of the adjourned meeting if the place, date, and time thereof are announced at the meeting at which the adjournment is taken; *provided, however*, that if the date of any adjourned meeting is more than thirty (30) days after the date for which the meeting was originally noticed, or if a new record date is fixed for the adjourned meeting, written notice of the place, if any, date, time, and means of remote communications, if any, of the adjourned meeting shall be given in conformity

herewith. At any adjourned meeting, any business may be transacted that might have been transacted at the original meeting.

2.9 Voting Rights. Unless otherwise provided in the DGCL or certificate of incorporation of the corporation, each stockholder shall at every meeting of the stockholders be entitled to one vote for each share of the capital stock having voting power held by such stockholder. No holder of shares of the corporation's common stock shall have the right to cumulative votes.

2.10 Majority Vote. When a quorum is present at any meeting, the vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of the capital stock and entitled to vote present in person or represented by proxy shall decide any question brought before such meeting, unless the question is one upon which by express provision of the statutes or of the certificate of incorporation of the corporation or of these bylaws, a different vote is required in which case such express provision shall govern and control the decision of such question.

2.11 Record Date for Stockholder Notice and Voting. For purposes of determining the stockholders entitled to notice of, or to vote at, any meeting of stockholders or any adjournment thereof, or entitled to receive payment of any dividend or other distribution or allotment of any rights, or entitled to exercise any right in respect of any change, conversion or exchange of stock or for the purpose of any other lawful action, the Board of Directors may fix, in advance, a record date, which shall not be more than sixty (60) days nor less than ten (10) days before the date of any such meeting nor more than sixty (60) days before any other action to which the record date relates. A determination of stockholders of record entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall apply to any adjournment of the meeting; *provided, however*, that the Board of Directors may fix a new record date for the adjourned meeting. If the Board of Directors does not so fix a record date, the record date for determining stockholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall be at the close of business on the business day next preceding the day on which notice is given or, if notice is waived, at the close of business on the business day next preceding the day on which the meeting is held. The record date for determining stockholders for any other purpose shall be at the close of business on the day on which the Board of Directors adopts the resolution relating to such purpose.

2.12 Proxies. Each stockholder entitled to vote at a meeting of stockholders may authorize another person or persons to act for such stockholder by proxy, but no such proxy shall be voted or acted upon after three years from its date, unless the proxy provides for a longer period. All proxies must be filed with the Secretary of the corporation at the beginning of each meeting in order to be counted in any vote at the meeting. Subject to the limitation set forth in the last clause of the first sentence of this Section 2.12, a duly executed proxy that does not state that it is irrevocable shall continue in full force and effect unless (a) revoked by the person executing it, before the vote pursuant to that proxy, by a writing delivered to the corporation stating that the proxy is revoked or by a subsequent proxy executed by, or attendance at the meeting and voting in person by, the person executing the proxy, or (b) written notice of the death or incapacity of the maker of that proxy is received by the corporation before the vote pursuant to that proxy is counted.

2.13 Inspectors of Election. The corporation shall, in advance of any meeting of stockholders, appoint one or more inspectors of election to act at the meeting and make a written report thereof. The corporation may designate one or more persons to act as alternate inspectors to replace any inspector who fails to act. If no inspector or alternate is able to act at a meeting of stockholders, the person presiding at the meeting shall appoint one or more inspectors to act at the meeting. Each inspector, before entering upon the discharge of his or her duties, shall take and sign an oath faithfully to execute the duties of inspector with strict impartiality and according to the best of his or her ability.

2.14 No Action Without a Meeting. No action shall be taken by the stockholders except at an annual or special meeting of stockholders called and noticed in the manner required by these bylaws. The stockholders may not in any circumstance take action by written consent.

ARTICLE 3

Directors

3.1 Number, Election, Tenure and Qualifications. The number of directors that shall constitute the entire Board of Directors shall be fixed from time to time by resolution adopted by a majority of the directors of the corporation then in office. No decrease in the number of authorized directors shall have the effect of removing any director before that director's term of office expires.

3.2 Director Nominations. At each annual meeting of the stockholders, directors shall be elected for that class of directors whose terms are then expiring, except as otherwise provided in Section 3.2, and each director so elected shall hold office until such director's successor is duly elected and qualified or until such director's earlier resignation, removal, death, or incapacity.

If a majority of the votes cast for a director are marked "against" or "withheld" in an uncontested election, the director shall promptly tender his or her irrevocable resignation for the Board of Directors' consideration. If such director's resignation is accepted by the Board of Directors, then the Board of Directors, in its sole discretion, may fill the resulting vacancy in accordance with the provisions of Section 3.2 or may decrease the size of the Board of Directors in accordance with the provisions of Section 3.1.

Subject to the rights of holders of any class or series of stock having a preference over the common stock as to dividends or upon liquidation, nominations of persons for election to the Board of Directors must be (a) made by or at the direction of the Board of Directors (or any duly authorized committee thereof) or (b) made by any stockholder of record of the corporation entitled to vote for the election of directors at the applicable meeting who complies with the notice procedures set forth in this Section 3.2. Directors need not be stockholders. Such nominations, other than those made by or at the direction of the Board of Directors, shall be made pursuant to timely notice in writing to the Secretary of the corporation. To be timely, a stockholder's notice shall be delivered by a nationally recognized courier service or mailed by first class United States mail, postage or delivery charges prepaid, and received at the principal executive offices of the corporation addressed to the attention of the Secretary of the corporation (i) in the case of an annual meeting of stockholders, not more than one hundred twenty (120) days nor less than ninety (90) days in advance of the anniversary of the date of the corporation's proxy statement provided in connection with the previous year's annual meeting of stockholders; *provided, however*, that in the event that no annual meeting was held in the previous year or the annual meeting is called for a date more than thirty (30) days before or after the anniversary date of the previous year's annual meeting, notice by the stockholder must be received by the Secretary of the corporation not later than the close of business on the later of (A) the ninetieth (90th) day prior to such annual meeting and (B) the tenth (10th) day following the day on which public announcement of the date of such meeting is first made, and (ii) in the case of a special meeting of stockholders called for the purpose of electing directors, not later than the close of business on the tenth (10th) day following the day on which notice of the date of the special meeting was mailed or public disclosure of the date of the special meeting was made. Such stockholder's notice to the Secretary shall set forth (a) as to each person whom the stockholder proposes to nominate for election or re-election as a director, (i) the name, age, business address, and residence address of the person, (ii) the principal occupation or employment of the person, (iii) the class, series, and number of shares of capital stock of the corporation that are owned

beneficially by the person, (iv) any other information relating to the person that is required to be disclosed in solicitations for proxies for election of directors pursuant to Section 14 of the 1934 Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and (v) the nominee's written consent to serve, if elected, and (b) as to the stockholder giving the notice, (i) the name and record address of the stockholder, (ii) the class, series, and number of shares of capital stock of the corporation that are owned beneficially by the stockholder, and (iii) a description of all arrangements or understandings between such stockholder and each person the stockholder proposes for election or re-election as a director pursuant to which such proposed nomination is being made. The corporation may require any proposed nominee to furnish such other information as may reasonably be required by the corporation to determine the eligibility of such proposed nominee to serve as a director of the corporation. No person shall be eligible for election as a director of the corporation unless nominated in accordance with the procedures set forth herein.

In connection with any annual meeting of the stockholders (or, if and as applicable, any special meeting of the stockholders), the Chairman of the Board (or such other person presiding at such meeting in accordance with these bylaws) shall, if the facts warrant, determine and declare to the meeting that a nomination was not made in accordance with the foregoing procedure, and if he or she should so determine, he or she shall so declare to the meeting and the defective nomination shall be disregarded.

3.3 Enlargement and Vacancies. Except as otherwise provided by the certificate of incorporation, subject to the rights of the holders of any series of preferred stock then outstanding, newly created directorships resulting from any increase in the authorized number of directors or any vacancies in the Board of Directors resulting from death, resignation, retirement, disqualification, removal from office, or other cause shall be filled solely by a majority vote of the directors then in office, although less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director. If there are no directors in office, then an election of directors may be held in the manner provided by statute. In the event of a vacancy in the Board of Directors, the remaining directors, except as otherwise provided by law, or by the certificate of incorporation or these bylaws, may exercise the powers of the full board until the vacancy is filled.

3.4 Resignation and Removal. Any director may resign at any time upon written notice to the corporation at its principal place of business addressed to the attention of the Chief Executive Officer, the Secretary, the Chairman of the Board, or the Chair of the Nominating and Governance Committee of the Board of Directors, who shall in turn notify the full Board of Directors (although failure to provide such notification to the full Board of Directors shall not impact the effectiveness of such resignation). Such resignation shall be effective upon receipt of such notice by one of the individuals designated above unless the notice specifies such resignation to be effective at some other time or upon the happening of some other event. Any director or the entire Board of Directors may be removed, with or without cause, by the holders of not less than a majority of the voting power of the capital stock issued and outstanding then entitled to vote at an election of directors.

3.5 Powers. The business of the corporation shall be managed by or under the direction of the Board of Directors, which may exercise all such powers of the corporation and do all such lawful acts and things as are not by statute or by the certificate of incorporation of the corporation or by these bylaws directed or required to be exercised or done by the stockholders.

3.6 Chairman of the Board. The directors shall elect a Chairman of the Board and may elect a Vice Chair of the Board, each to hold such office until their successor is elected and qualified or until their earlier resignation or removal. In the absence or disability of the Chairman of the Board, the Vice Chair of the Board, if one has been elected, or another director designated by the Board of Directors, shall perform the duties and exercise the powers of the

Chairman of the Board. The Chairman of the Board of the corporation shall if present preside at all meetings of the stockholders and the Board of Directors and shall have such other duties as may be vested in the Chairman of the Board by the Board of Directors. The Vice Chair of the Board of the corporation shall have such duties as may be vested in the Vice Chair of the Board by the Board of Directors.

3.7 Place of Meetings. The Board of Directors may hold meetings, both regular and special, either within or outside the State of Delaware.

3.8 Regular Meetings. Regular meetings of the Board of Directors may be held without notice at such time and place as may be determined from time to time by the Board of Directors; *provided, however*, that any director who is absent when such a determination is made shall be given prompt notice of such determination.

3.9 Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, or by the written request of two or more of the directors then in office. Notice of the time and place, if any, of special meetings shall be delivered personally or by telephone to each director, or sent by first-class mail or commercial delivery service, facsimile transmission, or by electronic mail or other electronic means, charges prepaid, sent to such director's business or home address as they appear upon the records of the corporation. In case such notice is mailed, it shall be deposited in the United States mail at least three (3) days prior to the time of holding of the meeting. In case such notice is delivered personally or by telephone or by commercial delivery service, facsimile transmission, or electronic mail or other electronic means, it shall be so delivered at least four (4) hours prior to the time of the holding of the meeting. A notice or waiver of notice of a meeting of the Board of Directors need not specify the purposes of the meeting.

3.10 Quorum, Action at Meeting, Adjournments. At all meetings of the Board of Directors, a majority of directors then in office, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business and the act of a majority of the directors present at any meeting at which there is a quorum shall be the act of the Board of Directors, except as may be otherwise specifically provided by law, as it presently exists or may hereafter be amended, or by these bylaws. If a quorum shall not be present at any meeting of the Board of Directors, a majority of the directors present thereat may adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be present.

3.11 Action Without Meeting. Unless otherwise restricted by the certificate of incorporation of the corporation or these bylaws, any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the Board of Directors or of any committee thereof may be taken without a meeting, if all members of the Board of Directors or committee, as the case may be, consent thereto in writing or by electronic transmission, and the writing or writings or electronic transmission or transmissions are filed with the minutes of proceedings of the Board of Directors or committee.

3.12 Telephone Meetings. Unless otherwise restricted by the certificate of incorporation of the corporation or these bylaws, any member of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof may participate in a meeting of the Board of Directors or of any committee, as the case may be, by means of conference telephone or by any form of communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other, and such participation in a meeting shall constitute presence in person at the meeting.

3.13 Committees. The Board of Directors may, by resolution, designate one or more committees, each committee to consist of one or more of the directors of the corporation. The Board of Directors may designate one or more directors as alternate members of any committee,

who may replace any absent or disqualified member at any meeting of the committee. In the absence or disqualification of a member of a committee, the member or members present at any meeting and not disqualified from voting, whether or not the member or members present constitute a quorum, may unanimously appoint another member of the Board of Directors to act at the meeting in the place of any such absent or disqualified member. Any such committee, to the extent provided in the resolutions of the Board of Directors, shall have and may exercise all of the lawfully delegated powers and authority of the Board of Directors in the management of the business and affairs of the corporation, and may authorize the seal of the corporation to be affixed to all papers which may require it. Such committee or committees shall have such name or names as may be determined from time to time by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors. Each committee shall keep regular minutes of its meetings and make such reports to the Board of Directors as the Board of Directors may request or the charter of such committee may then require. Except as the Board of Directors may otherwise determine, any committee may make rules for the conduct of its business, but unless otherwise provided by the directors or in such rules, its business shall be conducted as nearly as possible in the same manner as is provided in these bylaws for the conduct of its business by the Board of Directors.

3.14 Fees and Compensation of Directors. The Board of Directors shall have the authority to fix the compensation of directors.

ARTICLE 4

Officers

4.1 Officers Designated. The officers of the corporation shall be chosen by the Board of Directors and shall be a Chief Executive Officer, a Secretary, and a Chief Financial Officer. The Board of Directors may also choose a President, a Treasurer, one or more Vice Presidents, and one or more assistant Secretaries or assistant Treasurers. Any number of offices may be held by the same person, unless the certificate of incorporation of the corporation or these bylaws otherwise provide.

4.2 Election. The Board of Directors shall choose a Chief Executive Officer, a Secretary, and a Chief Financial Officer. Other officers may be appointed by the Board of Directors or may be appointed by the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to a delegation of authority from the Board of Directors.

4.3 Tenure. Each officer of the corporation shall hold office until such officer's successor is appointed and qualified, unless a different term is specified in the vote choosing or appointing such officer, or until such officer's earlier death, resignation, removal, or incapacity. Any officer appointed by the Board of Directors or by the Chief Executive Officer may be removed with or without cause at any time by the affirmative vote of a majority of the Board of Directors or a committee duly authorized to do so, except that any officer appointed by the Chief Executive Officer may also be removed at any time by the Chief Executive Officer. Any vacancy occurring in any office of the corporation may be filled by the Board of Directors, at its discretion. Any officer may resign by delivering such officer's written resignation to the corporation at its principal place of business to the attention of the Chief Executive Officer or the Secretary. Such resignation shall be effective upon receipt unless it is specified to be effective at some other time or upon the happening of some other event.

4.4 The Chief Executive Officer. Subject to such supervisory powers, if any, as may be given by the Board of Directors to the Chairman of the Board, in the absence of the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer shall preside at all meetings of the stockholders and at all meetings of the Board of Directors, shall have general and active management of the business of the corporation and shall see that all orders and resolutions of the Board of Directors are

carried into effect. He or she shall execute bonds, mortgages, and other contracts requiring a seal, under the seal of the corporation, except where required or permitted by law to be otherwise signed and executed and except where the signing and execution thereof shall be expressly delegated by the Board of Directors to some other officer or agent of the corporation.

4.5 The President. The President shall, in the event there is no Chief Executive Officer or in the absence of the Chief Executive Officer or in the event of his or her disability, perform the duties of the Chief Executive Officer, and when so acting, shall have the powers of and be subject to all the restrictions upon the Chief Executive Officer. The President shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as may from time to time be prescribed for such person by the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, or these bylaws.

4.6 The Vice President. The Vice President, if any (or in the event there be more than one, the Vice Presidents in the order designated by the directors, or in the absence of any designation, in the order of their election), shall, in the absence of the President or in the event of his or her disability or refusal to act, perform the duties of the President, and when so acting, shall have the powers of and be subject to all the restrictions upon the President. The Vice President(s) shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as may from time to time be prescribed for them by the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, the President, or these bylaws.

4.7 The Secretary. The Secretary shall attend all meetings of the Board of Directors and the stockholders and record all votes and the proceedings of the meetings in a book to be kept for that purpose and shall perform like duties for the standing committees, when required. The Secretary shall give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of stockholders and special meetings of the Board of Directors, and shall perform such other duties as may from time to time be prescribed by the Board of Directors, the Chairman of the Board, or the Chief Executive Officer, under whose supervision he or she shall act. The Secretary shall sign such instruments on behalf of the corporation as the Secretary may be authorized to sign by the Board of Directors or by law and shall countersign, attest and affix the corporate seal to all certificates and instruments where such countersigning or such sealing and attesting are necessary to their true and proper execution. The Secretary shall keep, or cause to be kept, at the principal executive office or at the office of the corporation's transfer agent or registrar, as determined by resolution of the Board of Directors, a share register, or a duplicate share register, showing the names of all stockholders and their addresses, the number and classes of shares held by each, the number and date of certificates issued for the same and the number and date of cancellation of every certificate surrendered for cancellation.

4.8 The Assistant Secretary. The Assistant Secretary, or if there be more than one, any Assistant Secretaries in the order designated by the Board of Directors (or in the absence of any designation, in the order of their election) shall assist the Secretary in the performance of his or her duties and, in the absence of the Secretary or in the event of his or her inability or refusal to act, perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Secretary and shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as may from time to time be prescribed by the Board of Directors.

4.9 The Chief Financial Officer. The Chief Financial Officer shall be the principal financial officer in charge of the general accounting books, accounting and cost records and forms. The Chief Financial Officer may also serve as the principal accounting officer and shall perform such other duties and have other powers as may from time to time be prescribed by the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer.

4.10 The Treasurer and Assistant Treasurers. The Treasurer (if one is appointed) shall have such duties as may be specified by the Chief Financial Officer to assist the Chief Financial

Officer in the performance of his or her duties and to perform such other duties and have other powers as may from time to time be prescribed by the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer. It shall be the duty of any Assistant Treasurers to assist the Treasurer in the performance of his or her duties and to perform such other duties and have other powers as may from time to time be prescribed by the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer.

4.11 Delegation of Authority. The Board of Directors may from time to time delegate the powers or duties of any officer to any other officers or agents, notwithstanding any provision hereof.

ARTICLE 5

Notices

5.1 Delivery. Whenever, under the provisions of law, or of the certificate of incorporation of the corporation or these bylaws, written notice is required to be given to any director or stockholder, such notice may be given by mail, addressed to such director or stockholder, at such person's address as it appears on the records of the corporation, with postage thereon prepaid, and such notice shall be deemed to be given at the time when the same shall be deposited in the United States mail or delivered to a nationally recognized courier service. Unless written notice by mail is required by law, written notice may also be given by commercial delivery service, facsimile transmission, electronic means, or similar means addressed to such director or stockholder at such person's address as it appears on the records of the corporation, in which case such notice shall be deemed to be given when delivered into the control of the persons charged with effecting such transmission, the transmission charge to be paid by the corporation or the person sending such notice and not by the addressee. Oral notice or other in-hand delivery, in person or by telephone, shall be deemed given at the time it is actually given.

5.2 Waiver of Notice. Whenever any notice is required to be given under the provisions of law or of the certificate of incorporation of the corporation or of these bylaws, a written waiver, signed by the person entitled to notice, or a waiver by electronic transmission by the person entitled to notice, whether before or after the time stated therein, shall be deemed equivalent to notice. Attendance of a person at a meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except when the person attends a meeting for the express purpose of objecting, at the beginning of the meeting, to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any regular or special meeting of the stockholders, directors or members of a committee of directors need be specified in any written waiver of notice or any waiver by electronic transmission unless so required by the certificate of incorporation or these bylaws.

ARTICLE 6

Indemnification and Insurance

6.1 Indemnification of Officers and Directors. Each person who was or is made a party or is threatened to be made a party to or is involved (including, without limitation, as a witness) in any actual or threatened action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative, or investigative (hereinafter a "**proceeding**"), by reason of the fact that he or she or a person of whom he or she is the legal representative is or was a director or officer of the corporation (or any predecessor), or is or was serving at the request of the corporation (or any predecessor) as a director, officer, employee, or agent of another corporation or of a partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan sponsored or maintained by the corporation, or other enterprise (or any predecessors of such entities) (hereinafter an "**Indemnitee**"), shall be indemnified and held harmless by the corporation to the fullest extent

authorized by the DGCL, as the same exists or may hereafter be amended, including, but not limited to, Section 102(b)(7) of the DGCL (but, in the case of any such amendment, only to the extent that such amendment permits the corporation to provide broader indemnification rights than said law permitted the corporation to provide prior to such amendment), or by other applicable law as then in effect, against all expense, liability and loss (including attorneys' fees and related disbursements, judgments, fines, excise taxes or penalties under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended from time to time, penalties and amounts paid or to be paid in settlement) actually and reasonably incurred or suffered by such Indemnitee in connection therewith. Each person who is or was serving as a director, officer, employee, or agent of a subsidiary of the corporation shall be deemed to be serving, or have served, at the request of the corporation. The right to indemnification conferred in this Section 6.1 shall be a contract right.

Any indemnification (but not advancement of expenses) under this Article 6 (unless ordered by a court) shall be made by the corporation only as authorized in the specific case upon a determination that indemnification of the director or officer is proper in the circumstances because he or she has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in the DGCL, as the same exists or hereafter may be amended (but, in the case of any such amendment, only to the extent that such amendment permits the corporation to provide broader indemnification rights than said law permitted the corporation to provide prior to such amendment). Such determination shall be made with respect to a person who is a director or officer at the time of such determination (a) by a majority vote of the directors who are not or were not parties to the proceeding in respect of which indemnification is being sought by Indemnitee (the "*Disinterested Directors*"), even though less than a quorum, (b) by a committee of Disinterested Directors designated by a majority vote of the Disinterested Directors, even though less than a quorum, (c) if there are no such Disinterested Directors, or if the Disinterested Directors so direct, by independent legal counsel in a written opinion to the Board of Directors, a copy of which shall be delivered to Indemnitee, or (d) by the stockholders.

6.2 Indemnification of Others. This Article 6 does not limit the right of the corporation, to the extent and in the manner permitted by law, to indemnify and to advance expenses to persons other than those persons identified in Section 6.1 when and as authorized by the Board or by the action of a committee of the Board or designated officers of the corporation established by or designated in resolutions approved by the Board; *provided, however*, that the payment of expenses incurred by such a person in advance of the final disposition of the proceeding shall be made only upon receipt by the corporation of a written undertaking by such person to repay all amounts so advanced if it shall ultimately be determined that such person is not entitled to be indemnified under this Article 6 or otherwise.

6.3 Advance Payment. The right to indemnification under this Article 6 shall include the right to be paid by the corporation the expenses incurred in defending any such proceeding in advance of its final disposition, such advances to be paid by the corporation within thirty (30) days after the receipt by the corporation of a statement or statements from the claimant requesting such advance or advances from time to time; *provided, however*, that if the DGCL requires, the payment of such expenses incurred by a director or officer in his or her capacity as a director or officer (and not in any other capacity in which service was or is rendered by such person while a director or officer, including, without limitation, service to an employee benefit plan) in advance of the final disposition of a proceeding, shall be made only upon delivery to the corporation of an undertaking by or on behalf of such director or officer to repay all amounts so advanced if it shall ultimately be determined that such director or officer is not entitled to be indemnified under Section 6.1 or otherwise.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, unless such right is acquired other than pursuant to this Article 6, no advance shall be made by the corporation to an officer of the corporation (except

by reason of the fact that such officer is or was a director of the corporation, in which event this paragraph shall not apply) in any action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative, or investigative, if a determination is reasonably and promptly made (a) by the Board of Directors by a majority vote of the Disinterested Directors, even though less than a quorum, or (b) by a committee of Disinterested Directors designated by majority vote of the Disinterested Directors, even though less than a quorum, or (c) if there are no Disinterested Directors or the Disinterested Directors so direct, by independent legal counsel in a written opinion to the Board of Directors, a copy of which shall be delivered to the claimant, that the facts known to the decision-making party at the time such determination is made demonstrate clearly and convincingly that such person acted in bad faith or in a manner that such person did not believe to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation.

6.4 Right of Indemnitee to Bring Suit. If a claim for indemnification (following final disposition of such proceeding) or advancement of expenses under this Article 6 is not paid in full by the corporation within sixty (60) days after a written claim has been received by the corporation, except in the case of a claim for an advancement of expenses, in which case the applicable period shall be twenty (20) days, the Indemnitee may at any time thereafter bring suit against the corporation to recover the unpaid amount of the claim. If successful in whole or in part in any such suit, or in a suit brought by the corporation to recover an advancement of expenses pursuant to the terms of an undertaking, the Indemnitee shall be entitled to be paid also the expense of prosecuting or defending such suit to the fullest extent permitted by law. In any suit brought by the Indemnitee to enforce a right to indemnification or to an advancement of expenses hereunder, or by the corporation to recover an advancement of expenses pursuant to the terms of an undertaking, the burden of proving that the Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified, or to such advancement of expenses, under this Article or otherwise shall be on the corporation.

6.5 Non-Exclusivity and Survival of Rights; Amendments. The right to indemnification and the payment of expenses incurred in defending a proceeding in advance of its final disposition conferred in this Article 6 shall not be deemed exclusive of any other right which any person may have or hereafter acquire under any statute, provision of the certificate of incorporation of the corporation, bylaws, agreement, vote of stockholders or Disinterested Directors or otherwise, and shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators of such a person. Any repeal or modification of the provisions of this Article 6 shall not in any way diminish or adversely affect the rights of any director, officer, employee, or agent of the corporation hereunder in respect of any occurrence or matter arising prior to any such repeal or modification.

6.6 Insurance. The corporation may purchase and maintain insurance on its own behalf and on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee, or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan, or other enterprise against any expense, liability or loss asserted against such person and incurred by such person in any such capacity, or arising out of such person's status as such, whether or not the corporation would have the power to indemnify such person against such expenses, liability or loss under the DGCL.

6.7 Reliance. Persons who after the date of the adoption of this provision become or remain directors or officers of the corporation shall be conclusively presumed to have relied on the rights to indemnity, advance of expenses and other rights contained in this Article 6 in entering into or continuing such service. The rights to indemnification and to the advance of expenses conferred in this Article 6 shall apply to claims made against an Indemnitee arising out of acts or omissions that occurred or occur both prior and subsequent to the adoption hereof.

6.8 Severability. If any word, clause, provision or provisions of this Article 6 shall be held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable for any reason whatsoever: (a) the validity, legality, and enforceability of the remaining provisions of this Article 6 (including, without limitation, each portion of any section or paragraph of this Article 6 containing any such provision held to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable, that is not itself held to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable) shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby; and (b) to the fullest extent possible, the provisions of this Article 6 (including, without limitation, each such portion of any section or paragraph of this Article 6 containing any such provision held to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable) shall be construed so as to give effect to the intent manifested by the provision held invalid, illegal or unenforceable.

ARTICLE 7

Capital Stock

7.1 Certificates for Shares. The shares of the corporation shall be (i) represented by certificates or (ii) uncertificated and evidenced by a book-entry system maintained by or through the corporation's transfer agent or registrar. Certificates shall be signed by, or in the name of the corporation by, the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, the President or a Vice President and by the Chief Financial Officer, the Treasurer or an Assistant Treasurer, or the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of the corporation. Certificates may be issued for partly paid shares and in such case upon the face or back of the certificates issued to represent any such partly paid shares, the total amount of the consideration to be paid therefor, and the amount paid thereon shall be specified.

Within a reasonable time after the issuance or transfer of uncertificated stock, the corporation shall send or cause to be sent to the registered owner thereof a written notice containing the information required by the DGCL or a statement that the corporation will furnish without charge to each stockholder who so requests the powers, designations, preferences and relative participating, optional, or other special rights of each class of stock or series thereof and the qualifications, limitations, or restrictions of such preferences and/or rights.

7.2 Signatures on Certificates. Any or all of the signatures on a certificate may be a facsimile. In case any officer, transfer agent or registrar who has signed or whose facsimile signature has been placed upon a certificate shall have ceased to be such officer, transfer agent or registrar before such certificate is issued, it may be issued by the corporation with the same effect as if he were such officer, transfer agent or registrar at the date of issue.

7.3 Transfer of Stock. Upon surrender to the corporation or the transfer agent of the corporation of a certificate of shares duly endorsed or accompanied by proper evidence of succession, assignation or authority to transfer, and proper evidence of compliance of other conditions to rightful transfer, it shall be the duty of the corporation to issue a new certificate to the person entitled thereto, cancel the old certificate and record the transaction upon its books. Upon receipt of proper transfer instructions and proper evidence of compliance of other conditions to rightful transfer from the registered owner of uncertificated shares, such uncertificated shares shall be canceled and issuance of new equivalent uncertificated shares or certificated shares shall be made to the person entitled thereto and the transaction shall be recorded upon the books of the corporation.

7.4 Registered Stockholders. The corporation shall be entitled to recognize the exclusive right of a person registered on its books as the owner of shares to receive dividends, and to vote as such owner, and to hold liable for calls and assessments a person registered on its books as the owner of shares, and shall not be bound to recognize any equitable or other claim to

or interest in such share or shares on the part of any other person, whether or not it shall have express or other notice thereof, except as otherwise provided by the laws of Delaware.

7.5 Lost, Stolen or Destroyed Certificates. The corporation may direct that a new certificate or certificates be issued to replace any certificate or certificates theretofore issued by the corporation alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed, upon the making of an affidavit of that fact by the person claiming the certificate of stock to be lost, stolen or destroyed and on such terms and conditions as the corporation may require. When authorizing the issue of a new certificate or certificates, the corporation may, in its discretion and as a condition precedent to the issuance thereof, require the owner of the lost, stolen or destroyed certificate or certificates, or his or her legal representative, to advertise the same in such manner as it shall require, to indemnify the corporation in such manner as it may require, and/or to give the corporation a bond or other adequate security in such sum as it may direct as indemnity against any claim that may be made against the corporation with respect to the certificate alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed.

ARTICLE 8

General Provisions

8.1 Dividends. Dividends upon the capital stock of the corporation, subject to any restrictions contained in the DGCL or the provisions of the certificate of incorporation of the corporation, if any, may be declared by the Board of Directors at any regular or special meeting or by unanimous written consent. Dividends may be paid in cash, in property, or in shares of capital stock, subject to the provisions of the certificate of incorporation of the corporation.

8.2 Checks. All checks or demands for money and notes of the corporation shall be signed by such officer or officers or such other person or persons as the Board of Directors may from time to time designate.

8.3 Corporate Seal. The Board of Directors may, by resolution, adopt a corporate seal. The corporate seal shall have inscribed thereon the name of the corporation, the year of its organization and the word "Delaware." The seal may be used by causing it or a facsimile thereof to be impressed or affixed or otherwise reproduced. The seal may be altered from time to time by the Board of Directors.

8.4 Execution of Corporate Contracts and Instruments. The Board of Directors, except as otherwise provided in these bylaws, may authorize any officer or officers, or agent or agents, to enter into any contract or execute any instrument in the name of and on behalf of the corporation; such authority may be general or confined to specific instances. Unless so authorized or ratified by the Board of Directors or within the agency power of an officer, no officer, agent, or employee shall have any power or authority to bind the corporation by any contract or engagement or to pledge its credit or to render it liable for any purpose or for any amount.

8.5 Representation of Shares of Other Corporations. The Chief Executive Officer, the President or any Vice President, the Chief Financial Officer, or the Treasurer or any Assistant Treasurer, or the Secretary or any Assistant Secretary of the corporation is authorized to vote, represent and exercise on behalf of the corporation all rights incident to any and all shares of any corporation or corporations or similar ownership interests of other business entities standing in the name of the corporation. The authority herein granted to said officers to vote or represent on behalf of the corporation any and all shares or similar ownership interests held by the corporation in any other corporation or corporations or other business entities may be exercised either by

such officers in person or by any other person authorized so to do by proxy or power of attorney duly executed by said officers.

ARTICLE 9

Forum for Adjudication of Disputes

To the fullest extent permitted by law, and unless the corporation consents in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware (or, if no state court located within the State of Delaware has jurisdiction or is permitted by applicable law to be the sole and exclusive forum, the federal district court for the District of Delaware), shall be the sole and exclusive forum for (a) any derivative action or proceeding brought in the name or right of the corporation or on its behalf, (b) any action asserting a claim for breach of any fiduciary duty owed by any director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation to the corporation or the corporation's stockholders, (c) any action arising or asserting a claim arising pursuant to any provision of the DGCL or any provision of the certificate of incorporation or these bylaws or (d) any action asserting a claim governed by the internal affairs doctrine, including, without limitation, any action to interpret, apply, enforce or determine the validity of the certificate of incorporation or these bylaws. Unless the corporation consents in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the U.S. federal district courts shall be the exclusive forum for the resolution of any complaint asserting a cause of action arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, against the corporation or any director, officer, other employee or agent of the corporation. Any person or entity purchasing or otherwise acquiring any interest in shares of capital stock of the corporation shall be deemed to have notice of and consented to the provisions of this Article 9.

ARTICLE 10

Amendments

Subject to the laws of the State of Delaware, the Board of Directors is expressly authorized to adopt, amend or repeal the bylaws of the corporation, without any action on the part of the stockholders, by the vote of at least a majority of the directors of the corporation then in office. In addition to any vote of the holders of any class or series of stock of the corporation required by the DGCL or the certificate of incorporation of the corporation, the bylaws may be adopted, amended or replaced by the affirmative vote of a majority of the voting power of the shares of capital stock of the corporation.

**AMENDED AND RESTATED
BYLAWS
OF
CONCENTRIX CORPORATION
(a Delaware corporation)
(as amended as of December 4, 2021 and January 9, 2025)**

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AMENDED AND RESTATED
BYLAWS
OF
CONCENTRIX CORPORATION
(a Delaware corporation)

(as amended as of December 4, 2021 and January 9, 2025)

ARTICLE 1

Offices

1.1 Registered Office. The registered office of Concentrix Corporation shall be set forth in the certificate of incorporation of the corporation.

1.2 Other Offices. The corporation may also have offices at such other places, either within or without the State of Delaware, as the board of directors of the corporation (the “**Board of Directors**”) may from time to time designate, or the business of the corporation may require.

ARTICLE 2

Meeting of Stockholders

2.1 Place of Meeting. Meetings of stockholders may be held at such place, either within or outside the State of Delaware, as may be designated by or in the manner provided in these bylaws, or, if not so designated, at the principal executive offices of the corporation. The Board of Directors may, in its sole discretion, (a) determine that a meeting of stockholders shall not be held at any place, or (b) permit participation by stockholders at such meeting, by means of remote communication as authorized by Section 211(a)(2) of the Delaware General Corporation Law (the “**DGCL**”).

2.2 Annual Meeting.

(a) Annual meetings of stockholders shall be held each year at such date and time as shall be designated from time to time by the Board of Directors and stated in the notice of the meeting. At each such annual meeting, the stockholders shall elect by plurality vote a Board of Directors. The stockholders shall also transact such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting. Except as otherwise restricted by the certificate of incorporation of the corporation or applicable law, the Board of Directors may postpone, reschedule, or cancel any annual meeting of stockholders.

(b) To be properly brought before the annual meeting, business must be (a) specified in the notice of meeting (or any supplement thereto) given by or at the direction of the Board of Directors, (b) otherwise properly brought before the meeting by or at the direction of the Board of Directors, or (c) otherwise properly brought before the meeting by a stockholder of record. A motion related to business proposed to be brought before any stockholders’ meeting may be made by any stockholder entitled to vote if the business proposed is otherwise proper to be brought before the meeting. However, any such stockholder may propose business to be brought before a meeting only if such stockholder has given timely notice to the Secretary of the

corporation in proper written form of the stockholder's intent to propose such business. To be timely, the stockholder's notice must be delivered by a nationally recognized courier service or mailed by first class United States mail, postage or delivery charges prepaid, and received at the principal executive offices of the corporation addressed to the attention of the Secretary of the corporation not more than one hundred twenty (120) days nor less than ninety (90) days in advance of the anniversary of the date of the corporation's proxy statement provided in connection with the previous year's annual meeting of stockholders; *provided, however*, that in the event that no annual meeting was held in the previous year or the annual meeting is called for a date that is more than thirty (30) days before or after the anniversary date of the previous year's annual meeting, notice by the stockholder must be received by the Secretary of the corporation not later than the close of business on the later of (x) the ninetieth (90th) day prior to such annual meeting and (y) the tenth (10th) day following the day on which public announcement of the date of such meeting is first made. For the purposes of these bylaws, "**public announcement**" shall mean disclosure in a press release reported by the Dow Jones News Service, Associated Press or a comparable national news service or in a document publicly filed by the corporation with the Securities and Exchange Commission. In no event shall the public announcement of an adjournment or postponement of an annual meeting commence a new time period (or extend any time period) for the giving of a stockholder's notice as described above. A stockholder's notice to the Secretary shall set forth as to each matter the stockholder proposes to bring before the annual meeting: (i) a brief description of the business desired to be brought before the annual meeting, the text of the proposal or business (including the text of any resolutions proposed for consideration and in the event that such business includes a proposal to amend the Bylaws of the corporation, the language of the proposed amendment), and the reasons for conducting such business at the annual meeting; (ii) the name and record address of the stockholder proposing such business and the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the proposal is made; (iii) the class, series, and number of shares of the corporation that are owned beneficially and of record by the stockholder and such beneficial owner; (iv) any material interest of the stockholder in such business; and (v) any other information that is required to be provided by the stockholder pursuant to Section 14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder (collectively, the "**1934 Act**") in such stockholder's capacity as a proponent of a stockholder proposal.

Notwithstanding anything in these bylaws to the contrary, no business shall be conducted at the annual meeting except in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section; *provided, however*, that nothing in this Section shall be deemed to preclude discussion by any stockholder of any business properly brought before the annual meeting.

The Chairman of the Board (or such other person presiding at the meeting in accordance with these bylaws) shall, if the facts warrant, determine and declare to the meeting that business was not properly brought before the meeting in accordance with the provisions of this Section, and if he or she should so determine, he or she shall so declare to the meeting and any such business not properly brought before the meeting shall not be transacted.

2.3 Special Meetings. Special meetings of the stockholders may be called for any purpose or purposes, unless otherwise prescribed by statute or by the certificate of incorporation, by the Secretary only at the request of the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer or the President or by a resolution duly adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of the Board of Directors. Such request shall state the purpose or purposes of the proposed meeting. Business transacted at any special meeting shall be limited to the matters relating to the purpose or purposes stated in the notice of meeting. Except as otherwise restricted by the certificate of incorporation or applicable law, the Board of Directors may postpone, reschedule, or cancel any special meeting of stockholders.

2.4 Notice of Meetings. Except as otherwise provided by law, the certificate of incorporation, or these bylaws, written notice of each meeting of stockholders, annual or special, stating the place, if any, date, and time of the meeting, the means of remote communications, if any, by which stockholders and proxy holders may be deemed to be present in person and vote at such meeting, and, in the case of a special meeting, the purpose or purposes for which such special meeting is called, shall be given to each stockholder entitled to vote at such meeting not less than ten (10) nor more than sixty (60) days before the date of the meeting.

2.5 List of Stockholders. The officer in charge of the stock ledger of the corporation or the transfer agent shall prepare and make, at least ten (10) days before every meeting of stockholders, a complete list of the stockholders entitled to vote at the meeting, arranged in alphabetical order, and showing the address of each stockholder and the number of shares registered in the name of each stockholder. Such list shall be open to the examination of any stockholder, for any purpose germane to the meeting, for a period of at least ten (10) days prior to the meeting, (a) on a reasonably accessible electronic network, provided that the information required to gain access to such list is provided with the notice of the meeting, or (b) during ordinary business hours, at the principal place of business of the corporation. If the meeting is to be held at a place, then the list shall also be produced and kept at the time and place of the meeting during the whole time thereof, and may be inspected by any stockholder who is present. If the meeting is to be held solely by means of remote communication, then the list shall also be open to the examination of any stockholder during the whole time of the meeting on a reasonably accessible electronic network, and the information required to gain access to such list shall be provided with the notice of the meeting.

2.6 Organization and Conduct of Business. The Chairman of the Board or, in his or her absence, the Chief Executive Officer or President of the corporation or, in their absence, such person as the Board of Directors may have designated or, in the absence of such a person, such person as may be chosen by the holders of a majority of the shares entitled to vote who are present, in person or by proxy, shall call to order any meeting of the stockholders and act as chairman of the meeting. In the absence of the Secretary of the corporation, the secretary of the meeting shall be such person as the chairman of the meeting appoints.

The chairman of any meeting of stockholders shall determine the order of business and the procedure at the meeting, including such regulation of the manner of voting and the conduct of discussion as seems to him or her in order.

2.7 Quorum. Except where otherwise provided by law, the certificate of incorporation of the corporation, or these bylaws, the holders of a majority of the voting power of the capital stock issued and outstanding and entitled to vote, present in person or represented by proxy, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at all meetings of the stockholders.

2.8 Adjournments. If a quorum is not present or represented at any meeting of stockholders, a majority of the stockholders present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting and entitled to vote, though less than a quorum, or by any officer entitled to preside at such meeting, shall be entitled to adjourn such meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be present or represented. When a meeting is adjourned to another place, date, or time, notice need not be given of the adjourned meeting if the place, date, and time thereof are announced at the meeting at which the adjournment is taken; *provided, however*, that if the date of any adjourned meeting is more than thirty (30) days after the date for which the meeting was originally noticed, or if a new record date is fixed for the adjourned meeting, written notice of the place, if any, date, time, and means of remote communications, if any, of the adjourned meeting shall be given in conformity

herewith. At any adjourned meeting, any business may be transacted that might have been transacted at the original meeting.

2.9 Voting Rights. Unless otherwise provided in the DGCL or certificate of incorporation of the corporation, each stockholder shall at every meeting of the stockholders be entitled to one vote for each share of the capital stock having voting power held by such stockholder. No holder of shares of the corporation's common stock shall have the right to cumulative votes.

2.10 Majority Vote. When a quorum is present at any meeting, the vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of the capital stock and entitled to vote present in person or represented by proxy shall decide any question brought before such meeting, unless the question is one upon which by express provision of the statutes or of the certificate of incorporation of the corporation or of these bylaws, a different vote is required in which case such express provision shall govern and control the decision of such question.

2.11 Record Date for Stockholder Notice and Voting. For purposes of determining the stockholders entitled to notice of, or to vote at, any meeting of stockholders or any adjournment thereof, or entitled to receive payment of any dividend or other distribution or allotment of any rights, or entitled to exercise any right in respect of any change, conversion or exchange of stock or for the purpose of any other lawful action, the Board of Directors may fix, in advance, a record date, which shall not be more than sixty (60) days nor less than ten (10) days before the date of any such meeting nor more than sixty (60) days before any other action to which the record date relates. A determination of stockholders of record entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall apply to any adjournment of the meeting; *provided, however*, that the Board of Directors may fix a new record date for the adjourned meeting. If the Board of Directors does not so fix a record date, the record date for determining stockholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall be at the close of business on the business day next preceding the day on which notice is given or, if notice is waived, at the close of business on the business day next preceding the day on which the meeting is held. The record date for determining stockholders for any other purpose shall be at the close of business on the day on which the Board of Directors adopts the resolution relating to such purpose.

2.12 Proxies. Each stockholder entitled to vote at a meeting of stockholders may authorize another person or persons to act for such stockholder by proxy, but no such proxy shall be voted or acted upon after three years from its date, unless the proxy provides for a longer period. All proxies must be filed with the Secretary of the corporation at the beginning of each meeting in order to be counted in any vote at the meeting. Subject to the limitation set forth in the last clause of the first sentence of this Section 2.12, a duly executed proxy that does not state that it is irrevocable shall continue in full force and effect unless (a) revoked by the person executing it, before the vote pursuant to that proxy, by a writing delivered to the corporation stating that the proxy is revoked or by a subsequent proxy executed by, or attendance at the meeting and voting in person by, the person executing the proxy, or (b) written notice of the death or incapacity of the maker of that proxy is received by the corporation before the vote pursuant to that proxy is counted.

2.13 Inspectors of Election. The corporation shall, in advance of any meeting of stockholders, appoint one or more inspectors of election to act at the meeting and make a written report thereof. The corporation may designate one or more persons to act as alternate inspectors to replace any inspector who fails to act. If no inspector or alternate is able to act at a meeting of stockholders, the person presiding at the meeting shall appoint one or more inspectors to act at the meeting. Each inspector, before entering upon the discharge of his or her duties, shall take and sign an oath faithfully to execute the duties of inspector with strict impartiality and according to the best of his or her ability.

2.14 No Action Without a Meeting. No action shall be taken by the stockholders except at an annual or special meeting of stockholders called and noticed in the manner required by these bylaws. The stockholders may not in any circumstance take action by written consent.

ARTICLE 3

Directors

3.1 Number, Election, Tenure and Qualifications. The number of directors that shall constitute the entire Board of Directors shall be fixed from time to time by resolution adopted by a majority of the directors of the corporation then in office. No decrease in the number of authorized directors shall have the effect of removing any director before that director's term of office expires.

3.2 Director Nominations. At each annual meeting of the stockholders, directors shall be elected for that class of directors whose terms are then expiring, except as otherwise provided in Section 3.2, and each director so elected shall hold office until such director's successor is duly elected and qualified or until such director's earlier resignation, removal, death, or incapacity.

If a majority of the votes cast for a director are marked "against" or "withheld" in an uncontested election, the director shall promptly tender his or her irrevocable resignation for the Board of Directors' consideration. If such director's resignation is accepted by the Board of Directors, then the Board of Directors, in its sole discretion, may fill the resulting vacancy in accordance with the provisions of Section 3.2 or may decrease the size of the Board of Directors in accordance with the provisions of Section 3.1.

Subject to the rights of holders of any class or series of stock having a preference over the common stock as to dividends or upon liquidation, nominations of persons for election to the Board of Directors must be (a) made by or at the direction of the Board of Directors (or any duly authorized committee thereof) or (b) made by any stockholder of record of the corporation entitled to vote for the election of directors at the applicable meeting who complies with the notice procedures set forth in this Section 3.2. Directors need not be stockholders. Such nominations, other than those made by or at the direction of the Board of Directors, shall be made pursuant to timely notice in writing to the Secretary of the corporation. To be timely, a stockholder's notice shall be delivered by a nationally recognized courier service or mailed by first class United States mail, postage or delivery charges prepaid, and received at the principal executive offices of the corporation addressed to the attention of the Secretary of the corporation (i) in the case of an annual meeting of stockholders, not more than one hundred twenty (120) days nor less than ninety (90) days in advance of the anniversary of the date of the corporation's proxy statement provided in connection with the previous year's annual meeting of stockholders; *provided, however*, that in the event that no annual meeting was held in the previous year or the annual meeting is called for a date more than thirty (30) days before or after the anniversary date of the previous year's annual meeting, notice by the stockholder must be received by the Secretary of the corporation not later than the close of business on the later of (A) the ninetieth (90th) day prior to such annual meeting and (B) the tenth (10th) day following the day on which public announcement of the date of such meeting is first made, and (ii) in the case of a special meeting of stockholders called for the purpose of electing directors, not later than the close of business on the tenth (10th) day following the day on which notice of the date of the special meeting was mailed or public disclosure of the date of the special meeting was made. Such stockholder's notice to the Secretary shall set forth (a) as to each person whom the stockholder proposes to nominate for election or re-election as a director, (i) the name, age, business address, and residence address of the person, (ii) the principal occupation or employment of the person, (iii) the class, series, and number of shares of capital stock of the corporation that are owned

beneficially by the person, (iv) any other information relating to the person that is required to be disclosed in solicitations for proxies for election of directors pursuant to Section 14 of the 1934 Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and (v) the nominee's written consent to serve, if elected, and (b) as to the stockholder giving the notice, (i) the name and record address of the stockholder, (ii) the class, series, and number of shares of capital stock of the corporation that are owned beneficially by the stockholder, and (iii) a description of all arrangements or understandings between such stockholder and each person the stockholder proposes for election or re-election as a director pursuant to which such proposed nomination is being made. The corporation may require any proposed nominee to furnish such other information as may reasonably be required by the corporation to determine the eligibility of such proposed nominee to serve as a director of the corporation. No person shall be eligible for election as a director of the corporation unless nominated in accordance with the procedures set forth herein.

In connection with any annual meeting of the stockholders (or, if and as applicable, any special meeting of the stockholders), the Chairman of the Board (or such other person presiding at such meeting in accordance with these bylaws) shall, if the facts warrant, determine and declare to the meeting that a nomination was not made in accordance with the foregoing procedure, and if he or she should so determine, he or she shall so declare to the meeting and the defective nomination shall be disregarded.

3.3 Enlargement and Vacancies. Except as otherwise provided by the certificate of incorporation, subject to the rights of the holders of any series of preferred stock then outstanding, newly created directorships resulting from any increase in the authorized number of directors or any vacancies in the Board of Directors resulting from death, resignation, retirement, disqualification, removal from office, or other cause shall be filled solely by a majority vote of the directors then in office, although less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director. If there are no directors in office, then an election of directors may be held in the manner provided by statute. In the event of a vacancy in the Board of Directors, the remaining directors, except as otherwise provided by law, or by the certificate of incorporation or these bylaws, may exercise the powers of the full board until the vacancy is filled.

3.4 Resignation and Removal. Any director may resign at any time upon written notice to the corporation at its principal place of business addressed to the attention of the Chief Executive Officer, the Secretary, the Chairman of the Board, or the Chair of the Nominating and Governance Committee of the Board of Directors, who shall in turn notify the full Board of Directors (although failure to provide such notification to the full Board of Directors shall not impact the effectiveness of such resignation). Such resignation shall be effective upon receipt of such notice by one of the individuals designated above unless the notice specifies such resignation to be effective at some other time or upon the happening of some other event. Any director or the entire Board of Directors may be removed, with or without cause, by the holders of not less than a majority of the voting power of the capital stock issued and outstanding then entitled to vote at an election of directors.

3.5 Powers. The business of the corporation shall be managed by or under the direction of the Board of Directors, which may exercise all such powers of the corporation and do all such lawful acts and things as are not by statute or by the certificate of incorporation of the corporation or by these bylaws directed or required to be exercised or done by the stockholders.

3.6 Chairman of the Board. The directors shall elect a Chairman of the Board and may elect a Vice Chair of the Board, each to hold such office until their successor is elected and qualified or until their earlier resignation or removal. In the absence or disability of the Chairman of the Board, the Vice Chair of the Board, if one has been elected, or another director designated by the Board of Directors, shall perform the duties and exercise the powers of the

Chairman of the Board. The Chairman of the Board of the corporation shall if present preside at all meetings of the stockholders and the Board of Directors and shall have such other duties as may be vested in the Chairman of the Board by the Board of Directors. The Vice Chair of the Board of the corporation shall have such duties as may be vested in the Vice Chair of the Board by the Board of Directors.

3.7 Place of Meetings. The Board of Directors may hold meetings, both regular and special, either within or outside the State of Delaware.

3.8 Regular Meetings. Regular meetings of the Board of Directors may be held without notice at such time and place as may be determined from time to time by the Board of Directors; *provided, however*, that any director who is absent when such a determination is made shall be given prompt notice of such determination.

3.9 Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, or by the written request of two or more of the directors then in office. Notice of the time and place, if any, of special meetings shall be delivered personally or by telephone to each director, or sent by first-class mail or commercial delivery service, facsimile transmission, or by electronic mail or other electronic means, charges prepaid, sent to such director's business or home address as they appear upon the records of the corporation. In case such notice is mailed, it shall be deposited in the United States mail at least three (3) days prior to the time of holding of the meeting. In case such notice is delivered personally or by telephone or by commercial delivery service, facsimile transmission, or electronic mail or other electronic means, it shall be so delivered at least four (4) hours prior to the time of the holding of the meeting. A notice or waiver of notice of a meeting of the Board of Directors need not specify the purposes of the meeting.

3.10 Quorum, Action at Meeting, Adjournments. At all meetings of the Board of Directors, a majority of directors then in office, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business and the act of a majority of the directors present at any meeting at which there is a quorum shall be the act of the Board of Directors, except as may be otherwise specifically provided by law, as it presently exists or may hereafter be amended, or by these bylaws. If a quorum shall not be present at any meeting of the Board of Directors, a majority of the directors present thereat may adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be present.

3.11 Action Without Meeting. Unless otherwise restricted by the certificate of incorporation of the corporation or these bylaws, any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the Board of Directors or of any committee thereof may be taken without a meeting, if all members of the Board of Directors or committee, as the case may be, consent thereto in writing or by electronic transmission, and the writing or writings or electronic transmission or transmissions are filed with the minutes of proceedings of the Board of Directors or committee.

3.12 Telephone Meetings. Unless otherwise restricted by the certificate of incorporation of the corporation or these bylaws, any member of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof may participate in a meeting of the Board of Directors or of any committee, as the case may be, by means of conference telephone or by any form of communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other, and such participation in a meeting shall constitute presence in person at the meeting.

3.13 Committees. The Board of Directors may, by resolution, designate one or more committees, each committee to consist of one or more of the directors of the corporation. The Board of Directors may designate one or more directors as alternate members of any committee,

who may replace any absent or disqualified member at any meeting of the committee. In the absence or disqualification of a member of a committee, the member or members present at any meeting and not disqualified from voting, whether or not the member or members present constitute a quorum, may unanimously appoint another member of the Board of Directors to act at the meeting in the place of any such absent or disqualified member. Any such committee, to the extent provided in the resolutions of the Board of Directors, shall have and may exercise all of the lawfully delegated powers and authority of the Board of Directors in the management of the business and affairs of the corporation, and may authorize the seal of the corporation to be affixed to all papers which may require it. Such committee or committees shall have such name or names as may be determined from time to time by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors. Each committee shall keep regular minutes of its meetings and make such reports to the Board of Directors as the Board of Directors may request or the charter of such committee may then require. Except as the Board of Directors may otherwise determine, any committee may make rules for the conduct of its business, but unless otherwise provided by the directors or in such rules, its business shall be conducted as nearly as possible in the same manner as is provided in these bylaws for the conduct of its business by the Board of Directors.

3.14 Fees and Compensation of Directors. The Board of Directors shall have the authority to fix the compensation of directors.

ARTICLE 4

Officers

4.1 Officers Designated. The officers of the corporation shall be chosen by the Board of Directors and shall be a Chief Executive Officer, a Secretary, and a Chief Financial Officer. The Board of Directors may also choose a President, a Treasurer, one or more Vice Presidents, and one or more assistant Secretaries or assistant Treasurers. Any number of offices may be held by the same person, unless the certificate of incorporation of the corporation or these bylaws otherwise provide.

4.2 Election. The Board of Directors shall choose a Chief Executive Officer, a Secretary, and a Chief Financial Officer. Other officers may be appointed by the Board of Directors or may be appointed by the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to a delegation of authority from the Board of Directors.

4.3 Tenure. Each officer of the corporation shall hold office until such officer's successor is appointed and qualified, unless a different term is specified in the vote choosing or appointing such officer, or until such officer's earlier death, resignation, removal, or incapacity. Any officer appointed by the Board of Directors or by the Chief Executive Officer may be removed with or without cause at any time by the affirmative vote of a majority of the Board of Directors or a committee duly authorized to do so, except that any officer appointed by the Chief Executive Officer may also be removed at any time by the Chief Executive Officer. Any vacancy occurring in any office of the corporation may be filled by the Board of Directors, at its discretion. Any officer may resign by delivering such officer's written resignation to the corporation at its principal place of business to the attention of the Chief Executive Officer or the Secretary. Such resignation shall be effective upon receipt unless it is specified to be effective at some other time or upon the happening of some other event.

4.4 The Chief Executive Officer. Subject to such supervisory powers, if any, as may be given by the Board of Directors to the Chairman of the Board, in the absence of the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer shall preside at all meetings of the stockholders and at all meetings of the Board of Directors, shall have general and active management of the business of the corporation and shall see that all orders and resolutions of the Board of Directors are

carried into effect. He or she shall execute bonds, mortgages, and other contracts requiring a seal, under the seal of the corporation, except where required or permitted by law to be otherwise signed and executed and except where the signing and execution thereof shall be expressly delegated by the Board of Directors to some other officer or agent of the corporation.

4.5 The President. The President shall, in the event there is no Chief Executive Officer or in the absence of the Chief Executive Officer or in the event of his or her disability, perform the duties of the Chief Executive Officer, and when so acting, shall have the powers of and be subject to all the restrictions upon the Chief Executive Officer. The President shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as may from time to time be prescribed for such person by the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, or these bylaws.

4.6 The Vice President. The Vice President, if any (or in the event there be more than one, the Vice Presidents in the order designated by the directors, or in the absence of any designation, in the order of their election), shall, in the absence of the President or in the event of his or her disability or refusal to act, perform the duties of the President, and when so acting, shall have the powers of and be subject to all the restrictions upon the President. The Vice President(s) shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as may from time to time be prescribed for them by the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, the President, or these bylaws.

4.7 The Secretary. The Secretary shall attend all meetings of the Board of Directors and the stockholders and record all votes and the proceedings of the meetings in a book to be kept for that purpose and shall perform like duties for the standing committees, when required. The Secretary shall give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of stockholders and special meetings of the Board of Directors, and shall perform such other duties as may from time to time be prescribed by the Board of Directors, the Chairman of the Board, or the Chief Executive Officer, under whose supervision he or she shall act. The Secretary shall sign such instruments on behalf of the corporation as the Secretary may be authorized to sign by the Board of Directors or by law and shall countersign, attest and affix the corporate seal to all certificates and instruments where such countersigning or such sealing and attesting are necessary to their true and proper execution. The Secretary shall keep, or cause to be kept, at the principal executive office or at the office of the corporation's transfer agent or registrar, as determined by resolution of the Board of Directors, a share register, or a duplicate share register, showing the names of all stockholders and their addresses, the number and classes of shares held by each, the number and date of certificates issued for the same and the number and date of cancellation of every certificate surrendered for cancellation.

4.8 The Assistant Secretary. The Assistant Secretary, or if there be more than one, any Assistant Secretaries in the order designated by the Board of Directors (or in the absence of any designation, in the order of their election) shall assist the Secretary in the performance of his or her duties and, in the absence of the Secretary or in the event of his or her inability or refusal to act, perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Secretary and shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as may from time to time be prescribed by the Board of Directors.

4.9 The Chief Financial Officer. The Chief Financial Officer shall be the principal financial officer in charge of the general accounting books, accounting and cost records and forms. The Chief Financial Officer may also serve as the principal accounting officer and shall perform such other duties and have other powers as may from time to time be prescribed by the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer.

4.10 The Treasurer and Assistant Treasurers. The Treasurer (if one is appointed) shall have such duties as may be specified by the Chief Financial Officer to assist the Chief Financial

Officer in the performance of his or her duties and to perform such other duties and have other powers as may from time to time be prescribed by the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer. It shall be the duty of any Assistant Treasurers to assist the Treasurer in the performance of his or her duties and to perform such other duties and have other powers as may from time to time be prescribed by the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer.

4.11 Delegation of Authority. The Board of Directors may from time to time delegate the powers or duties of any officer to any other officers or agents, notwithstanding any provision hereof.

ARTICLE 5

Notices

5.1 Delivery. Whenever, under the provisions of law, or of the certificate of incorporation of the corporation or these bylaws, written notice is required to be given to any director or stockholder, such notice may be given by mail, addressed to such director or stockholder, at such person's address as it appears on the records of the corporation, with postage thereon prepaid, and such notice shall be deemed to be given at the time when the same shall be deposited in the United States mail or delivered to a nationally recognized courier service. Unless written notice by mail is required by law, written notice may also be given by commercial delivery service, facsimile transmission, electronic means, or similar means addressed to such director or stockholder at such person's address as it appears on the records of the corporation, in which case such notice shall be deemed to be given when delivered into the control of the persons charged with effecting such transmission, the transmission charge to be paid by the corporation or the person sending such notice and not by the addressee. Oral notice or other in-hand delivery, in person or by telephone, shall be deemed given at the time it is actually given.

5.2 Waiver of Notice. Whenever any notice is required to be given under the provisions of law or of the certificate of incorporation of the corporation or of these bylaws, a written waiver, signed by the person entitled to notice, or a waiver by electronic transmission by the person entitled to notice, whether before or after the time stated therein, shall be deemed equivalent to notice. Attendance of a person at a meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except when the person attends a meeting for the express purpose of objecting, at the beginning of the meeting, to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any regular or special meeting of the stockholders, directors or members of a committee of directors need be specified in any written waiver of notice or any waiver by electronic transmission unless so required by the certificate of incorporation or these bylaws.

ARTICLE 6

Indemnification and Insurance

6.1 Indemnification of Officers and Directors. Each person who was or is made a party or is threatened to be made a party to or is involved (including, without limitation, as a witness) in any actual or threatened action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative, or investigative (hereinafter a "**proceeding**"), by reason of the fact that he or she or a person of whom he or she is the legal representative is or was a director or officer of the corporation (or any predecessor), or is or was serving at the request of the corporation (or any predecessor) as a director, officer, employee, or agent of another corporation or of a partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan sponsored or maintained by the corporation, or other enterprise (or any predecessors of such entities) (hereinafter an "**Indemnitee**"), shall be indemnified and held harmless by the corporation to the fullest extent

authorized by the DGCL, as the same exists or may hereafter be amended, including, but not limited to, Section 102(b)(7) of the DGCL (but, in the case of any such amendment, only to the extent that such amendment permits the corporation to provide broader indemnification rights than said law permitted the corporation to provide prior to such amendment), or by other applicable law as then in effect, against all expense, liability and loss (including attorneys' fees and related disbursements, judgments, fines, excise taxes or penalties under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended from time to time, penalties and amounts paid or to be paid in settlement) actually and reasonably incurred or suffered by such Indemnitee in connection therewith. Each person who is or was serving as a director, officer, employee, or agent of a subsidiary of the corporation shall be deemed to be serving, or have served, at the request of the corporation. The right to indemnification conferred in this Section 6.1 shall be a contract right.

Any indemnification (but not advancement of expenses) under this Article 6 (unless ordered by a court) shall be made by the corporation only as authorized in the specific case upon a determination that indemnification of the director or officer is proper in the circumstances because he or she has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in the DGCL, as the same exists or hereafter may be amended (but, in the case of any such amendment, only to the extent that such amendment permits the corporation to provide broader indemnification rights than said law permitted the corporation to provide prior to such amendment). Such determination shall be made with respect to a person who is a director or officer at the time of such determination (a) by a majority vote of the directors who are not or were not parties to the proceeding in respect of which indemnification is being sought by Indemnitee (the "***Disinterested Directors***"), even though less than a quorum, (b) by a committee of Disinterested Directors designated by a majority vote of the Disinterested Directors, even though less than a quorum, (c) if there are no such Disinterested Directors, or if the Disinterested Directors so direct, by independent legal counsel in a written opinion to the Board of Directors, a copy of which shall be delivered to Indemnitee, or (d) by the stockholders.

6.2 **Indemnification of Others.** This Article 6 does not limit the right of the corporation, to the extent and in the manner permitted by law, to indemnify and to advance expenses to persons other than those persons identified in Section 6.1 when and as authorized by the Board or by the action of a committee of the Board or designated officers of the corporation established by or designated in resolutions approved by the Board; *provided, however*, that the payment of expenses incurred by such a person in advance of the final disposition of the proceeding shall be made only upon receipt by the corporation of a written undertaking by such person to repay all amounts so advanced if it shall ultimately be determined that such person is not entitled to be indemnified under this Article 6 or otherwise.

6.3 **Advance Payment.** The right to indemnification under this Article 6 shall include the right to be paid by the corporation the expenses incurred in defending any such proceeding in advance of its final disposition, such advances to be paid by the corporation within thirty (30) days after the receipt by the corporation of a statement or statements from the claimant requesting such advance or advances from time to time; *provided, however*, that if the DGCL requires, the payment of such expenses incurred by a director or officer in his or her capacity as a director or officer (and not in any other capacity in which service was or is rendered by such person while a director or officer, including, without limitation, service to an employee benefit plan) in advance of the final disposition of a proceeding, shall be made only upon delivery to the corporation of an undertaking by or on behalf of such director or officer to repay all amounts so advanced if it shall ultimately be determined that such director or officer is not entitled to be indemnified under Section 6.1 or otherwise.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, unless such right is acquired other than pursuant to this Article 6, no advance shall be made by the corporation to an officer of the corporation (except

by reason of the fact that such officer is or was a director of the corporation, in which event this paragraph shall not apply) in any action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative, or investigative, if a determination is reasonably and promptly made (a) by the Board of Directors by a majority vote of the Disinterested Directors, even though less than a quorum, or (b) by a committee of Disinterested Directors designated by majority vote of the Disinterested Directors, even though less than a quorum, or (c) if there are no Disinterested Directors or the Disinterested Directors so direct, by independent legal counsel in a written opinion to the Board of Directors, a copy of which shall be delivered to the claimant, that the facts known to the decision-making party at the time such determination is made demonstrate clearly and convincingly that such person acted in bad faith or in a manner that such person did not believe to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation.

6.4 Right of Indemnitee to Bring Suit. If a claim for indemnification (following final disposition of such proceeding) or advancement of expenses under this Article 6 is not paid in full by the corporation within sixty (60) days after a written claim has been received by the corporation, except in the case of a claim for an advancement of expenses, in which case the applicable period shall be twenty (20) days, the Indemnitee may at any time thereafter bring suit against the corporation to recover the unpaid amount of the claim. If successful in whole or in part in any such suit, or in a suit brought by the corporation to recover an advancement of expenses pursuant to the terms of an undertaking, the Indemnitee shall be entitled to be paid also the expense of prosecuting or defending such suit to the fullest extent permitted by law. In any suit brought by the Indemnitee to enforce a right to indemnification or to an advancement of expenses hereunder, or by the corporation to recover an advancement of expenses pursuant to the terms of an undertaking, the burden of proving that the Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified, or to such advancement of expenses, under this Article or otherwise shall be on the corporation.

6.5 Non-Exclusivity and Survival of Rights; Amendments. The right to indemnification and the payment of expenses incurred in defending a proceeding in advance of its final disposition conferred in this Article 6 shall not be deemed exclusive of any other right which any person may have or hereafter acquire under any statute, provision of the certificate of incorporation of the corporation, bylaws, agreement, vote of stockholders or Disinterested Directors or otherwise, and shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators of such a person. Any repeal or modification of the provisions of this Article 6 shall not in any way diminish or adversely affect the rights of any director, officer, employee, or agent of the corporation hereunder in respect of any occurrence or matter arising prior to any such repeal or modification.

6.6 Insurance. The corporation may purchase and maintain insurance on its own behalf and on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee, or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan, or other enterprise against any expense, liability or loss asserted against such person and incurred by such person in any such capacity, or arising out of such person's status as such, whether or not the corporation would have the power to indemnify such person against such expenses, liability or loss under the DGCL.

6.7 Reliance. Persons who after the date of the adoption of this provision become or remain directors or officers of the corporation shall be conclusively presumed to have relied on the rights to indemnity, advance of expenses and other rights contained in this Article 6 in entering into or continuing such service. The rights to indemnification and to the advance of expenses conferred in this Article 6 shall apply to claims made against an Indemnitee arising out of acts or omissions that occurred or occur both prior and subsequent to the adoption hereof.

6.8 Severability. If any word, clause, provision or provisions of this Article 6 shall be held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable for any reason whatsoever: (a) the validity, legality, and enforceability of the remaining provisions of this Article 6 (including, without limitation, each portion of any section or paragraph of this Article 6 containing any such provision held to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable, that is not itself held to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable) shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby; and (b) to the fullest extent possible, the provisions of this Article 6 (including, without limitation, each such portion of any section or paragraph of this Article 6 containing any such provision held to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable) shall be construed so as to give effect to the intent manifested by the provision held invalid, illegal or unenforceable.

ARTICLE 7

Capital Stock

7.1 Certificates for Shares. The shares of the corporation shall be (i) represented by certificates or (ii) uncertificated and evidenced by a book-entry system maintained by or through the corporation's transfer agent or registrar. Certificates shall be signed by, or in the name of the corporation by, the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, the President or a Vice President and by the Chief Financial Officer, the Treasurer or an Assistant Treasurer, or the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of the corporation. Certificates may be issued for partly paid shares and in such case upon the face or back of the certificates issued to represent any such partly paid shares, the total amount of the consideration to be paid therefor, and the amount paid thereon shall be specified.

Within a reasonable time after the issuance or transfer of uncertificated stock, the corporation shall send or cause to be sent to the registered owner thereof a written notice containing the information required by the DGCL or a statement that the corporation will furnish without charge to each stockholder who so requests the powers, designations, preferences and relative participating, optional, or other special rights of each class of stock or series thereof and the qualifications, limitations, or restrictions of such preferences and/or rights.

7.2 Signatures on Certificates. Any or all of the signatures on a certificate may be a facsimile. In case any officer, transfer agent or registrar who has signed or whose facsimile signature has been placed upon a certificate shall have ceased to be such officer, transfer agent or registrar before such certificate is issued, it may be issued by the corporation with the same effect as if he were such officer, transfer agent or registrar at the date of issue.

7.3 Transfer of Stock. Upon surrender to the corporation or the transfer agent of the corporation of a certificate of shares duly endorsed or accompanied by proper evidence of succession, assignation or authority to transfer, and proper evidence of compliance of other conditions to rightful transfer, it shall be the duty of the corporation to issue a new certificate to the person entitled thereto, cancel the old certificate and record the transaction upon its books. Upon receipt of proper transfer instructions and proper evidence of compliance of other conditions to rightful transfer from the registered owner of uncertificated shares, such uncertificated shares shall be canceled and issuance of new equivalent uncertificated shares or certificated shares shall be made to the person entitled thereto and the transaction shall be recorded upon the books of the corporation.

7.4 Registered Stockholders. The corporation shall be entitled to recognize the exclusive right of a person registered on its books as the owner of shares to receive dividends, and to vote as such owner, and to hold liable for calls and assessments a person registered on its books as the owner of shares, and shall not be bound to recognize any equitable or other claim to

or interest in such share or shares on the part of any other person, whether or not it shall have express or other notice thereof, except as otherwise provided by the laws of Delaware.

7.5 Lost, Stolen or Destroyed Certificates. The corporation may direct that a new certificate or certificates be issued to replace any certificate or certificates theretofore issued by the corporation alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed, upon the making of an affidavit of that fact by the person claiming the certificate of stock to be lost, stolen or destroyed and on such terms and conditions as the corporation may require. When authorizing the issue of a new certificate or certificates, the corporation may, in its discretion and as a condition precedent to the issuance thereof, require the owner of the lost, stolen or destroyed certificate or certificates, or his or her legal representative, to advertise the same in such manner as it shall require, to indemnify the corporation in such manner as it may require, and/or to give the corporation a bond or other adequate security in such sum as it may direct as indemnity against any claim that may be made against the corporation with respect to the certificate alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed.

ARTICLE 8

General Provisions

8.1 Dividends. Dividends upon the capital stock of the corporation, subject to any restrictions contained in the DGCL or the provisions of the certificate of incorporation of the corporation, if any, may be declared by the Board of Directors at any regular or special meeting or by unanimous written consent. Dividends may be paid in cash, in property, or in shares of capital stock, subject to the provisions of the certificate of incorporation of the corporation.

8.2 Checks. All checks or demands for money and notes of the corporation shall be signed by such officer or officers or such other person or persons as the Board of Directors may from time to time designate.

8.3 Corporate Seal. The Board of Directors may, by resolution, adopt a corporate seal. The corporate seal shall have inscribed thereon the name of the corporation, the year of its organization and the word "Delaware." The seal may be used by causing it or a facsimile thereof to be impressed or affixed or otherwise reproduced. The seal may be altered from time to time by the Board of Directors.

8.4 Execution of Corporate Contracts and Instruments. The Board of Directors, except as otherwise provided in these bylaws, may authorize any officer or officers, or agent or agents, to enter into any contract or execute any instrument in the name of and on behalf of the corporation; such authority may be general or confined to specific instances. Unless so authorized or ratified by the Board of Directors or within the agency power of an officer, no officer, agent, or employee shall have any power or authority to bind the corporation by any contract or engagement or to pledge its credit or to render it liable for any purpose or for any amount.

8.5 Representation of Shares of Other Corporations. The Chief Executive Officer, the President or any Vice President, the Chief Financial Officer, or the Treasurer or any Assistant Treasurer, or the Secretary or any Assistant Secretary of the corporation is authorized to vote, represent and exercise on behalf of the corporation all rights incident to any and all shares of any corporation or corporations or similar ownership interests of other business entities standing in the name of the corporation. The authority herein granted to said officers to vote or represent on behalf of the corporation any and all shares or similar ownership interests held by the corporation in any other corporation or corporations or other business entities may be exercised either by

such officers in person or by any other person authorized so to do by proxy or power of attorney duly executed by said officers.

ARTICLE 9

Forum for Adjudication of Disputes

To the fullest extent permitted by law, and unless the corporation consents in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware (or, if no state court located within the State of Delaware has jurisdiction or is permitted by applicable law to be the sole and exclusive forum, the federal district court for the District of Delaware), shall be the sole and exclusive forum for (a) any derivative action or proceeding brought in the name or right of the corporation or on its behalf, (b) any action asserting a claim for breach of any fiduciary duty owed by any director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation to the corporation or the corporation's stockholders, (c) any action arising or asserting a claim arising pursuant to any provision of the DGCL or any provision of the certificate of incorporation or these bylaws or (d) any action asserting a claim governed by the internal affairs doctrine, including, without limitation, any action to interpret, apply, enforce or determine the validity of the certificate of incorporation or these bylaws. Unless the corporation consents in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the U.S. federal district courts shall be the exclusive forum for the resolution of any complaint asserting a cause of action arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, against the corporation or any director, officer, other employee or agent of the corporation. Any person or entity purchasing or otherwise acquiring any interest in shares of capital stock of the corporation shall be deemed to have notice of and consented to the provisions of this Article 9.

ARTICLE 10

Amendments

Subject to the laws of the State of Delaware, the Board of Directors is expressly authorized to adopt, amend or repeal the bylaws of the corporation, without any action on the part of the stockholders, by the vote of at least a majority of the directors of the corporation then in office. In addition to any vote of the holders of any class or series of stock of the corporation required by the DGCL or the certificate of incorporation of the corporation, ~~the bylaws may also be adopted, amended or repealed by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the voting power of the shares of the capital stock of the corporation entitled to vote in the election of directors, voting as one class; provided, however, unless the bylaws of the corporation are approved by holders of at least a majority of the voting power of the shares of capital stock of the corporation, after the 2026 Annual Meeting of the corporation,~~ the bylaws may be adopted, amended or replaced by the affirmative vote of a majority of the voting power of the shares of capital stock of the corporation.

**DESCRIPTION OF THE REGISTRANT'S SECURITIES
REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12 OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

As of the date of the Annual Report on Form 10-K of which this exhibit forms a part, the only class of securities of Concentrix Corporation ("Concentrix", "we", "us", and "our") registered under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is our common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share.

General

The following description of our common stock summarizes provisions of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, as amended ("Charter"), amended and restated bylaws, as amended ("Bylaws"), and the Delaware General Corporation Law ("DGCL"). You should refer to the copies of our Charter and our Bylaws, which are incorporated by reference as exhibits to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of which this exhibit is a part, and to the applicable provisions of Delaware law.

Authorized Common Stock

Under our Charter, the total number of shares of all classes of shares that Concentrix has authority to issue is 260,000,000, including 250,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.0001 par value per share. Except as otherwise provided in our Charter or in a board resolution, shares purchased, redeemed by, surrendered to, or otherwise acquired by us assume the status of authorized but unissued shares, undesignated as to class or series, and may thereafter be reissued in the same manner as other authorized but unissued shares.

Rights of Common Stock

Dividends; Voting Rights; Liquidation.

- The holders of shares of Concentrix common stock are entitled to dividends as our board of directors may lawfully declare from time to time from legally available funds subject to the preferential rights of the holders of any shares of Concentrix preferred stock that may be issued in the future.
- The holders of shares of Concentrix common stock are entitled to one vote per share on any matter to be voted upon by Concentrix stockholders and our Charter does not provide for cumulative voting in connection with the election of directors.
- Upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of Concentrix' affairs, the holders of shares of Concentrix common stock are entitled to share, on a pro rata basis, all assets remaining after payment to creditors and subject to prior distribution rights of any shares of Concentrix preferred stock that may be issued in the future. After the distribution, all of the outstanding shares of common stock will be fully paid and non-assessable.

Other Rights and Restrictions. No holder of shares of Concentrix common stock will have any preemptive right to subscribe for any shares of Concentrix capital stock issued in the future, and there are no redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to the common stock.

Preferred Stock. Under our Charter, our board of directors, without further action by the Concentrix stockholders, is authorized to issue 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more classes or series. Concentrix' board of directors may fix the rights, preferences and privileges of the preferred stock, along with any limitations or restrictions, including voting rights, dividend rights, conversion rights, redemption privileges and liquidation preferences of each class or series of preferred stock. The shares of Concentrix preferred stock could have voting or conversion rights that could adversely affect the voting power or other rights of holders of shares of Concentrix common stock. The issuance of shares of Concentrix preferred stock could also have the effect, under certain circumstances, of delaying, deferring or preventing a takeover or other transaction that holders of some or a majority of shares of Concentrix common stock might believe to be in their best interests or in which holders might receive a premium for their shares over the then-market price of the shares.

Certain Anti-Takeover, Limited Liability, and Indemnification Provisions

Our Charter and Bylaws described below may have the effect of discouraging, delaying, or preventing a change in control or another person from acquiring control of Concentrix.

Concentrix Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaw Provisions

Our Charter and Bylaws include provisions that may have the effect of discouraging, delaying, or preventing a change in control or an unsolicited acquisition proposal that a Concentrix stockholder might consider favorable, including a proposal that might result in the payment of a premium over the market price for the shares held by Concentrix' stockholders. These provisions are summarized in the following paragraphs.

- *Authorized but Unissued or Undesignated Capital Stock.* The Concentrix' authorized capital stock consists of 250 million shares of common stock and 10 million shares of preferred stock. The authorized but unissued (and in the case of preferred stock, undesignated) shares of Concentrix stock may be issued by our board of directors in one or more transactions without our stockholders' approval. We may use additional shares for a variety of purposes, including future public offerings to raise additional capital, to fund acquisitions and as employee compensation. Moreover, our Charter grants Concentrix' board of directors broad power to establish the rights and preferences of authorized and unissued preferred stock. The issuance of shares of Concentrix preferred stock pursuant to our board of directors' authority described above could decrease the amount of earnings and assets available for distribution to holders of shares of Concentrix common stock and adversely affect the rights and powers, including voting rights, of such holders and may have the effect of delaying, deferring, or preventing a change in control. Our board of directors does not currently intend to seek Concentrix' stockholder approval prior to any issuance of preferred stock, unless otherwise required by law.
- *No Stockholder Action by Written Consent.* Our Charter and Bylaws provide that an action required or permitted to be taken at any annual or special meeting of our stockholders may only be taken at a duly called annual or special meeting of our stockholders. This provision prevents our stockholders from initiating or effecting any action by written consent, and thereby taking actions opposed by our board of directors.
- *Notice Procedures.* Our Bylaws establish advance notice procedures with regard to all Concentrix stockholder proposals to be brought before meetings of our stockholders, including proposals relating to the nomination of candidates for election as directors, the removal of directors, and amendments to our Charter or Bylaws. These procedures provide that notice of such Concentrix stockholder proposals must be timely given in writing to the Concentrix Secretary prior to the meeting. The notice must contain certain information specified in our Bylaws.
- *No Cumulative Voting.* The DGCL provides that stockholders are denied the right to cumulate votes in the election of directors unless the company's certificate of incorporation provides otherwise. Our Charter does not provide for cumulative voting.
- *Concentrix Board and Vacancies.* Our Bylaws provide that the number of directors on its board of directors is fixed exclusively by its board of directors. Any vacancies created in its board of directors resulting from any increase in the authorized number of directors or the death, resignation, retirement, disqualification, removal from office, or other cause may only be filled by a majority of the board of directors then in office, even if less than a quorum is present, or by a sole remaining director. Any director appointed to fill a vacancy on our board of directors will be appointed for a term expiring at the next annual meeting, and such director's successor has been elected and qualified. Any director or the entire board of directors may be removed, with or without cause, by the holders of not less than a majority of the voting power of the capital stock entitled to vote at an election of directors.
- *Special Meetings of Stockholders.* Our Charter and Bylaws provide that special meetings of our stockholders may be called only by the Secretary only at the request of the chair of our board of directors, our chief executive officer or president, or by a majority of our board of directors. Stockholders may not call special stockholder meetings.

- *Exclusive Forum.* Our Bylaws contain a forum selection provision for the adjudication of certain disputes. Unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the sole and exclusive forum for (a) any derivative action or proceeding brought on our behalf; (b) any action asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any of our directors, officers, employees, or agents to us or our stockholders; (c) any action asserting a claim arising pursuant to any provision of the DGCL, our Charter and our Bylaws; or (d) any action asserting a claim governed by the internal affairs doctrine will be the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware, or, if the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware does not have jurisdiction, the United States District Court for the District of Delaware, in each case, subject to said court having personal jurisdiction over the indispensable parties named as defendants. Unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the sole and exclusive forum for the resolution of any complaint asserting a cause of action arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended against us or any of our directors, officers, other employees or agents will be the U.S. federal district courts.

Limitations on Liability

Our Charter limits the liability of our directors (in their capacity as directors but not in their capacity as officers) to us or our stockholders to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law. Specifically, our directors will not be personally liable for monetary damages for breach of a director's fiduciary duty as a director, except for liability:

- For any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to us or our stockholders;
- For acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law;
- Under Section 174 of the DGCL, which relates to unlawful payments of dividends or unlawful stock repurchases or redemption; or
- For any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.

Indemnification Arrangements

The DGCL authorizes corporations to limit or eliminate the personal liability of directors to corporations and their stockholders for monetary damages for certain breaches of directors' fiduciary duties as directors, and our Charter includes such an exculpation provision. Our Charter includes provisions that indemnify, to the fullest extent allowable under the DGCL, the personal liability of directors or officers for monetary damages for actions taken as a director or officer of Concentrix, or for serving at our request as a director or officer or another position at another corporation or enterprise, as the case may be. Our Charter and Bylaws also provide that we must advance reasonable expenses to our directors and officers, subject to the receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of the indemnified party. Our Bylaws expressly authorize us to carry directors' and officers' insurance to protect us, our directors, officers, and certain employees from certain liabilities.

We have entered into indemnification agreements with each of our directors and executive officers that provide them with rights to indemnification and expense advancement to the fullest extent permitted under the DGCL.

The limitation of liability and indemnification provisions in our Charter may discourage stockholders from bringing a lawsuit against directors for breach of their fiduciary duty. These provisions may also have the effect of reducing the likelihood of derivative litigation against our directors and officers, even though such an action, if successful, might otherwise benefit us and our stockholders. However, these provisions do not limit or eliminate our rights, or those of any stockholder, to seek non-monetary relief such as injunction or rescission in the event of a breach of a director's duty of care. The provisions do not alter the liability of directors under the federal securities laws. In addition, our stockholders' investment may be adversely affected to the extent that, in a class action or direct suit, we pay the costs of settlement and damage awards against directors and officers pursuant to these indemnification provisions. There is currently no pending material litigation or proceeding against any Concentrix directors, officers, or employees for which indemnification is sought.

Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law

We are subject to the provisions of Section 203 of the DGCL regulating corporate takeovers, which, with specified exceptions, prohibits a publicly-held Delaware corporation from engaging in a business combination with an interested stockholder for a period of three years following the date that such stockholder became an interested stockholder unless:

- prior to the date of the transaction, the board of directors of the corporation approved either the business combination or the transaction which resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder;
- upon completion of the transaction that resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder, the interested stockholder owned at least 85% of the voting stock of the corporation outstanding at the time the transaction commenced, excluding for purposes of determining the voting stock outstanding, but not the outstanding voting stock owned by the interested stockholder, (1) shares owned by persons who are directors and also officers and (2) shares owned by employee stock plans in which employee participants do not have the right to determine confidentially whether shares held subject to the plan will be tendered in a tender or exchange offer; or
- at or subsequent to the date of the transaction, the business combination is approved by the board of directors of the corporation and authorized at an annual or special meeting of stockholders, and not by written consent, by the affirmative vote of at least 66-2/3% of the outstanding voting stock which is not owned by the interested stockholder.

Generally, a “business combination” includes a merger, asset or stock sale, or other transaction resulting in a financial benefit to the “interested stockholder,” and an “interested stockholder” is a person who, together with affiliates and associates, owns or, within three years prior to the determination of interested stockholder status, did own 15% or more of a corporation’s outstanding voting stock. A Delaware corporation may opt out of these provisions either with an express provision in its original certificate of incorporation or in an amendment to its certificate of incorporation or bylaws approved by its stockholders. However, we have not opted out, and do not currently intend to opt out of, these provisions.

We expect the application of this provision to have an anti-takeover effect with respect to transactions our board of directors does not approve in advance. We also anticipate that Section 203 may discourage business combinations or other attempts that might result in a premium over the market price for the shares of common stock held by our stockholders. Certain provisions of the DGCL, our restated certificate of incorporation and our Bylaws could have the effect of discouraging others from attempting hostile takeovers and, as a consequence, they may also inhibit temporary fluctuations in the market price of our common stock that often result from actual or rumored hostile takeover attempts. These provisions may also have the effect of preventing changes in our management. It is possible that these provisions could make it more difficult to accomplish transactions that stockholders may otherwise deem to be in their best interests.

Listing

We have applied to have our shares of common stock listed on the Nasdaq Stock Market under the symbol “CNXC.”

Transfer Agent and Registrar

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is Computershare Trust Company, N.A.

Restricted Stock Unit Award

CONCENTRIX CORPORATION

2020 STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN

NOTICE OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD

You have been granted Restricted Stock Units (“RSUs”) representing Common Stock of Concentrix Corporation (the “Company”) under the Company’s 2020 Stock Incentive Plan (the “Plan”) on the following terms:

Date of Grant: [Date of Grant]

Name of Recipient: [Name of Recipient]

Total Number of RSUs: [Total Number of RSUs]

Fair Market Value per RSU: \$[Value per RSU]

Total Fair Market Value Of Award: \$[Total Value]

Vesting Commencement Date: [Date vesting begins]

Vesting Schedule: 100% of the shares subject to this Award vest on the earlier of (x) the one-year anniversary of the Date of Grant and (y) the date of the Company’s Annual Meeting of Stockholders in the year following the Date of Grant.

By signing this document, you and the Company agree that these RSUs are granted under and governed by the terms and conditions of the Plan and the Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (the “Agreement”), both of which are attached to and made a part of this document.

By signing this document you further agree that the Company may deliver by e-mail all documents relating to the Plan or this Award (including without limitation, prospectuses required by the Securities and Exchange Commission) and all other documents that the Company is required to deliver to its security holders (including without limitation, annual reports and proxy statements). You also agree that the Company may deliver these documents by posting them on a website maintained by the Company or by a third party under contract with the Company. If the Company posts these documents on a website, it will notify you by e-mail.

CONCENTRIX CORPORATION

_____ **By:** _____

Title: _____

CONCENTRIX CORPORATION
2020 STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN
RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AGREEMENT

SECTION 1. PAYMENT FOR SHARES.

No cash payment is required for the RSUs that you are receiving. You are receiving the RSUs as consideration for Services rendered by you.

SECTION 2. GOVERNING PLAN.

The RSUs that you are receiving are granted pursuant and subject in all respects to the applicable provisions of the Concentrix Corporation 2020 Stock Incentive Plan (the “Plan”), which is incorporated herein by reference. Terms not otherwise defined in this Agreement have meanings ascribed to them in the Plan.

SECTION 3. VESTING.

The RSUs that you are receiving will vest as shown in the Notice of Restricted Stock Unit Award.

No additional RSUs vest after your Service as an Outside Director has terminated for any reason.

SECTION 4. NATURE OF RSUS.

Your RSUs are mere bookkeeping entries. They represent only the Company’s unfunded and unsecured promise to issue shares of common stock of the Company (“Shares”) on a future date. As a holder of RSUs, you have no rights other than the rights of a general creditor of the Company.

Your RSUs carry neither voting rights nor rights to dividends. You, or your estate or heirs, have no rights as a stockholder of the Company unless and until your RSUs are settled by issuing Shares. No adjustments will be made for dividends or other rights if the applicable record date occurs before your Shares are issued, except as described in the Plan.

You may not sell, transfer, assign, pledge or otherwise dispose of any RSUs. For instance, you may not use your RSUs as security for a loan. If you attempt to do any of these things, your RSUs will immediately become invalid.

SECTION 5. DIVIDEND EQUIVALENTS.

Notwithstanding Section 4 hereof and unless otherwise determined by the Committee, the RSUs include a right to dividend equivalents equal to the value of any dividends paid on the Shares for which the dividend record date occurs between the Date of Grant and the date the

RSUs are settled or forfeited. Each dividend equivalent entitles you to receive the equivalent cash value of any such dividends paid on the number of Shares underlying the RSUs that are outstanding on the dividend record date. Dividend equivalents will be paid promptly following the dividend payment date.

SECTION 6. FORFEITURE.

If your Service terminates for any reason, then your Award expires immediately as to the number of RSUs that have not vested before the termination date and do not vest as a result of termination. This means that the unvested RSUs will immediately be cancelled. You receive no payment for RSUs that are forfeited. The Company determines when your Service terminates for this purpose and all purposes under the Plan, and its determinations are conclusive and binding on all persons.

SECTION 7. SETTLEMENT OF RSUS.

Each of your vested RSUs will be settled when it vests. At the time of settlement, you will receive one Share for each vested RSU; provided, however, that no fractional Shares will be issued or delivered pursuant to the Plan or this Agreement, and the Committee will determine whether cash will be paid in lieu of any fractional Share or whether such fractional Share and any rights thereto will be canceled, terminated or otherwise eliminated. In addition, the Shares are issued to you subject to the condition that the issuance of the Shares not violate any law or regulation.

SECTION 8. WITHHOLDING TAXES.

Regardless of any action taken by the Company with respect to any or all income tax, social insurance, payroll tax, payment on account or other tax-related withholding ("Tax-Related Items"), you acknowledge that the ultimate liability for all Tax-Related Items legally due by you is and remains your responsibility and that the Company (1) makes no representations or undertakings regarding the treatment of any Tax-Related Items in connection with any aspect of the Award, including the settlement of the RSUs, the subsequent sale of Shares acquired pursuant to such settlement and the receipt of any dividends or dividend equivalents; and (2) do not commit to structure the terms of the Award or any aspect of the RSUs to reduce or eliminate your liability for Tax-Related Items.

Prior to the settlement of your RSUs, you shall pay or make arrangements acceptable to the Company to satisfy all withholding and payment on account obligations of the Company. In this regard, you authorize the Company to withhold all applicable Tax-Related Items legally payable by you from your cash compensation paid to you by the Company. With the Company's consent, these arrangements may also include, if permissible under local law, (a) withholding Shares that otherwise would be issued to you when your RSUs are settled, provided that the Company only withholds the amount of Shares necessary to satisfy the maximum legally required withholding amount, (b) having the Company withhold taxes from the proceeds of the sale of the Shares, or (c) any other arrangement approved by the Company. The fair market value of the Shares you surrender, determined as of the date when taxes otherwise would have been withheld in cash, will be applied as a credit against the withholding taxes. Finally, you will pay to the Company any amount of Tax-Related Items that the Company may be required to

withhold as a result of your participation in the Plan or your acquisition of Shares that cannot be satisfied by the means previously described. The Company may refuse to deliver the Shares if you fail to comply with your obligations in connection with the Tax-Related Items as described in this section, and your rights to the Shares shall be forfeited if you do not comply with such obligations on or before December 31 of the calendar year in which the applicable vesting date for the RSUs occurs.

SECTION 9. RESTRICTIONS ON RESALE.

You agree not to sell any Shares at a time when applicable laws, Company policies or an agreement between the Company and its underwriters prohibit a sale. This restriction will apply as long as your Service continues and for such period of time after the termination of your Service as the Company may specify.

SECTION 10. NO RETENTION RIGHTS.

Neither your Award nor this Agreement gives you the right to continue to serve as an Outside Director or otherwise be employed or retained by the Company or a subsidiary of the Company in any capacity.

SECTION 11. ADJUSTMENTS.

The number of RSUs covered by this Award shall be subject to adjustment in the event of a stock split, a stock dividend or a similar change in Company Shares, and in other circumstances, as set forth in the Plan.

SECTION 12. NOTICE.

Any notice required or permitted under this Agreement will be given in writing and will be deemed effectively given upon the earliest of personal delivery, receipt or the third (3rd) full day following mailing with postage and fees prepaid, addressed to the other party hereto at the address last known in the Company's records or at such other address as such party may designate by ten (10) days' advance written notice to the other party hereto.

SECTION 13. APPLICABLE LAW AND CHOICE OF VENUE.

This Agreement will be interpreted and enforced under the laws of the State of Delaware (without regard to their choice-of-law provisions).

For purposes of litigating any dispute that arises directly or indirectly from the relationship of the parties evidenced by this Award or this Agreement, the parties hereby submit to and consent to the exclusive jurisdiction of the State of California and agree that such litigation will be conducted only in the courts of Alameda County, California or the federal courts of the United States for the Northern District of California, and no other courts, where this grant is made and/or to be performed.

SECTION 14. THE PLAN AND OTHER AGREEMENTS.

The text of the Plan is incorporated in this Agreement by reference. All capitalized terms used in this Agreement but not defined herein shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Plan. This Agreement and the Plan constitute the entire understanding between you and the Company regarding this Award. Any prior agreements, commitments or negotiations concerning this Award are superseded. This Agreement may be amended by the Committee without your consent; however, if any such amendment would materially impair your rights or obligations under this Agreement, this Agreement may be amended only by another written agreement signed by you and the Company.

SECTION 15. SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNS.

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or this Agreement, every term of this Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective heirs, legatees, legal representatives, successors, transferees and assigns.

SECTION 16. MISCELLANEOUS.

You understand and acknowledge that participation in the Plan ceases upon termination of your Service for any reason, except as may explicitly be provided otherwise in the Plan or this Agreement.

You consent to the collection, use and transfer of personal data as described in this subsection. You understand and acknowledge that the Company holds certain personal information regarding you for the purpose of managing and administering the Plan, including (without limitation) your name, home address, telephone number, date of birth, social insurance number, nationality, any Shares or directorships held in the Company and details of all awards or any other entitlements to Shares awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in your favor (the "Data"). You further understand and acknowledge that the Company and/or its Subsidiaries will transfer Data among themselves as necessary for the purpose of implementation, administration and management of your participation in the Plan and that the Company and/or any Subsidiary may each further transfer Data to any third party assisting the Company in the implementation, administration and management of the Plan. You understand and acknowledge that the recipients of Data may be located in the United States or elsewhere. You authorize such recipients to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer Data, in electronic or other form, for the purpose of administering your participation in the Plan, including a transfer to any broker or other third party with whom you elect to deposit Shares acquired under the Plan of such Data as may be required for the administration of the Plan and/or the subsequent holding of Shares on your behalf. You may, at any time, view the Data, require any necessary modifications of Data or withdraw the consents set forth in this subsection by contacting the Legal Department of the Company in writing.

You agree that you have read and understood the Terms and Conditions provided to you in English. You consent to receiving the Terms and Conditions and any communication regarding the Plan in English. You may obtain a copy of these documents in French upon request. *Sur demande, vous pouvez obtenir une copie de ces documents en français.*

SECTION 17. SECTION 409A OF THE CODE.

To the extent this Agreement is subject to, and not exempt from, Section 409A of the Code, this Agreement is intended to comply with Section 409A of the Code, and its provisions shall be interpreted in a manner consistent with such intent. You acknowledge and agree that changes may be made to this Agreement to avoid adverse tax consequences to you under Section 409A.

BY SIGNING THE COVER SHEET OF THIS AGREEMENT, YOU AGREE TO ALL OF THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS DESCRIBED ABOVE AND IN THE PLAN.

CONCENTRIX CORPORATION
NOTICE OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD

- 5 -

CONCENTRIX CORPORATION
2020 EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE PLAN
(as adopted by the Board of Directors on November 12, 2020)
(Effective on December 1, 2020)
(Amended on March 22, 2022 and September 19, 2024)

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CONCENTRIX CORPORATION

2020 EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE PLAN

SECTION 1 Purpose of the Plan.

The Plan was adopted by the Board on November 12, 2020 and subsequently approved by the Company's stockholders on November 24, 2020. The purpose of the Plan is to provide Eligible Employees with an opportunity to increase their proprietary interest in the success of the Company by purchasing Common Stock from the Company on favorable terms and to pay for such purchases through payroll deductions. The Plan is intended to qualify under Section 423 of the Code.

SECTION 2 Definitions.

- (a) "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company, as constituted from time to time.
- (b) "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- (c) "Committee" means the Compensation Committee of the Board or such other committee, comprised exclusively of one or more directors of the Company, as may be appointed by the Board from time to time to administer the Plan.
- (d) "Common Stock" means the Company's common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share.
- (e) "Company" means Concentrix Corporation, a Delaware corporation.
- (f) "Compensation" means, unless provided otherwise by the Committee in the terms and conditions of an Offering, base salary and wages paid in cash to a Participant by a Participating Company, without reduction for any pre-tax contributions made by the Participant under Sections 401(k) or 125 of the Code. Compensation shall, unless provided otherwise by the Committee in the terms and conditions of an Offering, exclude variable compensation (including commissions, bonuses, incentive compensation, overtime pay and shift premiums), all non-cash items, moving or relocation allowances, cost-of-living equalization payments, car allowances, tuition reimbursements, imputed income attributable to cars or life insurance, severance pay, fringe benefits, contributions or benefits received under employee benefit plans, income attributable to the exercise of stock options, and similar items. The Committee shall determine whether a particular item is included in Compensation.
- (g) "Corporate Reorganization" means:
 - (i) The consummation of a merger or consolidation of the Company with or into another entity, or any other corporate reorganization in which the Company's stockholders immediately prior thereto own less than 50% of the voting securities of the Company (or its successor or parent) immediately thereafter; or

(ii) The sale, transfer or other disposition of all or substantially all of the Company's assets or the complete liquidation or dissolution of the Company.

(h) "Eligible Employee" means any employee of a Participating Company who has rendered services as an employee for at least six (6) months after the employee's date of hire with the Company or a Participating Company and whose customary employment is for more than five (5) months per calendar year and for more than twenty (20) hours per week. The foregoing notwithstanding, an individual shall not be considered an Eligible Employee if his or her participation in the Plan is prohibited by the law of any country which has jurisdiction over him or her.

(i) "Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

(j) "Fair Market Value" means the fair market value of a share of Common Stock, determined as follows:

(i) If the Common Stock was traded on any established national securities exchange, including the New York Stock Exchange or The NASDAQ Stock Market, on the date in question, then the Fair Market Value shall be equal to the closing price as quoted on such exchange (or the exchange with the greatest volume of trading in the Common Stock) on such date as reported in *The Wall Street Journal* or such other source as the Committee deems reliable; or

(ii) If the foregoing provision is not applicable, then the Fair Market Value shall be determined by the Committee in good faith on such basis as it deems appropriate.

For any date that is not a Trading Day, the Fair Market Value of a share of Common Stock for such date shall be determined by using the closing sale price for the immediately preceding Trading Day. The determination of the Fair Market Value pursuant to the foregoing provisions shall be conclusive and binding on all persons.

(k) "Offering" means the grant of options to purchase shares of Common Stock to Eligible Employees under the Plan.

(l) "Offering Date" means the first day of an Offering; provided, however, that if any Offering Date falls on a day that is not a Trading Day, then such Offering Date shall instead fall on the next Trading Day.

(m) "Offering Period" means a period with respect to which the right to purchase Common Stock may be granted to Eligible Employees under the Plan.

(n) "Participant" means an Eligible Employee who elects to participate in the Plan in accordance with the terms hereof.

(o) "Participating Company" means (i) the Company and (ii) each present or future Subsidiary designated by the Committee as a Participating Company.

(p) “Plan” means this Concentrix Corporation 2020 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, as it may be amended from time to time.

(q) “Plan Account” means the account established for each Participant.

(r) “Purchase Date” means one or more dates during an Offering on which shares of Common Stock may be purchased pursuant to the terms of the Offering; provided, however, that if any Purchase Date falls on a day that is not a Trading Day, then such Purchase Date shall instead fall on the immediately preceding Trading Day.

(s) “Purchase Period” means one or more successive periods during an Offering, beginning on the Offering Date or on the day after a Purchase Date, and ending on the next succeeding Purchase Date.

(t) “Purchase Price” means the price at which Participants may purchase shares of Common Stock under the Plan, as determined pursuant to Section 8(b).

(u) “Subsidiary” means any corporation (other than the Company) in an unbroken chain of corporations beginning with the Company, if each of the corporations other than the last corporation in the unbroken chain owns common stock, limited liability company interests, partnership interests or other equity possessing 50% or more of the total combined equity voting power in one of the other corporations in such chain.

(v) “Trading Day” means a day on which the national securities exchange on which the Common Stock is traded is open for trading.

SECTION 3 Administration of the Plan.

(a) Administrative Powers and Responsibilities. The Plan shall be administered by the Committee. The Committee shall have full power and authority, subject to the provisions of the Plan, to promulgate such rules and regulations as it deems necessary for the proper administration of the Plan, to interpret the provisions and supervise the administration of the Plan, and to take all action in connection therewith or in relation thereto as it deems necessary or advisable. Any decision reduced to writing and signed by all of the members of the Committee shall be fully effective as if it had been made at a meeting duly held. The Committee’s determinations under the Plan, unless otherwise determined by the Board, shall be final and binding on all persons. The Company shall pay all expenses incurred in the administration of the Plan. No member of the Committee shall be personally liable for any action, determination, or interpretation made in good faith with respect to the Plan, and all members of the Committee shall be fully indemnified by the Company with respect to any such action, determination or interpretation. The Committee may adopt such rules, guidelines and forms as it deems appropriate to implement the Plan. Subject to the requirements of applicable law, the Committee may designate persons other than members of the Committee to carry out its responsibilities and may prescribe such conditions and limitations as it may deem appropriate. All decisions, interpretations and other actions of the Committee shall be final and binding on all Participants and all persons deriving their rights from a Participant. No member of the Committee shall be liable for any action that he has taken or has failed to take in good faith with respect to the Plan. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan, the Board may, in its sole discretion, at any

time and from time to time, resolve to administer the Plan. In such event, the Board shall have all of the authority and responsibility granted to the Committee herein.

(b) International Administration. The Committee shall establish sub-plans (which need not qualify under Section 423 of the Code) and initiate separate Offerings through such sub-plans for the purpose of (i) facilitating participation in the Plan by non-U.S. employees in compliance with foreign laws and regulations without affecting the qualification of the remainder of the Plan under Section 423 of the Code or (ii) qualifying the Plan for preferred tax treatment under foreign tax laws (which sub-plans, at the Committee's discretion, may provide for allocations of the authorized shares reserved for issue under the Plan as set forth in Section 14(a)). The rules, guidelines and forms of such sub-plans (or the Offerings thereunder) may take precedence over other provisions of the Plan, with the exception of Section 4(a)(i), Section 5(b), Section 8(b) and Section 14(a), but unless otherwise superseded by the terms of such sub-plan, the provisions of the Plan shall govern the operation of such sub-plan.

SECTION 4 Enrollment and Participation.

(a) Offering Periods. While the Plan is in effect, the Committee may from time to time grant options to purchase shares of Common Stock pursuant to the Plan to Eligible Employees during a specified Offering Period. Each such Offering shall be in such form and shall contain such terms and conditions as the Committee shall determine, subject to compliance with the terms and conditions of the Plan (which may be incorporated by reference) and the requirements of Section 423 of the Code, including the requirement that all Eligible Employees have the same rights and privileges (except with respect to sub-plans established for the purpose of facilitating participation by non-U.S. employees). The Committee shall specify prior to the commencement of each Offering (i) the period during which the Offering shall be effective, which may not exceed 27 months from the Offering Date and may include one or more successive Purchase Periods within the Offering, (ii) the Purchase Dates and Purchase Price for shares of Common Stock which may be purchased pursuant to the Offering, and (iii) if applicable, any limits on the number of shares of Common Stock purchasable by a Participant, or by all Participants in the aggregate, during any Offering Period or, if applicable, Purchase Period, in each case consistent with the limitations of the Plan. The Committee shall have the discretion to provide for the automatic termination of an Offering following any Purchase Date on which the Fair Market Value of a share of Common Stock is equal to or less than the Fair Market Value of a share of Common Stock on the Offering Date, and for the Participants in the terminated Offering to be automatically re-enrolled in a new Offering that commences immediately after such Purchase Date. The terms and conditions of each Offering need not be identical, and shall be deemed incorporated by reference and made a part of the Plan.

(b) Enrollment. Any individual who, on the day preceding the first day of an Offering Period, qualifies as an Eligible Employee may elect to become a Participant in the Plan for such Offering Period by completing the enrollment process prescribed and communicated for this purpose from time to time by the Company to Eligible Employees. By completing the enrollment process, an Eligible Employee: (i) authorizes the applicable Participating Company to make the relevant payroll deductions from the Eligible Employee's Compensation on each applicable payday and to pay or apply such amounts to the purchase of Common Stock under the Plan; (ii) agrees to be bound by the terms of any enrollment form and the Plan; and (iii) accepts

and consents to any action taken under the Plan by the Committee, the Company or the applicable Participating Company.

(c) Duration of Participation. Once enrolled in the Plan, a Participant shall continue to participate in the Plan until he or she ceases to be an Eligible Employee or withdraws from the Plan under Section 6(a). A Participant who withdrew from the Plan under Section 6(a) may again become a Participant, if he or she then is an Eligible Employee, by following the procedure described in Section 4(b). A Participant whose employee contributions were discontinued automatically shall automatically resume participation at the beginning of the earliest Offering Period ending in the next calendar year, if he or she is then an Eligible Employee. When a Participant reaches the end of an Offering Period but his or her participation is to continue, then such Participant shall automatically be re-enrolled for the Offering Period that commences immediately after the end of the prior Offering Period.

SECTION 5 Employee Contributions.

(a) Frequency of Payroll Deductions. A Participant may purchase shares of Common Stock under the Plan solely by means of payroll deductions; provided, however, that to the extent provided in the terms and conditions of an Offering, a Participant may also make contributions through payment by cash or check prior to one or more Purchase Dates during the Offering. Payroll deductions, subject to the provisions of Section 5(b) or as otherwise provided under the terms and conditions of an Offering, shall occur on each payday during participation in the Plan.

(b) Amount of Payroll Deductions. An Eligible Employee shall designate during the enrollment process the portion of his or her Compensation that he or she elects to have withheld for the purchase of Common Stock. Such portion shall be a whole percentage of the Eligible Employee's Compensation, but not less than 1% nor more than 15% (or such lower rate of Compensation specified as the limit in the terms and conditions of the applicable Offering). Unless otherwise determined by the Committee, the amount of an Eligible Employee's Compensation that may be withheld for the purchase of Common Stock shall not exceed an amount per calendar year that is equal to the product of (x) \$25,000 multiplied by (y) the percentage of Fair Market Value utilized for the Purchase Price, as set forth in Section 8(b).

(c) Changing Withholding Rate. Unless otherwise provided under the terms and conditions of an Offering, a Participant may not increase the rate of payroll withholding during the Offering Period, but may decrease the rate of payroll withholding during the Offering Period to a whole percentage of his or her Compensation in accordance with such procedures and subject to such limitations as the Company may establish for all Participants. A Participant may also increase or decrease the rate of payroll withholding effective for a new Offering Period by submitting an authorization to change the payroll deduction rate pursuant to the process prescribed by the Company from time to time. The new withholding rate shall be a whole percentage of the Eligible Employee's Compensation consistent with Section 5(b).

(d) Discontinuing Payroll Deductions. If a Participant wishes to discontinue employee contributions entirely, he or she may do so by withdrawing from the Plan pursuant to Section 6(a). In addition, employee contributions may be discontinued automatically pursuant to Section 9(b).

SECTION 6 Withdrawal from the Plan.

(a) Withdrawal. A Participant may elect to withdraw from the Plan by giving notice pursuant to the process prescribed and communicated by the Company from time to time. Such withdrawal may be elected at any time before the last day of an Offering Period, except as otherwise provided in the Offering. In addition, if payment by cash or check is permitted under the terms and conditions of an Offering, Participants may be deemed to withdraw from the Plan by declining or failing to remit timely payment to the Company for the shares of Common Stock. As soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, payroll deductions shall cease and the entire amount credited to the Participant's Plan Account shall be refunded to him or her in cash, without interest. No partial withdrawals shall be permitted.

(b) Re-enrollment After Withdrawal. A former Participant who has withdrawn from the Plan shall not be a Participant until he or she re-enrolls in the Plan in accordance with the terms hereof. Re-enrollment may be effective only at the commencement of an Offering Period.

SECTION 7 Change in Employment Status.

(a) Termination of Employment. Termination of employment as an Eligible Employee for any reason, including death, shall be treated as an automatic withdrawal from the Plan under Section 6(a). A transfer from one Participating Company to another shall not be treated as a termination of employment.

(b) Leave of Absence. For purposes of the Plan, employment shall not be deemed to terminate when the Participant goes on a military leave, a sick leave or another bona fide leave of absence, if the leave was approved by the Company in writing. For purposes of the Plan, employment, however, shall be deemed to terminate three (3) months after the Participant goes on a leave, unless a contract or statute guarantees his or her right to return to work. Employment shall be deemed to terminate in any event when the approved leave ends, unless the Participant immediately returns to work.

(c) Death. In the event of the Participant's death, the amount credited to his or her Plan Account shall be paid to the Participant's estate.

SECTION 8 Plan Accounts and Purchase of Shares.

(a) Plan Accounts. The Company shall maintain a Plan Account on its books in the name of each Participant. Whenever an amount is deducted from the Participant's Compensation under the Plan, such amount shall be credited to the Participant's Plan Account. Amounts credited to Plan Accounts shall not be trust funds and may be commingled with the Company's general assets and applied to general corporate purposes. No interest will accrue, be credited or be paid to Participants in respect of any amounts credited to the Participant's Plan Account.

(b) Purchase Price. The Purchase Price for each share of Common Stock purchased during an Offering Period shall be the lesser of:

- (i) 95% of the Fair Market Value of such share on the Purchase Date; or
- (ii) 95% of the Fair Market Value of such share on the Offering Date.

The Committee may specify an alternative Purchase Price amount or formula in the terms and conditions of an Offering, but in no event may such amount or formula result in a Purchase Price less than that calculated pursuant to the immediately preceding formula.

(c) Number of Shares Purchased. As of each Purchase Date, each Participant shall be deemed to have elected to purchase the number of whole or fractional shares of Common Stock calculated in accordance with this Section 8(c), unless the Participant has previously elected to withdraw from the Plan in accordance with Section 6(a). The amount then in the Participant's Plan Account shall be divided by the Purchase Price and the number of whole or fractional shares that results shall be purchased from the Company with the funds in the Participant's Plan Account. Unless provided otherwise by the Committee prior to commencement of an Offering, the maximum number of shares of Common Stock which may be purchased by an individual Participant during an Offering is 500 shares. The foregoing notwithstanding, no Participant shall purchase more than such number of shares of Common Stock as may be determined by the Committee with respect to the Offering Period, or Purchase Period, if applicable, nor more than the amounts of Common Stock set forth in Sections 9(b) and 14(a). For each Offering Period and, if applicable, Purchase Period, the Committee shall have the authority to establish additional limits on the number of shares purchasable by all Participants in the aggregate.

(d) Available Shares Insufficient. In the event that the aggregate number of shares of Common Stock that all Participants elect to purchase during an Offering Period exceeds the maximum number of shares remaining available for issuance under Section 14(a), or which may be purchased pursuant to any additional aggregate limits imposed by the Committee, then the number of shares to which each Participant is entitled shall be determined by multiplying the number of shares available for issuance by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of shares that such Participant has elected to purchase and the denominator of which is the number of shares that all Participants have elected to purchase.

(e) Issuance of Common Stock. Shares may be registered in the name of the Participant or jointly in the name of the Participant and his or her spouse as joint tenants with right of survivorship or as community property.

(f) Unused Cash Balances. Any amount remaining in the Participant's Plan Account that represents the Purchase Price for whole or fractional shares that could not be purchased by reason of Section 8(c), Section 8(d), Section 9(b) or Section 14(a) shall be refunded to the Participant in cash, without interest.

(g) Stockholder Approval. The Plan shall be submitted to the stockholders of the Company for their approval within twelve (12) months after the date the Plan is adopted by the Board. Any other provision of the Plan notwithstanding, no shares of Common Stock shall be purchased under the Plan unless and until the Company's stockholders have approved the adoption of the Plan.

SECTION 9 Limitations on Stock Ownership.

(a) Five Percent Limit. Any other provision of the Plan notwithstanding, no Participant shall be granted a right to purchase Common Stock under the Plan if such Participant, immediately after his or her election to purchase such Common Stock, would own shares of Common Stock, together with any other equity interests, representing 5% or more of the total combined voting power or value of all classes of stock of the Company or any parent or Subsidiary of the Company. For purposes of this Section 9(a), the following rules shall apply:

- (i) Ownership of stock shall be determined after applying the attribution rules of Section 424(d) of the Code;
- (ii) Each Participant shall be deemed to own any stock that he or she has a right or option to purchase under this or any other plan; and
- (iii) Each Participant shall be deemed to have the right to purchase up to the maximum number of shares of Common Stock that may be purchased by a Participant under this Plan under the individual limit specified pursuant to Section 8(c) with respect to each Offering Period.

(b) Dollar Limit. Any other provision of the Plan notwithstanding, no Participant shall accrue the right to purchase Common Stock at a rate which exceeds \$25,000 of Fair Market Value of such Common Stock per calendar year (under this Plan and all other employee stock purchase plans of the Company or any parent or Subsidiary of the Company), determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 423(b)(8) of the Code and applicable Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder.

For purposes of this Section 9(b), the Fair Market Value of Common Stock shall be determined as of the beginning of the Offering Period in which such Common Stock is purchased. Employee stock purchase plans not described in Section 423 of the Code shall be disregarded, and this dollar limit shall not apply to such plans. If a Participant is precluded by this Section 9(b) from purchasing additional Common Stock under the Plan, then his or her employee contributions shall automatically be discontinued and shall resume at the beginning of the earliest Offering Period ending in the next calendar year (if he or she then is an Eligible Employee).

SECTION 10 Rights Not Transferable.

The rights of any Participant under the Plan, or any Participant's interest in any Common Stock or cash to which he or she may be entitled under the Plan, shall not be transferable by voluntary or involuntary assignment or by operation of law, or in any other manner other than by the laws of descent and distribution. If a Participant in any manner attempts to transfer, assign or otherwise encumber his or her rights or interest under the Plan, other than by the laws of descent and distribution, then such act shall be treated as an election by the Participant to withdraw from the Plan under Section 6(a).

SECTION 11 No Rights as an Employee.

Nothing in the Plan or in any right granted under the Plan shall confer upon any Eligible Employee or Participant any right to become or remain an employee of a Participating Company (or any affiliate thereof) or interfere with or otherwise restrict in any way the rights of the Participating Company (or any affiliate thereof), which rights are hereby expressly reserved, to terminate the employment of such person at any time and for any reason, with or without cause, except as otherwise restricted by applicable law.

SECTION 12 No Rights as a Stockholder.

A Participant shall have no rights as a stockholder with respect to any shares of Common Stock that he or she may have a right to purchase under the Plan unless and until such shares have been purchased on the applicable Purchase Date.

SECTION 13 Securities Law Requirements.

Shares of Common Stock shall not be issued under the Plan unless the issuance and delivery of such shares comply with (or are exempt from) all applicable requirements of law, including (without limitation) the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, state securities laws and regulations, and the regulations of any stock exchange or other securities market on which the Company's securities may then be traded, to the extent applicable.

SECTION 14 Stock Offered under the Plan.

(a) Authorized Shares. The maximum aggregate number of shares of Common Stock available for purchase under the Plan is 1,000,000 shares. The aggregate number of shares of Common Stock available for purchase under the Plan shall at all times be subject to adjustment pursuant to Section 14(b).

(b) Anti-dilution Adjustments. The aggregate number of shares of Common Stock offered under the Plan, the individual and aggregate Participant share limitations described in Section 8(c) and the price of shares that any Participant has elected to purchase shall be adjusted proportionately by the Committee in the event of any change in the number of issued shares of Common Stock (or issuance of shares other than Common Stock) by reason of any forward or reverse share split, subdivision or consolidation, or share dividend or bonus issue, recapitalization, reclassification, merger, amalgamation, consolidation, split-up, spin-off, reorganization, combination, exchange of shares of Common Stock, or any other change in corporate structure or in the event of any extraordinary distribution (whether in the form of cash, shares of Common Stock, other securities or other property).

(c) Reorganizations. Any other provision of the Plan notwithstanding, in the event of a Corporate Reorganization in which the Plan is not assumed by the surviving corporation or its parent corporation pursuant to the applicable plan of merger or consolidation, the Offering Period then in progress shall terminate immediately prior to the effective time of such Corporate Reorganization and either shares of Common Stock shall be purchased pursuant to Section 8 or,

if so determined by the Board or Committee, all amounts in all Participant Accounts shall be refunded pursuant to Section 15 without any purchase of shares of Common Stock. The Plan shall in no event be construed to restrict in any way the Company's right to undertake a dissolution, liquidation, merger, consolidation or other reorganization.

SECTION 15 Amendment or Discontinuance.

The Board or Committee shall have the right to amend, suspend or terminate the Plan at any time and without notice. Upon any such amendment, suspension or termination of the Plan during an Offering Period, the Board or Committee may in its discretion determine that the applicable Offering shall immediately terminate and that all amounts in the Participant Accounts shall be carried forward into a payroll deduction account for each Participant under a successor plan, if any, or promptly refunded to each Participant. Except as provided in Section 14, any increase in the aggregate number of shares of Common Stock to be issued under the Plan shall be subject to approval by a vote of the stockholders of the Company. In addition, any other amendment of the Plan shall be subject to approval by a vote of the stockholders of the Company to the extent required by applicable law or regulation. This Plan shall continue until the earlier to occur of (a) termination of this Plan pursuant to this Section 15 or (b) issuance of all of the shares of Common Stock reserved for issuance under this Plan.

SECTION 16 Execution.

To record the adoption of the Plan by the Board, the Company has caused its authorized officer to execute the same.

CONCENTRIX CORPORATION

By: /s/ Steven L. Richie
Name: Steven L. Richie
Title: Executive Vice President, Legal

Date: December 1, 2020

CONCENTRIX CORPORATION

INTERNATIONAL EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE PLAN

(as adopted by the Board of Directors on November 12, 2020)

(Effective on December 1, 2020)

(A Sub-Plan of the Concentrix Corporation 2020 Employee Stock Purchase Plan)

SECTION 1 Purpose of the Sub-Plan.

Concentrix Corporation (the “Company”) adopts this Concentrix Corporation International Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the “Sub-Plan”), effective as of December 1, 2020 to provide Eligible Employees (as defined below) of Participating Companies organized in jurisdictions outside of the United States (each such Participating Company, an “Employer”) with an opportunity to increase their proprietary interest in the success of the Company by purchasing Common Stock from the Company on favorable terms and to pay for such purchases through payroll deductions. The Sub-Plan is a component of the Concentrix Corporation Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the “Plan”) and subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan to the extent not provided otherwise herein. However, the Sub-Plan is not intended to qualify as an “employee stock purchase plan” under Section 423 of the Code. In the event of any inconsistency between this Sub-Plan and the Plan, the terms of the Sub-Plan prevail. Any terms that are capitalized but not otherwise defined herein shall have the respective meanings assigned to them in the Plan.

SECTION 2 Definitions.

(a) “Eligible Employee” means any employee of a Participating Company who has rendered services as an employee for at least six (6) months after the employee’s date of hire with the Company or a Participating Company and whose customary employment is for more than five (5) months per calendar year and for more than twenty (20) hours per week that the Company, in its sole discretion, determines shall receive an Invitation. The foregoing notwithstanding, an individual shall not be considered an Eligible Employee if his or her participation in the Plan is prohibited by the law of any country which has jurisdiction over him or her.

(b) “Invitation” means the written or electronic offering document inviting an Eligible Employee to participate in the Sub-Plan.

(c) “Participant” means an Eligible Employee who received an Invitation to participate in the Sub-Plan, who elects to participate in the Sub-Plan in accordance with the terms hereof.

(d) “Section” means the applicable section of this Sub-Plan, unless expressly identified as a reference to the applicable section of the Plan.

SECTION 3 Enrollment and Participation.

(a) Offering Periods. While the Sub-Plan is in effect, the Committee may from time to time, in its discretion, issue or cause to be issued an Invitation on behalf of the Company to any Eligible Employee to purchase shares of Common Stock pursuant to the Plan during a specified Offering Period. Each such Invitation shall be in such form and shall contain such terms and conditions as the Committee shall determine, subject to compliance with the terms and conditions of the Sub-Plan (which may be incorporated by reference) and the requirements of applicable law. An Invitation must be issued with an enrollment form and such explanatory or other material in respect of the Plan and Sub-Plan as the Committee or the Company in its discretion considers appropriate, or as required by applicable law. The Committee or the Company may in its absolute discretion amend an Invitation for any reason at any time prior to the enrollment deadline for the applicable Offering Period. The Committee shall specify prior to the commencement of each Offering (i) the period during which the Offering shall be effective, which may not exceed 27 months from the Offering Date and may include one or more successive Purchase Periods within the Offering, (ii) the Purchase Dates and Purchase Price for shares of Common Stock which may be purchased pursuant to the Offering, and (iii) if applicable, any limits on the number of shares purchasable by a Participant, or by all Participants in the aggregate, during any Offering Period or, if applicable, Purchase Period, in each case consistent with the limitations of the Sub-Plan. The Committee shall have the discretion to provide for the automatic termination of an Offering following any Purchase Date on which the Fair Market Value of a share of Common Stock is equal to or less than the Fair Market Value of a share of Common Stock on the Offering Date, and for the Participants in the terminated Offering to be automatically re-enrolled in a new Offering that commences immediately after such Purchase Date. The terms and conditions of each Offering need not be identical, and shall be deemed incorporated by reference and made a part of the Sub-Plan.

(b) Enrollment. Any individual who, on the day preceding the first day of an Offering Period, qualifies as an Eligible Employee may elect to become a Participant in the Sub-Plan for such Offering Period in response to an Invitation by returning a duly completed enrollment form on or before the relevant enrollment deadline. By returning a duly completed enrollment form, an Eligible Employee: (i) authorizes his or her Employer to make the relevant payroll deductions from the Eligible Employee's Compensation on each applicable payday and to pay or apply such amounts to the purchase of Common Stock under the Sub-Plan; (ii) agrees to be bound by the terms of the Invitation, the enrollment form, the Plan and the Sub-Plan; and (iii) accepts and consents to any action taken under the Sub-Plan by the Committee, the Company or the Employer.

(c) Duration of Participation. Once enrolled in the Sub-Plan, a Participant shall continue to participate in the Sub-Plan until he or she ceases to be an Eligible Employee or withdraws from the Plan. A Participant who remains an Eligible Employee through an Offering Period shall be deemed to remain a Participant in the immediately following Offering Period unless the Company, in its sole discretion, determines that the Participant is no longer an Eligible Employee. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a Participant ceases to be an Eligible Employee due to a transfer of employment to the Company or another Subsidiary, then no further payroll deductions will be made on behalf of the Participant under the Sub-Plan, the amount credited to the Participant's Plan Account shall be applied to the purchase of whole shares of Common

Stock on the applicable Purchase Date, and any balance credited to the Participant's Plan Account shall be returned to the Participant in one lump sum payment as soon as practicable thereafter, without any interest thereon. After such purchase, the Participant shall cease to participate in the Sub-Plan. A Participant who withdrew from the Plan may again become a Participant, if he or she then is an Eligible Employee, by following the procedure described in Section 3(b). Termination of employment as an Eligible Employee for any reason, including death, shall be treated as an automatic withdrawal from the Plan under Section 6 of the Plan.

(d) Dollar Limit. Any other provision of the Sub-Plan notwithstanding, no Participant shall accrue the right to purchase Common Stock at a rate which exceeds \$25,000 of Fair Market Value of such Common Stock per calendar year (under this Plan and all other employee stock purchase plans of the Company or any parent or Subsidiary of the Company). For purposes of this Section 3(d), the Fair Market Value of Common Stock shall be determined as of the beginning of the Offering Period in which such Common Stock is purchased. If a Participant is precluded by this Section 3(d) from purchasing additional Common Stock under the Plan, then his or her employee contributions shall automatically be discontinued and shall resume at the beginning of the earliest Offering Period ending in the next calendar year (if he or she then is an Eligible Employee).

SECTION 4 Employee Contributions.

(a) Frequency of Payroll Deductions. A Participant may purchase shares of Common Stock under the Plan solely by means of payroll deductions; provided, however, that to the extent provided in the terms and conditions of an Offering, a Participant may also make contributions through payment by cash or check prior to one or more Purchase Dates during the Offering. Payroll deductions, subject to the provisions of Section 4(b) or as otherwise provided under the terms and conditions of an Offering, shall occur on each payday during participation in the Plan.

(b) Amount of Payroll Deductions. An Eligible Employee shall designate during the enrollment process the portion of his or her Compensation that he or she elects to have withheld for the purchase of Common Stock. Such portion shall be a whole percentage of the Eligible Employee's Compensation, but not less than 1% nor more than 15% (or such lower rate of Compensation specified as the limit in the terms and conditions of the applicable Offering). Unless otherwise determined by the Committee, the amount of an Eligible Employee's Compensation that may be withheld for the purchase of Common Stock shall not exceed an amount per calendar year that is equal to the product of (x) \$25,000 multiplied by (y) the percentage of Fair Market Value utilized for the Purchase Price, as set forth in Section 8(b) of the Plan, as such limit is converted into the applicable local currency in accordance with Section 5(b).

(c) Changing Withholding Rate. Unless otherwise provided under the terms and conditions of an Offering, a Participant may not increase the rate of payroll withholding during the Offering Period, but may decrease the rate of payroll withholding during the Offering Period to a whole percentage of his or her Compensation in accordance with such procedures and subject to such limitations as the Company may establish for all Participants. A Participant may also increase or decrease the rate of payroll withholding effective for a new Offering Period by submitting an authorization to change the payroll deduction rate pursuant to the process

prescribed by the Company from time to time. The new withholding rate shall be a whole percentage of the Eligible Employee's Compensation consistent with Section 4(b).

(d) Discontinuing Payroll Deductions. If a Participant wishes to discontinue employee contributions entirely, he or she may do so by withdrawing from the Plan pursuant to Section 6 of the Plan. In addition, employee contributions may be discontinued automatically as provided in Section 3(d).

(e) Plan Account. Pending purchase of shares of Common Stock in accordance with Section 5, a Participant's accumulated contributions will be credited to a Plan Account on behalf of the Participant in the local currency in which the Participant's salary is paid. The Participant's Employer may, but is not obligated to, establish a bank or other custodial account to hold contributions pending application to the purchase of Common Stock. However, amounts credited to Plan Accounts shall not be trust funds and may be commingled with the Employer's or the Company's general assets and applied to general corporate purposes. No interest will accrue, be credited or be paid to Participants in respect of any amounts credited to the Participant's Plan Account.

SECTION 5 Conversion of Plan Account into U.S. Currency.

(a) Conversion to U.S. Dollars. For the purposes of determining the number of shares of Common Stock subject to purchase by a Participant on a Purchase Date, the amount accumulated as of the relevant Purchase Date and credited to the Participant's Plan Account on such Purchase Date shall be converted from local currency into U.S. currency on the relevant Purchase Date or such other time as the Company, in its discretion, may reasonably establish, and at the exchange rate utilized on the Company's general ledger, or at such other exchange rate, as the Company, in its discretion, may reasonably utilize.

(b) Conversion to Local Currency. If an Employer returns to a Participant any amounts credited to the Participant's Plan Account, it must do so in the Participant's local currency (converted, if necessary, at such time as the Company, in its discretion, may reasonably establish and at the exchange rate utilized on the Company's general ledger or such other exchange rate as the Company, in its discretion, may reasonably utilize).

SECTION 6 Miscellaneous.

(a) Effect of Addenda. From time to time, the Committee may adopt one or more country-specific addenda for the purpose of specifying additional or different terms and conditions applicable to Eligible Employees of Employers located in the relevant country. In case of any conflict between the provisions in the body of the Sub-Plan and the provision in the applicable addendum, the terms of the addendum govern.

(b) Effect of Certain Plan Terms.

(i) Sections 4, 5, 7(a), 8(a) and 9(b) of the Plan do not apply to the Sub-Plan.

- (ii) Any adjustments to shares of Common Stock provided under Section 14(b) of the Plan, including any changes to the Purchase Price, Purchase Date or number of shares of Common Stock, shall be subject to applicable law.
- (iii) All Sections of the Plan not identified in Section 2 or this Section 6(b) apply to the Sub-Plan as if set forth verbatim herein.

(c) No Retention Rights. No provision in the Plan, Sub-Plan or any Invitation available under the Sub-Plan shall be construed to give any Eligible Employee or Participant any right to become or remain an employee of an Employer (or any affiliate thereof) or interfere with or restrict in any way the rights of an Employer (or applicable affiliate thereof), which rights are expressly reserved, to terminate the employment of such person at any time and for any reason, with or without cause, except as otherwise restricted by applicable law.

(d) No Guaranty of Gain. None of the Company, its Subsidiaries or the Employer guaranties that the value of Common Stock will increase during or after the Offering Period. Among other factors, the value of Common Stock to a Participant varies according to its demand on the stock market and changes in the exchange rate between the applicable local currency and the U.S. dollar.

(e) Waiver. No failure, delay or indulgence by a party in exercising any power or right under the Sub-Plan will operate as a waiver of such power or right. No single exercise of any power or right under the Sub-Plan will preclude any other or future exercise of that (or any other) power or right.

(f) Severability. If any provision of the Sub-Plan is rendered void, unenforceable or otherwise ineffective, such avoidance, unenforceability or ineffectiveness will not affect the enforceability of the remaining provisions of this Sub-Plan or any provision of the Plan.

SECTION 7 Execution.

To record the adoption of the Sub-Plan by the Board, the Company has caused its authorized officer to execute the same.

CONCENTRIX CORPORATION

By: /s/ Steven L. Richie
Name: Steven L. Richie
Title: Executive Vice President, Legal

Date: December 1, 2020



SECURITIES TRADING POLICY

Our Commitment

In everything we do, we believe in doing right by and for people – our clients, their customers, our game-changers, our shareholders, our communities, and our planet. To support our commitment to act with integrity at all times and to promote compliance with all applicable laws and regulations, this Securities Trading Policy (“**Policy**”) restricts the time and manner in which our game-changers, senior management, members of our Board of Directors, and other related persons can trade in securities.

Application of this Policy

This Policy applies to all game-changers, including all members of senior management, of Concentrix Corporation and its subsidiaries (together, the “**Company**”), as well as all members of the Company’s Board of Directors (the “**Board**”). In this Policy, we refer to our game-changers and Board members as “**Insiders**.”

General Restrictions

Trading on the Basis of Material Non-Public Information. Insiders are not permitted to trade, directly or indirectly (*i.e.*, through other persons or entities), in the Company’s securities if they are in possession of Material Non-Public Information. The reason for the trade is not relevant and exigent circumstances will not excuse trades in violation of this Policy. Insider trades may be viewed after the fact with the benefit of hindsight and, if you have any doubt about whether you are permitted to trade, you should contact the Legal Department or refrain from trading.

This Policy’s restriction on trading while in possession of Material Non-Public Information also applies to trading in securities of other companies for which you may have Material Non-Public Information as a result of your role with the Company. Such companies could include the Company’s clients, suppliers, or other business partners.

Tipping. Insiders are prohibited from providing Material Non-Public Information to others who may use it for trading purposes, otherwise take advantage of, or enable others to take advantage of, Material Non-Public Information. This practice, known as “tipping”, can result in liability under insider trading laws for providing Material Non-Public Information to others even if you derive no financial benefit from the other individual’s trading activity.

Blackout Periods. From time to time, the Company may prohibit Insiders from trading Company securities because of Material Non-Public Information known to the Company and not yet disclosed to the public. This Policy refers to the periods in which Insiders are prohibited from trading as “**Blackout Periods**.” Blackout Periods may apply to all Insiders (such as Blackout Periods that occur quarterly) or to a limited group of Insiders with knowledge of the Material Non-Public Information (“**Special Blackout Periods**”). The Legal Department will notify you if you are subject to a Special Blackout Period and when the Special Blackout Period begins and

ends. During a Blackout Period or Special Blackout Period, affected Insiders are prohibited from trading in any Company securities or disclosing to others the existence or circumstances of the Blackout Period or Special Blackout Period.

All Insiders are subject to quarterly Blackout Periods that extend from the public release of each quarterly earning press release or other material news announcement by the Company until two (2) full trading days after the release. For example, if the Company issues its quarterly earnings release after the stock market closes on a Monday, all Insiders will be prohibited from trading on Tuesday and Wednesday. If the Company issues its quarterly earnings release before the stock market opens on a Monday, all Insiders will be prohibited from trading on Monday and Tuesday.

Other Prohibited Transactions

Hedging Transactions. Insiders are prohibited from engaging in any hedging or monetization transactions with respect to the Company's securities, including, but not limited to, through the use of financial instruments such as exchange funds, prepaid variable forwards, equity swaps, puts, calls, collars, forwards, and other derivative instruments, or through the establishment of a short position in the Company's securities. These transactions can enable an Insider to continue to own Company securities without the actual risks and rewards of ownership and may create a conflict between the interests of the Insider and the interests of our shareholders.

Purchases of Company Securities on Margin. Insiders may not borrow from a brokerage firm, bank, or other entity in order to buy Company securities (other than in connection with a so-called "cashless exercise" of stock options).

Trading in Company Securities on a Short-Term Basis. All Insiders are strongly encouraged to hold Company securities for at least six months and refrain from short-term speculation in the price of Company securities. Restricted Insiders (as defined below) are prohibited from purchasing and selling Company securities in the open market within the same six-month period.

Additional Restrictions on Certain Insiders

All Board members, all members of the Company's Senior Executive Team, and certain other staff members designated by the Company's Legal Department are known as "***Restricted Insiders***" and are subject to additional trading restrictions under this Policy. You will be designated as a Restricted Insider if you are in a position to have regular access to Material Non-Public Information. You will be notified of your status as a Restricted Insider for purposes of this Policy by the Legal Department.

Pre-Clearance of Trades. Restricted Insiders must obtain pre-clearance in writing from the Company's Executive Vice President, Legal, Senior Vice President, Legal, Global Vice President, Corporate Governance or Vice President, Corporate Governance for all trades in Company securities, including purchases, sales and stock option exercises. Pre-clearance expires at the end of trading on the fifth (5th) trading day following the date of the request and must be renewed by the Restricted Insider to be valid thereafter. If you are in doubt as to whether or not pre-clearance is required, contact the Company's Executive Vice President, Legal, Senior Vice President, Legal, Global Vice President, Corporate Governance, or Vice President, Corporate Governance or obtain pre-clearance as a cautionary measure. Pre-clearance does not relieve

Restricted Insiders of their responsibility to comply with this Policy and applicable insider trading laws.

The Company may request that a Restricted Insider submit a copy of any trade order or confirmation relating to the transaction of Company securities within one business day of any such transaction.

Quarterly Blackout Periods. All Restricted Insiders are subject to a quarterly Blackout Period and prohibited from trading in Company securities beginning on the first day of the third month of the fiscal quarter and ending two full trading days after the release of the Company's quarterly earning press release.

401(k) Plan Blackout Periods. Consistent with Regulation BTR under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, all members of the Board and officers of the Company will be prohibited from trading Company securities during any blackout period (as described in Regulation BTR) applicable to the Company's 401(k) Plan.

Transactions by Family Members

The restrictions of this Policy apply to the immediate family members of Insiders (*e.g.*, spouse, domestic partner, minor children, college students) and others living in an Insider's household, as well as any family members that do not live in an Insider's household but whose transactions in Company securities are directed by an Insider or are subject to the influence or control of an Insider (*e.g.*, parents or children who consult with an Insider before they trade in Company securities). The restrictions of this Policy also apply to any trusts, estates, or other entities over which an Insider exercises control or in which they have any beneficial interest. Insiders are expected to be responsible for the compliance of their immediate family members and personal household.

10b5-1 Trading Plans

Under U.S. securities laws, trades that are made pursuant to a Trading Plan that is adopted in good faith at a time when the Insider was not aware of Material Non-Public Information and complies with the requirements of Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act provide an affirmative defense against claims of insider trading. The adoption of, and any material amendment or termination of, a Trading Plan by an Insider must be pre-approved in writing by the Company's Executive Vice President, Legal, Senior Vice President, Legal, or Global Vice President, Corporate Governance for compliance with Rule 10b5-1.

In addition to complying with all applicable restrictions of Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act, a Trading Plan must comply with the guidelines in Exhibit A to this Policy.

Trades that are effected pursuant to the terms of a pre-approved Trading Plan are not subject to individual pre-clearance as the Insider will not have discretion regarding the trades once the Trading Plan is adopted.

Section 16 Insiders

Under Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act, members of the Board, certain executive officers of the Company, and any person owning more than ten percent of any registered class of the Company's equity securities (each, a "**Section 16 Insider**") must file with the SEC public reports (e.g., Forms 3, 4 and 5) disclosing their holdings of and transactions involving the Company's equity securities.

All changes in the amount or the form (i.e., direct or indirect) of beneficial ownership (not just purchases and sales) of a Section 16 Insider must be reported. Bona fide gifts of equity securities are reportable.

All Section 16 Insiders are required to promptly to notify the Legal Department of any transactions or changes in their or their family members' beneficial ownership involving Company stock and to avail themselves of the assistance available from the Legal Department in satisfying the reporting requirements.

Violations of this Policy

Insiders who violate this Policy are subject to disciplinary action, including possible termination of employment for cause. Violations of this Policy can also result in violations of insider trading laws, which could lead to serious legal consequences, including significant jail terms and monetary fines or penalties.

Any action on the part of the Company, the Company's Legal Department, or any other game-changer pursuant to this Policy does not in any way constitute legal advice or insulate an Insider from liability under applicable securities laws.

Further Information

Any Insider who has questions about this Policy or the permissibility of specific transactions should contact the Company's Legal Department. Remember, however, that you have the ultimate responsibility for your compliance with this Policy and the laws regarding insider trading. You should always use your best judgment and, if you have doubts about a particular transaction, you should refrain from trading.

Governance

This Policy was approved by the Concentrix Corporation Board of Directors effective September 19, 2024.

Subsidiaries of the Company
(as of November 30, 2024)

<u>Name of Subsidiary</u>	<u>Jurisdiction of Organization</u>
ABC Consulting S.A.	Argentina
Beijing Jumeng Technology Development Ltd.	China
Bin Call Services Joint Stock Company	Turkey
C Automobile Services France	France
CCS France	France
Chongqing Jumeng Technologies Development Ltd.	China
CNX Services Jamaica Limited	Jamaica
CNXC Services Curaçao B.V.	Curacao
Concentrix (Canada) Limited	Ontario
Concentrix (Suzhou) Data Services Co. Ltd.	China
Concentrix (Suzhou) Information Consulting Co., Ltd.	China
Concentrix Afrique	Morocco
Concentrix Agadir	Morocco
Concentrix Austria GmbH	Austria
Concentrix Beteiligungen GmbH	Germany
Concentrix BPO Consulting Peru S.A.C.	Peru
Concentrix Brasil Terceirizacao de Processos, Servicos Administrativos e Tecnologia Empresarial Ltda	Brazil
Concentrix Business Services UK Limited	United Kingdom
Concentrix Caen France	France
Concentrix Catalyst Canada, Inc.	British Columbia
Concentrix Catalyst Co., Ltd	Japan
Concentrix Catalyst France	France
Concentrix Catalyst FZCO	United Arab Emirates
Concentrix Catalyst Holdings Pty. Ltd.	Australia
Concentrix Catalyst LTD	United Kingdom
Concentrix Catalyst MX Holdings LLC	Delaware
Concentrix Catalyst Pty. Ltd.	Australia
Concentrix Catalyst Technologies Private Limited	India
Concentrix Catalyst Technology Mexico, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
Concentrix Catalyst USA Holdings, LLC	Nevada
Concentrix Conseil France	France
Concentrix Contact Center	Morocco
Concentrix Corporation	Delaware
Concentrix Costa Rica, S.A.	Costa Rica
Concentrix CRM Colombia S.A.S	Colombia
Concentrix CRM Services Germany GmbH	Germany
Concentrix CRM Services UK Limited	United Kingdom
Concentrix Customer Services Joint Stock Company	Turkey
Concentrix CVG (Mauritius) Ltd	Mauritius
Concentrix CVG Brite Voice Systems, LLC	Kansas
Concentrix CVG CMG Canada ULC	Nova Scotia
Concentrix CVG CMG Insurance Services LLC	Ohio

Concentrix CVG CMG UK Limited	United Kingdom
Concentrix CVG Contact Tunisie S.A.R.L.	Tunisia
Concentrix CVG Corporation	Delaware
Concentrix CVG Customer Management Australia Pty. Ltd.	Australia
Concentrix CVG Customer Management Colombia S.A.S.	Colombia
Concentrix CVG Customer Management Delaware LLC	Delaware
Concentrix CVG Customer Management Group Canada Holding Inc.	Delaware
Concentrix CVG Customer Management Group Inc.	Ohio
Concentrix CVG Customer Management Group Inc. Costa Rica Branch	Costa Rica
Concentrix CVG Customer Management International Inc.	Ohio
Concentrix CVG Delaware Inc.	Delaware
Concentrix CVG Delaware International Inc.	Delaware
Concentrix CVG Delaware International Inc. French Branch	France
Concentrix CVG Egypt Limited Liability Company	Egypt
Concentrix CVG France S.A.R.L.	France
Concentrix CVG Funding Inc.	Kentucky
Concentrix CVG Global Services El Salvador, S.A. de C.V.	El Salvador
Concentrix CVG Global Services Honduras, S.A.	Honduras
Concentrix CVG Global Services Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong
Concentrix CVG Government Solutions LLC	Ohio
Concentrix CVG Group Limited	United Kingdom
Concentrix CVG Holding LLC	Delaware
Concentrix CVG Intelligent Contact Limited	United Kingdom
Concentrix CVG International Holding B.V. (Branch)	Dominican Republic
Concentrix CVG International Nordic AB	Sweden
Concentrix CVG International sp. z o.o.	Poland
Concentrix CVG Ireland Contact Services Limited	Ireland
Concentrix CVG Ireland Limited	Ireland
Concentrix CVG Italy S.R.L.	Italy
Concentrix CVG LLC	Texas
Concentrix CVG Malaysia (Philippines) SDN. BHD.	Malaysia
Concentrix CVG Malaysia (Philippines) SDN. BHD. Philippine Branch	Philippines
Concentrix CVG Malaysia SDN. BHD.	Malaysia
Concentrix CVG Philippines, Inc.	Philippines
Concentrix CVG Services Denmark ApS	Denmark
Concentrix CVG Services Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
Concentrix CVG Services Singapore Pte. Ltd. ROHQ	Philippines
Concentrix CVG Servicios Informáticos, S.L.	Spain
Concentrix CVG Singapore Holdings Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
Concentrix CVG Singapore Holdings Pte. Ltd. ROHQ	Philippines
Concentrix CVG South Africa (Pty) Ltd	South Africa
Concentrix CVG Tunisie BPO S.A.R.L.	Tunisia
Concentrix CX (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Thailand
Concentrix CX Australia Pty. Ltd.	Australia
Concentrix CX France	France

Concentrix CX Technologies Ltd	Ghana
Concentrix CX UK Limited	United Kingdom
Concentrix CyberProtect US, Inc.	Delaware
Concentrix Czech Republic, s.r.o.	Czech Republic
Concentrix d.o.o. Beograd	Serbia
Concentrix Daksh Services India Private Limited	India
Concentrix Daksh Services Philippines Corporation	Philippines
Concentrix Denmark A/S	Denmark
Concentrix Digital Services Limited	United Kingdom
Concentrix Duisburg GmbH	Germany
Concentrix Düsseldorf GmbH	Germany
Concentrix Estonia Oü	Estonia
Concentrix Europe Limited	United Kingdom
Concentrix Fes	Morocco
Concentrix Finland OY	Finland
Concentrix Fontenay Le Comte France	France
Concentrix Frankfurt a. M. GmbH	Germany
Concentrix Free Trade Zone, S.A.	Costa Rica
Concentrix Germany GmbH	Germany
Concentrix Global Services GmbH	Germany
Concentrix Global Services Inc.	Delaware
Concentrix Global Services Inc. Philippine Branch	Philippines
Concentrix Gray France	France
Concentrix GRC	Morocco
Concentrix Greece Single Member Limited Liability Company	Greece
Concentrix Halle GmbH	Germany
Concentrix Health Management Services, Inc.	Philippines
Concentrix Healthcare Services LLC	Delaware
Concentrix Healthcare Services LLC Philippine Branch	Philippines
Concentrix HK Limited	Hong Kong
Concentrix Holding Germany GmbH	Germany
Concentrix Human Resource Consultancy and Support Services Joint Stock Company	Turkey
Concentrix India Private Limited	India
Concentrix International Colombia S.A.S	Colombia
Concentrix International Europe B.V.	Netherlands
Concentrix International GmbH	Germany
Concentrix Investment Holdings Singapore 3 Pte.Ltd.	Singapore
Concentrix Investments Europe B.V.	Netherlands
Concentrix Israel Ltd	Israel
Concentrix IT Services Sweden AB	Sweden
Concentrix KYC Services	France
Concentrix Legal Services Co., Ltd (Branch- Hochiminh City)	Vietnam
Concentrix Legal Services Co., Ltd.	Vietnam
Concentrix Leipzig GmbH	Germany
Concentrix Lisboa, Unipessoal LDA	Portugal

CONCENTRIX LOGBOX USA INC.	New York
Concentrix Madagascar	Madagascar
Concentrix Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia
Concentrix Management Holding GmbH & Co. KG	Germany
Concentrix Management Service (UK) LTD	United Kingdom
Concentrix Maroc	Morocco
Concentrix Marrakech	Morocco
Concentrix Medica Customer Expérience France	France
Concentrix Medica UK LTD	United Kingdom
Concentrix Meknes	Morocco
Concentrix Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
Concentrix Montcau France	France
Concentrix Multimedia	Morocco
Concentrix Münster GmbH	Germany
Concentrix Nederland B.V.	Netherlands
Concentrix Netherlands Customer Contact Performance Group B.V.	Netherlands
Concentrix Netherlands Holding B.V.	Netherlands
Concentrix Nicaragua S.A.	Nicaragua
Concentrix Norte, Unipessoal LDA	Portugal
Concentrix Norway AS	Norway
Concentrix Norway Consulting AS	Norway
Concentrix O2C Holding	France
Concentrix Oeiras, Unipessoal Lda	Portugal
Concentrix Osnabrück GmbH	Germany
Concentrix Payment Services Benelux	Belgium
Concentrix Payment Services Deutschland GmbH	Germany
Concentrix Payment Services Espana S.A.U	Spain
Concentrix Payment Services Espana S.A.U. Sucrsal Em Portugal	Portugal
Concentrix Payment Services France SAS	France
Concentrix Payment Services France SAS (Italy Branch)	Italy
Concentrix Payment Services Italia S.R.L.	Italy
Concentrix Payment Services Technology France	France
Concentrix Payment Services UK Limited	United Kingdom
Concentrix Prestations France	France
Concentrix Receivables, Inc.	Delaware
Concentrix Rechenzentrum GmbH	Germany
Concentrix Romania S.R.L.	Romania
Concentrix S.A.S. France	France
Concentrix Schweiz AG (English: Concentrix Switzerland AG)	Switzerland
Concentrix Schwerin GmbH	Germany
Concentrix Services	Morocco
Concentrix Services (Dalian) Co., Ltd.	China
Concentrix Services (Dalian) Co., Ltd. Shanghai Branch	China
Concentrix Services (Georgia) LLC	Georgia
Concentrix Services (Germany) GmbH	Germany

Concentrix Services (Ireland) Limited	Ireland
Concentrix Services (Netherlands) B.V.	Netherlands
Concentrix Services (New Zealand) Limited	New Zealand
Concentrix Services (Saudi Arabia) Corporation LLC	Saudi Arabia
Concentrix Services (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Thailand
Concentrix Services (Uruguay) S.A.	Uruguay
Concentrix Services Albania Shpk	Albania
Concentrix Services B.V.	Netherlands
Concentrix Services B.V. Philippine Branch	Philippines
Concentrix Services Bulgaria EOOD	Bulgaria
Concentrix Services Ghana LTD	Ghana
Concentrix Services GmbH	Germany
Concentrix Services Greece S.M.S.A.	Greece
Concentrix Services Hungary Kft.	Hungary
Concentrix Services India Private Limited	India
Concentrix Services Korea Limited	Korea, Republic Of
Concentrix Services LLC	Croatia
Concentrix Services Mexico, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
Concentrix Services Philippines, Inc.	Philippines
Concentrix Services Portugal, Sociedade Unipessoal, LDA	Portugal
Concentrix Services Pty Ltd ROHQ	Philippines
Concentrix Services Pty. Ltd.	Australia
Concentrix Services Slovakia s.r.o.	Slovakia
Concentrix Services UK Limited	United Kingdom
Concentrix Services US, Inc.	Delaware
Concentrix Servicios Colombia S.A.S	Colombia
Concentrix SFIA France	France
Concentrix Slovakia s.r.o.	Slovakia
Concentrix Software Technologies (HK) Limited	Hong Kong
Concentrix Solutions Corporation	New York
Concentrix South Africa (Pty) Ltd	South Africa
Concentrix Spain Business Process Outsourcing, S.L.	Spain
Concentrix Spain Holding, S.L.	Spain
Concentrix SREV Bulgaria EOOD	Bulgaria
Concentrix SREV Delaware, Inc.	Delaware
Concentrix SREV Europe Limited	Ireland
Concentrix SREV Europe UK Limited	United Kingdom
Concentrix SREV Japan G.K.	Japan
Concentrix SREV Malaysia SDN. BHD.	Malaysia
Concentrix SREV Philippines, Inc.	Philippines
Concentrix SREV Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
Concentrix SREV, Inc.	Delaware
Concentrix Succursale Maroc	Morocco
Concentrix Succurslae CI (Ivory Coast Branch)	Cote D'Ivoire
Concentrix Sun Portugal Lda	Portugal

Concentrix Sweden AB	Sweden
Concentrix Technologies (India) Private Limited	India
Concentrix Technologies Services (Canada) ULC	Nova Scotia
Concentrix Technopolis	Morocco
Concentrix TSC UK LTD	United Kingdom
Concentrix UK Holdings LTD	United Kingdom
Concentrix UK Trading LTD	United Kingdom
Concentrix University France	France
Concentrix University Maroc	Morocco
Concentrix US Holdings, Inc.	Delaware
Concentrix Verwaltungs GmbH	Austria
Concentrix VN Technologies Services Company Limited	Vietnam
Concentrix Wuppertal GmbH	Germany
Convergys Customer Management International Inc. - Regional Operating Headquarters	Philippines
Convergys Holdings (GB) Limited	United Kingdom
Convergys Holdings (UK) Limited	United Kingdom
Convergys India Services Private Limited	India
Convergys International Inc.	Delaware
Customer Contact Management Group B.V.	Netherlands
Dalian Jumeng Information Services Ltd.	China
Dalian Jumeng Technologies Development Ltd.	China
Dalian Jumeng Technologies Development Ltd. Jinzhou Branch	China
Direct Medica Iberica S.L.	Spain
DMHP Direct Medica Portugal, Lda	Portugal
Encore Receivable Management, Inc. (Philippines Branch)	Philippines
Encore Receivable Management, Inc (Costa Rica Branch)	Costa Rica
Encore Receivable Management, Inc.	Kansas
Encore Receivable Management, Inc. Sucursal Colombia	Colombia
eTelecare Philippines, Inc.	Philippines
Experts Colombia SAS	Colombia
EXQ Service LLC	Kosovo
Foshan Jumeng Information Technology Service Co., Ltd.	China
Getcom International SA de CV	El Salvador
Go Beyond Services LTD	United Kingdom
Gobeyond Partners Asia Limited	Hong Kong
Grupo Services SA	Brazil
Guiyang Jumeng Technology Development Ltd.	China
Intervoice Acquisition Subsidiary, Inc.	Nevada
Intervoice GmbH	Germany
Intervoice GP, Inc.	Nevada
Intervoice Limited	United Kingdom
Intervoice Limited Partnership	Nevada
Intervoice LP, Inc.	Nevada
Inversiones Xperts Guatemala SA	Guatemala
IQ-to-Link GmbH (Kosovo Branch)	Kosovo

Japan Concentrix KK	Japan
Kayni.com S.A.C.	Peru
KeepAppy Limited	Ireland
Les Services Webhelp Inc.	Quebec
Marnix French ParentCo S.A.S.	France
Marnix French TopCo S.A.S.	France
Marnix Lux S.A.	Luxembourg
Marnix S.A.S.	France
Netino Madagascar	Madagascar
Netino S.A.S.	France
Onelink Guatemala SA	Guatemala
Onelink Mexico S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
Onelink Nicaragua SA	Nicaragua
Onelink SA de CV	El Salvador
Onelink SAS	Colombia
Onelink Servicios S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
Onelink Solutions Guatemala SA	Guatemala
OSYRIS S.à r.l.	Luxembourg
Patientys S.A.S.	France
Pitech Plus SA	Romania
PT Concentrix Services Indonesia	Indonesia
PT Convergys Customer Management Indonesia	Indonesia
PT. Concentrix Services Indonesia, Yogyakarta	Indonesia
RH-T SA de CV	El Salvador
Righthead GmbH	Germany
SCGS (Malaysia) SDN. BHD.	Malaysia
Sellbytel Group (Branch)	South Africa
Sellbytel Group Tunisie S.à r.l	Tunisia
Sellbytel Marketing Services India Private Limited	India
Services Assessoria Digital Ltda	Brazil
Services Tech Experience Inovação e tecnologia em relacionamento Ltda	Brazil
ServiceSource Europe Ltd. (UK Branch)	United Kingdom
ServiceSource International Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong
SGS Holdings, Inc.	Delaware
Shenzhen Shunrong Telecommunication Technologies Ltd	China
Sichuan 86Bridge Information Technology Ltd.	China
Solvencia S.A.S.	France
Stacelet Holding B.V.	Netherlands
Stream Florida Inc.	Delaware
Stream Global Services, Inc.	Delaware
Stream Holdings Corporation	Delaware
Suzhou Ke Wei Xun Information Services Co., Ltd.	China
Teknofix Telecommunication and Information Services Joint Stock Company	Turkey
Telecats B.V.	Netherlands
Telenamic N.V.	Suriname

Tetel SA de CV	El Salvador
The Global Email Trustee Limited	United Kingdom
Transactel Honduras S.A. de C.V.	Honduras
UAB Webhelp LT	Lithuania
Velami Holdings Corporation	Philippines
Vietnam Concentrix Services Company Limited	Vietnam
Webhelp (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Thailand
Webhelp Albania Shpk	Albania
Webhelp Algérie SPA	Algeria
Webhelp Americas LLC	Delaware
Webhelp Arabia Telecommunication Company LLC	Saudi Arabia
Webhelp Australia Pty. Ltd.	Australia
Webhelp Benin	Benin
Webhelp BH d.o.o. Sarajevo	Bosnia-Herzegovina
Webhelp Brasil Participações LTDA	Brazil
Webhelp Bulgaria EOOD	Bulgaria
Webhelp California Inc.	California
Webhelp Colombia SAS	Colombia
Webhelp Company Severna	Republic of North Macedonia
Webhelp Compiègne S.A.S.	France
Webhelp Côte d'Ivoire	Cote D'Ivoire
Webhelp Egypt LLC	Egypt
Webhelp Enterprise Sales Solutions Italy S.r.l.	Italy
Webhelp Holding Germany GmbH (Slovenia Branch)	Slovenia
Webhelp Japan KK	Japan
Webhelp Kosovo L.L.C.	Kosovo
Webhelp L.L.C. (Jordan)	Jordan
Webhelp Latvia SIA	Latvia
Webhelp Malaga S.L.U.	Spain
Webhelp Medica S.A.S.	France
Webhelp Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
Webhelp New Generation Lisbon Unipessoal Lda	Portugal
Webhelp Peru S.A.C.	Peru
Webhelp Philippines, Inc.	Philippines
Webhelp Poland Sp. z o.o.	Poland
Webhelp Romania SRL	Romania
Webhelp SAS, Sucursal em Portugal	Portugal
Webhelp SAS, Sucursal en Espana	Spain
Webhelp Sénégal SASU	Senegal
Webhelp SFIA, Sucursal em Portugal	Portugal
Webhelp SIA	Latvia
Webhelp Succursale Sénégal	Senegal
Webhelp Sun Holding GmbH	Germany
Webhelp US LLC	Delaware
Webhelp USA Group Inc	Delaware

Webhelp USA LLC
Webhelp Vitré S.A.S.
WGE S.A.S.
WH Abidjan LeWorkshop
WowHoldCo S.A.S.
WTG S.A.S.
Xi'an Jumeng Technologies Development Ltd
Xperts Nicaragua SA

Delaware
France
France
Cote D'Ivoire
France
France
China
Nicaragua

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statements (Nos. 333-278190 and 333-273277) on Form S-3 and the registration statements (Nos. 333-251003, 333-262184, 333-262187, 333-269412, 333-277592 and 333-282946) on Form S-8 of our report dated January 28, 2025, with respect to the consolidated financial statements and financial statement Schedule II: Valuation and Qualifying Accounts of Concentrix Corporation and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Cincinnati, Ohio
January 28, 2025

SECTION 302 CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

I, Christopher Caldwell, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Concentrix Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

January 28, 2025

/s/ Christopher Caldwell

President and Chief Executive Officer

SECTION 302 CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

I, Andre Valentine, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Concentrix Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

January 28, 2025

/s/ Andre Valentine

Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. § 1350**

We, Christopher Caldwell, the President and Chief Executive Officer of Concentrix Corporation (the “Company”), and Andre Valentine, the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify for the purposes of section 1350 of chapter 63 of title 18 of the United States Code, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of our knowledge:

(1) The Annual Report of the Company on Form 10-K for the period ended November 30, 2024 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: January 28, 2025

/s/ Christopher Caldwell

Christopher Caldwell
President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: January 28, 2025

/s/ Andre Valentine

Andre Valentine
Chief Financial Officer

The foregoing certification is being furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission as an exhibit to the Report. A signed original of this written statement has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.